

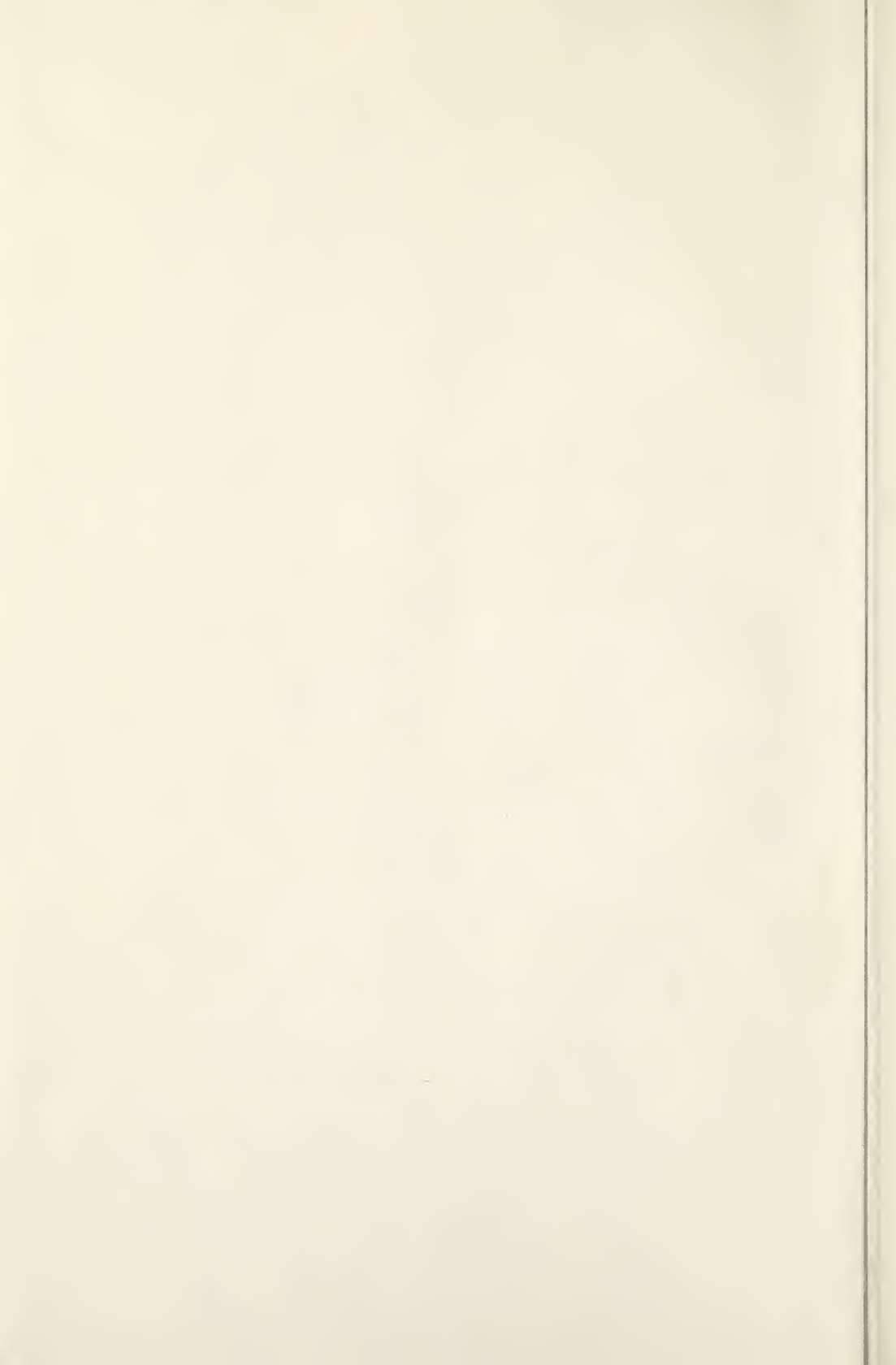
929.2
R33302r
13-14th
1904-05
L702575

REYNOLDS HISTORICAL
GENEALOGY COLLECTION

ALLEN COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY



3 1833 01423 1200





Digitized by the Internet Archive
in 2012

<http://archive.org/details/annualreunion00reyn>



13-14th
Thirteenth Annual Session

OF THE

Reynolds Family Association

HELD AT

Colonial Inn,

WEST HAVEN, CONN.

Thursday, August 19th, 1904.

1904-05



MIDDLETOWN, CONN.:
FELTON & KING, PRINTERS AND BOOKBINDERS.
1905.



E7.R34

1702575

Officers.

President.

GILES L. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Philadelphia, Pa.

Vice-Presidents.

JUDGE JOHN P. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Bristol, R. I.

JUDGE G. G. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Brooklyn, N. Y.

GEORGE W. GUARD, - - - - - Syracuse, N. Y.

EDWIN REYNOLDS, - - - - - Milwaukee, Wis.

WILSON C. REYNOLDS, - - - - - East Haddam, Conn.

H. C. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Scranton, Pa.

Chaplain.

REV. F. B. COLE, - - - - - Wickford, R. I.

Historian.

JUDGE JOHN P. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Bristol, R. I.

Assistant Historian.

HOWARD REYNOLDS, - - - 192 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

Secretary and Treasurer.

HOWARD I. REYNOLDS, - - - 1827 Tioga St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CONTENTS

CHAPTER I	1
CHAPTER II	15
CHAPTER III	31
CHAPTER IV	47
CHAPTER V	63
CHAPTER VI	79
CHAPTER VII	95
CHAPTER VIII	111
CHAPTER IX	127
CHAPTER X	143
CHAPTER XI	159
CHAPTER XII	175
CHAPTER XIII	191
CHAPTER XIV	207
CHAPTER XV	223
CHAPTER XVI	239
CHAPTER XVII	255
CHAPTER XVIII	271
CHAPTER XIX	287
CHAPTER XX	303
CHAPTER XXI	319
CHAPTER XXII	335
CHAPTER XXIII	351
CHAPTER XXIV	367
CHAPTER XXV	383
CHAPTER XXVI	399
CHAPTER XXVII	415
CHAPTER XXVIII	431
CHAPTER XXIX	447
CHAPTER XXX	463
CHAPTER XXXI	479
CHAPTER XXXII	495
CHAPTER XXXIII	511
CHAPTER XXXIV	527
CHAPTER XXXV	543
CHAPTER XXXVI	559
CHAPTER XXXVII	575
CHAPTER XXXVIII	591
CHAPTER XXXIX	607
CHAPTER XL	623
CHAPTER XLI	639
CHAPTER XLII	655
CHAPTER XLIII	671
CHAPTER XLIV	687
CHAPTER XLV	703
CHAPTER XLVI	719
CHAPTER XLVII	735
CHAPTER XLVIII	751
CHAPTER XLIX	767
CHAPTER L	783
CHAPTER LI	799
CHAPTER LII	815
CHAPTER LIII	831
CHAPTER LIV	847
CHAPTER LV	863
CHAPTER LVI	879
CHAPTER LVII	895
CHAPTER LVIII	911
CHAPTER LIX	927
CHAPTER LX	943
CHAPTER LXI	959
CHAPTER LXII	975
CHAPTER LXIII	991
CHAPTER LXIV	1007
CHAPTER LXV	1023
CHAPTER LXVI	1039
CHAPTER LXVII	1055
CHAPTER LXVIII	1071
CHAPTER LXIX	1087
CHAPTER LXX	1103
CHAPTER LXXI	1119
CHAPTER LXXII	1135
CHAPTER LXXIII	1151
CHAPTER LXXIV	1167
CHAPTER LXXV	1183
CHAPTER LXXVI	1199
CHAPTER LXXVII	1215
CHAPTER LXXVIII	1231
CHAPTER LXXIX	1247
CHAPTER LXXX	1263
CHAPTER LXXXI	1279
CHAPTER LXXXII	1295
CHAPTER LXXXIII	1311
CHAPTER LXXXIV	1327
CHAPTER LXXXV	1343
CHAPTER LXXXVI	1359
CHAPTER LXXXVII	1375
CHAPTER LXXXVIII	1391
CHAPTER LXXXIX	1407
CHAPTER LXXXX	1423
CHAPTER LXXXXI	1439
CHAPTER LXXXXII	1455
CHAPTER LXXXXIII	1471
CHAPTER LXXXXIV	1487
CHAPTER LXXXXV	1503
CHAPTER LXXXXVI	1519
CHAPTER LXXXXVII	1535
CHAPTER LXXXXVIII	1551
CHAPTER LXXXXIX	1567
CHAPTER LXXXXX	1583
CHAPTER LXXXXXI	1599
CHAPTER LXXXXXII	1615
CHAPTER LXXXXXIII	1631
CHAPTER LXXXXXIV	1647
CHAPTER LXXXXXV	1663
CHAPTER LXXXXXVI	1679
CHAPTER LXXXXXVII	1695
CHAPTER LXXXXXVIII	1711
CHAPTER LXXXXXIX	1727
CHAPTER LXXXXXX	1743
CHAPTER LXXXXXXI	1759
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	1775
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	1791
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	1807
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	1823
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	1839
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	1855
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	1871
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	1887
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	1903
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	1919
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	1935
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	1951
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	1967
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	1983
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	1999
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	2015
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	2031
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	2047
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	2063
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	2079
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	2095
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	2111
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	2127
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	2143
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	2159
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	2175
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	2191
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	2207
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	2223
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	2239
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	2255
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	2271
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	2287
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	2303
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	2319
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	2335
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	2351
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	2367
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	2383
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	2399
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	2415
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	2431
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	2447
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	2463
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	2479
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	2495
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	2511
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	2527
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	2543
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	2559
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	2575
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	2591
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	2607
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	2623
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	2639
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	2655
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	2671
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	2687
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	2703
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	2719
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	2735
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	2751
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	2767
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	2783
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	2799
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	2815
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	2831
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	2847
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	2863
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	2879
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	2895
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	2911
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	2927
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	2943
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	2959
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	2975
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	2991
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	3007
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	3023
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	3039
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	3055
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	3071
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	3087
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	3103
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	3119
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	3135
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	3151
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	3167
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	3183
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	3199
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	3215
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	3231
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	3247
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	3263
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	3279
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	3295
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	3311
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	3327
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	3343
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	3359
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	3375
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	3391
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	3407
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	3423
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	3439
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	3455
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	3471
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	3487
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	3503
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	3519
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	3535
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	3551
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	3567
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	3583
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	3599
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	3615
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	3631
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	3647
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	3663
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	3679
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	3695
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	3711
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	3727
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	3743
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	3759
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	3775
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	3791
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	3807
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	3823
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	3839
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	3855
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	3871
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	3887
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	3903
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	3919
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	3935
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	3951
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	3967
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	3983
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	3999
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	4015
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	4031
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	4047
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	4063
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	4079
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	4095
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	4111
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	4127
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	4143
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	4159
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	4175
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	4191
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	4207
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	4223
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	4239
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	4255
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	4271
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	4287
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	4303
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	4319
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	4335
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	4351
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	4367
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	4383
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	4399
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	4415
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	4431
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	4447
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	4463
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	4479
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	4495
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	4511
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	4527
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	4543
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	4559
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	4575
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	4591
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	4607
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	4623
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	4639
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	4655
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	4671
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	4687
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	4703
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	4719
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	4735
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	4751
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	4767
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	4783
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	4799
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	4815
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	4831
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	4847
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	4863
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	4879
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	4895
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	4911
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	4927
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	4943
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	4959
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	4975
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	4991
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	5007
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	5023
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	5039
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	5055
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	5071
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	5087
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	5103
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	5119
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	5135
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	5151
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	5167
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	5183
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	5199
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	5215
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	5231
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	5247
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	5263
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	5279
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	5295
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	5311
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	5327
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	5343
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	5359
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	5375
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	5391
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	5407
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	5423
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	5439
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	5455
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	5471
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	5487
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	5503
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	5519
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	5535
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	5551
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	5567
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	5583
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	5599
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	5615
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	5631
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	5647
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	5663
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	5679
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	5695
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	5711
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	5727
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	5743
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	5759
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	5775
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	5791
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	5807
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	5823
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	5839
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	5855
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	5871
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	5887
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	5903
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	5919
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	5935
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	5951
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	5967
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	5983
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	5999
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	6015
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	6031
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	6047
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	6063
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	6079
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	6095
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	6111
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	6127
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	6143
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	6159
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	6175
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	6191
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	6207
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	6223
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	6239
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	6255
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	6271
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	6287
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	6303
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	6319
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	6335
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	6351
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	6367
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	6383
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	6399
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	6415
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	6431
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	6447
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	6463
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	6479
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	6495
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	6511
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	6527
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	6543
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	6559
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	6575
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	6591
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	6607
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	6623
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	6639
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	6655
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	6671
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	6687
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	6703
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	6719
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	6735
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	6751
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	6767
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	6783
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	6799
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	6815
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	6831
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	6847
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	6863
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	6879
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	6895
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	6911
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	6927
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	6943
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	6959
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	6975
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	6991
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	7007
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	7023
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	7039
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	7055
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	7071
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	7087
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	7103
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	7119
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	7135
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	7151
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	7167
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	7183
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	7199
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	7215
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	7231
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	7247
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	7263
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	7279
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	7295
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	7311
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	7327
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	7343
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	7359
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	7375
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	7391
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	7407
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	7423
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	7439
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	7455
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	7471
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	7487
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	7503
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	7519
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	7535
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	7551
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	7567
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	7583
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	7599
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	7615
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	7631
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	7647
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	7663
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	7679
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	7695
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	7711
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	7727
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	7743
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	7759
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	7775
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	7791
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	7807
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	7823
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	7839
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	7855
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	7871
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	7887
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	7903
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	7919
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	7935
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	7951
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	7967
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	7983
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	7999
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	8015
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	8031
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	8047
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	8063
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	8079
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	8095
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	8111
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	8127
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	8143
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	8159
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	8175
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	8191
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	8207
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	8223
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	8239
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	8255
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	8271
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	8287
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	8303
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	8319
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	8335
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	8351
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	8367
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	8383
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	8399
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	8415
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	8431
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	8447
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	8463
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	8479
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	8495
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	8511
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	8527
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	8543
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	8559
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	8575
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	8591
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	8607
CHAPTER LXXXXXXX	8623
CHAPTER LXXXXXXXI	8639
CHAPTER LXXXXXXII	8655
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIII	8671
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIV	8687
CHAPTER LXXXXXXV	8703
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVI	8719
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVII	8735
CHAPTER LXXXXXXVIII	8751
CHAPTER LXXXXXXIX	8767

The Reynolds Family Association.

THE THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REUNION of the Reynolds Family Association was held at "Colonial Inn," West Haven, Conn., August 18th, 1904. The day was perfect and the place an ideal one for holding a family gathering. The attendance was not quite as large as usual owing to the fact that West Haven is rather inaccessible to members residing in eastern Connecticut and Massachusetts. However, the reunion was thoroughly enjoyable and quite successful.

The usual reception and welcome to members was held on the lawn overlooking Long Island Sound, prior to the business meeting which was called to order at 11:30 o'clock. The president first introduced Mr. J. F. Reynolds who gave the following address of welcome:

Address of Welcome

By Mr. J. F. Reynolds, of New Haven.

Ladies and Gentlemen, and Members of the Reynolds Family Association: It is needless to say you are all welcome here. Last year the meeting was over in Rhode Island and I believe all those present had a very enjoyable time, and I hope everybody will have a nice time here to-day. The weather and everything seems to be favorable, and it is needless to say that you are all welcome back to Connecticut again. I think that at a meeting of this kind instead of waiting for prolonged speeches or anything of that kind, we should get together and have a sociable talk, and then the time we are waiting for the historian will be more enjoyable than anything I can say. You are certainly all welcome and I hope you will have a nice time.

Minutes of the last meeting read by Mr. Howard I. Reynolds, Secretary.

Report of the secretary unanimously accepted.

The House of Representatives

1789-1800

1801-1810

1811-1820

1821-1830

1831-1840

1841-1850

1851-1860

1861-1870

1871-1880

1881-1890

1891-1900

1901-1910

1911-1920

1921-1930

1931-1940

1941-1950

1951-1960

Motion made and carried that above letter be referred to committee on publication of family history.

PRESIDENT: The committee appointed last year by the Chair in reference to the monument which was referred to, no member of the committee is here yet and I doubt if there is any member of that committee present to-day for the reason that Mr. Jonathan J. Reynolds, of Wickford, is quite an elderly gentleman and not able to go so far, and Mr. Joseph G. Reynolds has sent a letter saying he cannot be here, so I will ask the secretary to read the report as there is no member present to present it.

The subscribers, a committee appointed by the Reynolds Family Association at their annual meeting held at Bristol, R. I., on the 20th of August last, to whom was referred the proposition that a monument be erected to the memory of John Reynolds of Peter, respectfully report that its author, George W. Reynolds, of Minneapolis, having deceased, and no other especial interest in the matter been manifested, they respectfully recommend that no further action be taken in the matter.

JNO. J. REYNOLDS,	} Committee.
JOSEPH E. REYNOLDS,	
JOSEPH G. REYNOLDS,	

Wickford, R. I., Dec. 14, 1903.

MR. H. D. REYNOLDS: There are a number of us don't seem to know what the original motion was. Why was the monument to be erected and what was the procedure?

PRESIDENT: There may be time, and I presume as many were not present at the meeting last year who might be interested in this (although it is supposed that the members will gather from the reports, I understand your position that you haven't seen the report, being out of the state), as there is time to read this, it is a very excellent letter, and I will ask the secretary to read the letter presented last year so that all will have the benefit of it.

(Letter read by Mr. Howard I. Reynolds, Secretary.)

Report of the committee in reference to the monument accepted.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF KING CHARLES THE FIRST

IN WHICH ARE CONTAINED
THE
MOST IMPORTANT
EVENTS OF HIS REIGN
FROM THE BEGINNING OF HIS
MAYESTY'S REIGN
UNTIL HIS DEATH
IN THE YEAR 1649

BY
JOHN BURNET
BISHOP OF SALISBURY

LONDON

Printed by J. Streater, at the Sign of the Gun, in St. Dunstons Church-yard, near St. Dunstons Church, in the City of London.

1692

Printed by J. Streater, at the Sign of the Gun, in St. Dunstons Church-yard, near St. Dunstons Church, in the City of London.

Printed by J. Streater, at the Sign of the Gun, in St. Dunstons Church-yard, near St. Dunstons Church, in the City of London.

PRESIDENT: We have a communication from Mrs. Wight who was appointed assistant secretary two years ago. She sent another letter April 1st saying that she must positively resign, and while she knew no action could be taken until the annual meeting she said she was going from home and wished to have her resignation presented and accepted at this meeting; so I have her resignation here which she wishes to take effect at once, and a motion to accept the resignation of Mrs. Wight will be in order at this time.

Above motion made and carried.

PRESIDENT: Our company is now augmented somewhat by the arrival of Judge Reynolds. Judge, we have transacted some business here this morning that is of considerable interest to you as chairman of the committee on family history. We have a letter here that has been referred to your committee. We have another letter here that comes to us through a member of our association which contains some suggestions, and while we are waiting for our historian it may be well to read it. I will ask the secretary to read the letter which comes from Mr. George T. Reynolds, and the recommendation is from Mr. Howard Reynolds, of Boston. I will ask the secretary to read the letter as it is pertinent to the subject.

(Portion of letter read by Mr. Howard I. Reynolds, Secretary.)

PRESIDENT: This is not very definite. The idea is this: Mr. Howard Reynolds, of Boston, suggests that this and other letters similar to the one I have here, be treated through some channel by which these people can ascertain, if possible, as to their eligibility to membership. Here is one letter from Clinton, Ill. It reads like this: "Mr. Howard Reynolds, of Boston, has referred me to you for family lines, etc." Then the writer goes on to give certain of our ancestors but she does not know whether she is eligible to membership or not. I would say in this connection that I met Mr. Reynolds, of Boston, a short time ago and we tried to ascertain if there was some way by which a card record could be kept of members of

the various branches. That is, send cards to everyone we know. We have letters every week asking us to tell people "who they are" and it is very difficult to give information because many times they don't know their ancestors beyond their grandfather. It seemed to us that there might be some card system kept by which all of the branches could avail themselves of a general clearing house, so to speak, and in that way disseminate the news as it is collected by this agency. It would be considerable trouble to do it, but we have letters all the time coming in of this character. Many times we can tell or can give an answer that puts them in communication with some one else who can tell them from whom they are descended. I know that you have spent a good deal of time, and many times you would be able to give information that we could not secure any other way; but this letter that has been read, if it is the pleasure of the meeting, will be referred to the committee on family history the same as the other letters.

As our historian has not yet arrived perhaps it might be well to proceed with the business, going as far as we possibly can, because the day will slip off very rapidly.

I will call for the report of the committee on family history. Judge Reynolds, have you anything to report in regard to that? Each year this committee is continued and I suppose it would be well to continue it this year.

JUDGE J. P. REYNOLDS: We have had no meetings during the year so there is nothing to report.

PRESIDENT: The next, then, will be the election of officers for the ensuing year. What is your pleasure to do in regard to the manner of election of officers?

MEMBER: I nominate Mr. Giles Reynolds for president for the ensuing year.

Mr. Giles L. Reynolds, of Philadelphia, unanimously elected president.



Vice-presidents:

Judge John P. Reynolds, Bristol, R. I.
 Judge G. G. Reynolds, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Mr. George W. Guard, Syracuse, N. Y.
 Mr. Edwin Reynolds, Milwaukee, Wis.
 Mr. Wilson C. Reynolds, East Haddam, Conn.
 Mr. H. C. Reynolds, Scranton, Penn.

Chaplain:

Rev. F. B. Cole, Wickford, R. I.

Historian:

Judge John P. Reynolds, Bristol, R. I.

Assistant Historian:

Mr. Howard Reynolds, 192 Devonshire St., Boston,
 Mass.

Secretary and Treasurer:

Mr. Howard I. Reynolds, 1827 Tioga St., Phila-
 delphia, Penn.

Vote passed continuing the same committee on family history.

PRESIDENT: I think that disposes of the business with the exception of the historian's report.

MEMBER: I don't think any action has been taken on the death of Mary Reynolds Fosdick. I would suggest the Chair appoint a committee to draft a proper resolution of sympathy for the family, in acknowledgment of her great endeavors, as I understand she was the founder of the association, and it would seem to me it would be most befitting for appropriate resolutions to be passed at this meeting. I move a committee be appointed for that purpose.

Motion seconded.



PRESIDENT: If it is the sense of the meeting that the president nominate a committee for that purpose it will be so considered. The committee will be announced later. Our historian *pro tem* has undoubtedly prepared certain matter in reference to Mrs. Fosdick's work. I have a letter from him in regard to the matter. We are all disappointed in not having him here.

JUDGE J. P. REYNOLDS: How would it do to let that come in at the dinner?

PRESIDENT: It must come in that way, I think. That disposes of the business as far as I can see except the historian's report and of course he (Mr. Cole) expected to present something in regard to the resolution just offered.

Judge Reynolds has a suggestion to make in regard to the annual meeting that we hold from year to year.

JUDGE J. P. REYNOLDS: Mr. Chairman, I make it as a suggestion rather than as a motion, but it struck me that the president a number of times has asked advice as to the place of holding the next meeting, and I thought possibly it would be a good plan to do as other bodies of this kind sometimes do and appoint a committee at the present time to take the matter into consideration and to receive suggestions or invitations from anybody who is so inclined and report after the dinner and then a vote could be taken on it. In that way we would get the feeling of the members and it would save, it seems to me, the president a good deal of trouble, because I know he has been to a good deal of trouble heretofore to get the opinion of the members, and it is rather to take that burden away from him than to encroach on his honors at all.

PRESIDENT: Thank you for the suggestion. You have heard the remarks of Judge Reynolds. Will you appoint a committee to consider the matter and report later in the day? If so, now is the opportunity for doing so.

MEMBER: Move that such a committee be appointed by the Chair.

1. The first part of the report deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the general situation of the country and the progress of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

2. The second part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

3. The third part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

4. The fourth part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

5. The fifth part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

6. The sixth part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

7. The seventh part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

8. The eighth part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

9. The ninth part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

10. The tenth part of the report deals with the results of the work during the year. It is divided into two main sections: the first section deals with the results of the work during the year, and the second section deals with the results of the work during the year.

PRESIDENT: It seems to me it would be better to have a committee appointed that would come direct from the members.

JUDGE J. P. REYNOLDS: I think that would be better because I think the president should be chairman *ex officio*.

Motion made and carried that a committee consisting of Judge J. P. Reynolds, Mr. George A. Reynolds, of Hartford, and the president of the association be appointed to report later in the day concerning the meeting next year.

MR. GEORGE A. REYNOLDS: Before we adjourn for dinner I would like to make a motion. I move you, Mr. Chairman, that the thanks of the association be extended to Miss Celia M. Reynolds for the very beautiful poem which she has composed for this occasion and which appears on the third page of the program.

PRESIDENT: Miss Reynolds is with us to-day for the first time. I am very glad that she is here and she is going to read the poem a little later on. You have heard the motion.

Motion seconded and unanimously carried.

PRESIDENT: We are very much indebted to Miss Reynolds for what she has done, not only for to-day but in years past.

MISS C. M. REYNOLDS: I would like to say I am indebted to the association for the honor they have conferred on me in inviting me to write the poem annually.

Express Until After Dinner.

Addressers.

PRESIDENT: Before we commence the intellectual feast there are one or two items of business to be attended to. For the committee on resolutions respecting our late historian the Chair would name Judge G. G. Reynolds, Judge J. P. Reynolds and Rev. F. B. Cole. Judge Reynolds now will speak in reference to the committee appointed to consider the place of meeting next year.

JUDGE J. P. REYNOLDS: Mr. Chairman, for the committee appointed to recommend the place of holding the next meeting they agree unanimously in recommending New London for the reason that that seems to be a more central location, and it is also reported there are other hotels where we will be better served than the last time we were there.

PRESIDENT: For a number of years we have had a message from Miss Celia M. Reynolds who has never been able to be with us until to-day. We have Miss Reynolds present to-day, and she has kindly consented to read her poem at this time. I want you to hear her voice while she is here. She may not be able to stay until the exercises are all over and therefore we take this opportunity to present her.

At Meat Together.

How glad and bright these annual days—
Come clear or cloudy weather—
When we may turn from separate ways
And sit at meat together!

How eagerly our minds leap on
For one-another's greeting
Before the plodding weeks have gone
To bring our time of meeting!

How good the sight of those whom we
Find yearly in their places!
How sweet the blessed memory
Of dear and vanished faces!

While some remain and some depart—
Come clear or cloudy weather,
Present or absent, heart by heart
We sit at meat together.

PRESIDENT: The time is so short I am not going to take any time except to introduce our toastmaster, who will conduct the further exercises of the day. I want to introduce to you now Mr. George N. Reynolds, of Lancaster, Penn., who will conduct the exercises from this time on.

THE HISTORY OF THE

UNITED STATES

OF AMERICA
FROM THE FIRST DISCOVERY OF THE CONTINENT
TO THE PRESENT TIME
IN TWO VOLUMES
BY
JOHN F. JOHNSON

NEW YORK
PUBLISHED BY
JOHN F. JOHNSON
1854

THE HISTORY OF THE
UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA
FROM THE FIRST DISCOVERY OF THE CONTINENT
TO THE PRESENT TIME
IN TWO VOLUMES
BY
JOHN F. JOHNSON

NEW YORK
PUBLISHED BY
JOHN F. JOHNSON
1854

THE HISTORY OF THE
UNITED STATES
OF AMERICA
FROM THE FIRST DISCOVERY OF THE CONTINENT
TO THE PRESENT TIME
IN TWO VOLUMES
BY
JOHN F. JOHNSON

Mr. George N. Reynolds.

Mr. President, Ladies and Gentlemen: When I received a letter from our worthy president informing me that he wished me to act as toast-master of this dinner, my first thought was that he had gotten the Georges mixed and that the letter was really intended for George A., of Hartford, who has so often filled this position with so much grace and humor, or for Hon. George G., of Brooklyn, who has in the past addressed us with words full of wisdom, drawn from his well trained judicial mind, or for George W., of Minneapolis, or for George H., of Mansfield, or Dr. George B., of Baltimore; but the letter was most clearly written to George N., of Lancaster, and I then made up my mind that he had heard the old story of the small boy who was sent by his good mother to the barn to set the old speckled hen. Upon his return he told his mother that he had set the hen upon two dozen eggs. "Why," said his mother, "you do not expect her to hatch two dozen, do you?" "No," said he, "but I just wanted to see the darned old thing spread herself."

I really think this was the set up job President Giles L. had in his mind.

Now, unfortunately, I cannot spread myself, but I can tell you how much I enjoy being with you all again and in this dear old New England. These annual gatherings of us, who are children of a common ancestor, are not only very pleasant in our meeting again face to face, exchanging the warm grasp of the hand and the brotherly chat, but it also does us real good to recall to our minds the histories of our pilgrim and Puritan ancestors who did so much for this fair land we love so much—these United States of America of which we are so proud.

Those old Puritans were stern and cold in their views on many matters. With them life and religion were very serious subjects. It was a man's bounden duty to fear God and to belong to the church and to be a good law-abiding citizen. His doing these things was no especial credit to him. He was not to be thanked or praised for doing what was simply his duty, but such stern ideas made the men and the women who laid the foundations of our New England commonwealths, and I often think that, if we had more of their strict sense of duty we would not now be bothered with the bulk of the ills from which the body politic is now suffering.

Still, our forefathers with all their good qualities sometimes carried their stern ideas too far. For instance, you may have heard of the old Puritan Jeremiah, who popped the all-important question in this way: He mounted his horse and rode to the fair maiden's cottage, knocked at the door, and when the pretty girl answered the knock he said to her, "Susannah, the Lord has sent me to marry thee." "The Lord's will be done," meekly said the maiden, and there was the end of their courting. How vastly more delicate was the then Philadelphia Quaker style. Jonathan said to Eliza, "Dost thou love me?" "Why, of course, are we not commanded to love everybody?" "No, but dost thee regard

me with that peculiar affection the world calls love?" "Well, Jonathan, my heart is an erring one, I have tried to do my duty by everybody, but I have long thought that thee was getting more than thy share."

You must excuse me for I am forgetting that I am simply the toast-master and not one of the speakers. If I were home just now some friend would arise and ask me if I remembered the story of the undertaker who had a funeral in a Lancaster County village church. The good preacher was dry and long winded, and when he began on the funeral sermon he preached and he preached and he preached until finally the nervous undertaker whispered to the deacon and asked him how much longer the parson would preach. "Well," said the deacon, "he has taken a great text, 'The Resurrection' and it will take him a long time to exhaust that." "Ah, well!" sighed the poor undertaker, "if he does not finish soon the angel Gabriel will be blowing his horn before I can get this corpse in the ground."

I am sorry to say that Mr. Campbell will not be with us. He expected to be here and promised our president he would be here, but for some reason he will not, so we will miss that pleasure.

We have in our State of Pennsylvania a county which is quite famous. It is called Delaware County, and when its founders came to locate its county seat they did it in a very peculiar manner; they took a map of the new county, which is nearly square, and with a ruler drew a line from corner to corner and where the X is crossed they laid out the county seat. It happened to be on a farm some miles from any town. This new county seat they called Media; i. e., the center of the county. Now, Media, while it became a very pretty and well built town, has always been very famous for its politicians, whose fame has spread all over Pennsylvania, and whose shrewdness cannot be excelled by any in that land of keen politicians. One of the brightest of them, Mr. Tom Cooper, is known everywhere as the "red headed and hopeful." It is also famed among us for its lawyers. Its bar has always had very strong men, and among the ablest and most highly respected of its present members is the Hon. J. T. Reynolds, whom I have the pleasure to introduce to you as our next speaker.

J. T. Reynolds, Esq.

My fellow Kinsmen:—At the reunion three years ago I was addressed as "Honorable." I protested against the use of the title as referring to me. To-day I appear, according to the program, as "Judge." I do not know just who is responsible for this. It was intended, no doubt, as a compliment, but there is really no warrant whatever for the use of either form of address. I am simply plain John T. Reynolds, of the tribe of Henry of Chichester.

I am much pleased to be present on this occasion. I have very pleasant recollections of the last reunion I attended, three years ago. I am glad that during those years the interest in the association has been at least fully maintained, of which fact your presence here is the best

NAME	AGE	SEX	DATE	PLACE	REMARKS
1. J. H. Smith	45	M	10/1/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/15/18.
2. W. B. Jones	32	M	10/2/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/16/18.
3. M. L. Brown	28	F	10/3/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/17/18.
4. R. T. White	55	M	10/4/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/18/18.
5. S. K. Green	22	F	10/5/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/19/18.
6. P. Q. Black	40	M	10/6/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/20/18.
7. L. M. Gray	38	F	10/7/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/21/18.
8. N. O. Blue	50	M	10/8/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/22/18.
9. A. C. Red	30	F	10/9/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/23/18.
10. D. E. Yellow	42	M	10/10/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/24/18.
11. F. G. Purple	25	F	10/11/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/25/18.
12. H. I. Pink	58	M	10/12/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/26/18.
13. J. K. Orange	35	F	10/13/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/27/18.
14. L. M. Green	48	M	10/14/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/28/18.
15. N. O. Blue	27	F	10/15/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/29/18.
16. P. Q. Black	52	M	10/16/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/30/18.
17. R. T. White	33	F	10/17/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 10/31/18.
18. S. K. Green	47	M	10/18/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/1/18.
19. T. L. Brown	29	F	10/19/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/2/18.
20. U. V. Gray	54	M	10/20/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/3/18.

APPENDIX

NAME	AGE	SEX	DATE	PLACE	REMARKS
21. W. B. Jones	32	M	10/21/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/4/18.
22. M. L. Brown	28	F	10/22/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/5/18.
23. R. T. White	55	M	10/23/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/6/18.
24. S. K. Green	22	F	10/24/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/7/18.
25. P. Q. Black	40	M	10/25/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/8/18.
26. L. M. Gray	38	F	10/26/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/9/18.
27. N. O. Blue	50	M	10/27/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/10/18.
28. A. C. Red	30	F	10/28/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/11/18.
29. D. E. Yellow	42	M	10/29/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/12/18.
30. F. G. Purple	25	F	10/30/18	Chicago	Admitted to hospital, died 11/13/18.

evidence. Before me are friends and acquaintances of former years. Others I meet to-day for the first time. The old and the new—I am glad to see and greet you all.

You are gathered here to-day, like the members of a widely scattered family, under a common roof-tree, to exchange kindly greetings with kinsmen and friends. You are here from various states and localities and represent almost as many vocations. The merchant has left his ledgers; the banker his money and securities; the smith his forge; the farmer his plough; the lawyer his "digests of undigested lore;" the doctor his physics; the parson and the judge—each and all moved by the feelings and impulses of a common brotherhood. Our lives are, in good part, either a struggle for existence itself, or else a race for wealth and honors. The competition is sharp, and to succeed we think it necessary to be on the alert always. We have no time for anything that does not relate directly to ourselves, or to matters in which we have a strong personal interest. We are too busy; the days are too short; we have no time for side issues. It is gratifying, therefore, that you, ignoring the claims of business, and disregarding considerations of convenience, have stepped aside from the beaten track of your lives and in a spirit of goodwill and fellowship have assembled here in goodly number to say and do whatever you can to advance the interests of our organization, and to celebrate, in a rational manner, its thirteenth birthday. From this and all similar occasions must come much pleasure and benefit. For the time at least we forget our own selfish interests, and let into our hearts and minds only kind and generous thoughts. Hence I congratulate you that you have so assembled and under such pleasant circumstances and surroundings.

And while this is an occasion of gladness, yet is our joy shadowed by the absence of her who was ready always to give glad welcome to every one, and who, though present at our last meeting, now sleeps

"beneath the low green tent
Whose curtain never outward swings."

We miss her, and even time, the great healer, will scarcely suffice to fill the void in our minds and hearts. It is not my province to speak at length of our late lamented secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Mary Reynolds Fosdick. What she was to the association cannot be over-estimated. From its inception it was her almost constant thought. No matter how onerous and burdensome the duties were she undertook them willingly and performed them faithfully. Her loss will be long and keenly felt. What she was to her friends, and those who knew her, any words of mine would but poorly tell. Her life was a benediction and her death a triumph. Loyal to the association; untiring in her work connected therewith; helpful in every way in which she could help and aid; constantly thoughtful of others; unselfish, modest, and gentle—all of these, and more, were the attributes of her life and character. An example most worthy indeed of emulation.

Published Weekly, Except on Sundays, Holidays, and Days When the Office is Closed for Business

Subscription Price, \$5.00 per Annum in Advance. Single Copies, 15 Cents

Entered as Second-Class Matter, May 2, 1902, under Post Office No. 392, at Chicago, Ill., under special agreement of Post Office and General Office

Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on July 1, 1920

Postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing offices

Copyright, 1920, by American Medical Association

Printed at the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Subscription orders, notices, and correspondence should be sent to the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Claims for missing issues will be considered only when made immediately on receipt of subsequent issue

Entered as Second-Class Matter, May 2, 1902, under Post Office No. 392, at Chicago, Ill., under special agreement of Post Office and General Office

Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on July 1, 1920

Postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing offices

Copyright, 1920, by American Medical Association

Printed at the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Subscription orders, notices, and correspondence should be sent to the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

I have but little to present that is new in a genealogical way. Within the last year I have had some very pleasant correspondence, having had letters from Mr. S. P. Reynolds, a lumber merchant of Caruthersville, Mo., his inquiries being especially directed to the dispersion of the children of Henry, son of Henry of Chichester, and whom it is believed emigrated from Nottingham, Penn., to the south and west. He is still pursuing his investigations, and I dare say we shall again hear from him later. He it was who suggested that this anniversary be held at St. Louis, during the exposition. Also from J. I. Reynolds, who is the president of the Reynolds-Holmes Realty Co., of Kansas City, Mo., making inquiry as would indicate the thought in his mind that he was, possibly, a descendant of Henry of Chichester. Mrs. Margaret Reynolds Gorsline, of Randolph, N. Y., who is of the tribe of Henry, is always much interested in anything relating to the family, and is a very pleasant correspondent. Mr. William S. Reynolds, of East Orange, N. J., who was poet, author, journalist, and artist, and whose death a year ago in the very zenith of a remarkable and successful life was so universally deplored, was a brother of Mrs. Gorsline. I was pleased to have also a very pleasant letter from Mr. Lewis G. Reynolds, of Dayton, O., the founder of "The Carnation League of America," established in honor of our late beloved President McKinley. In contrast with these communications I may say that I received also from a member of the Reynolds family, and who is a prominent official in an important corporation in the State of New York (I do not care to identify him more particularly) in which he says, "I beg to acknowledge receipt of your favor of the 5th inst., and in reply will say that I am not much interested in the pedigree of myself, or anyone else. I have, however, referred your letter to my father who may be interested in corresponding with you." Some months having elapsed, and having heard nothing from the father of my correspondent, I take it for granted he is not "interested in corresponding" with me. Believing that any man who is not interested in his own family would not prove a very interesting and profitable acquaintance, the incident, as far as I am concerned, is closed.

I would do violence to my own feelings if I did not refer to-day to our esteemed and honored member, Judge George G. Reynolds, of Brooklyn, N. Y., now in his eighty-fourth year, and whose sixtieth year at the bar was celebrated recently by a dinner given in his honor by the bar Association of Brooklyn. It was a remarkable occasion, when the bench and bar vied with each other in doing honor to their honored guest. It was, I say, a remarkable assemblage, and of it all the most remarkable was Judge Reynolds himself.

One thought more and I have done. For the once I am in favor of expansion. I believe that the usefulness of the association would be much augmented by increasing its membership and extending its territorial limits. This, it seems to me, is manifestly apparent. And, as a means to an end, I would suggest that each of us try, between now and next year, to secure at least one new member and report the result at the anniversary in 1905, setting out, if possible, the genealogical line or

Date		Description		Amount	
1890	Jan 1	Balance		100.00	
	Feb 1	Interest		5.00	
	Mar 1	Interest		5.00	
	Apr 1	Interest		5.00	
	May 1	Interest		5.00	
	Jun 1	Interest		5.00	
	Jul 1	Interest		5.00	
	Aug 1	Interest		5.00	
	Sep 1	Interest		5.00	
	Oct 1	Interest		5.00	
	Nov 1	Interest		5.00	
	Dec 1	Interest		5.00	
1891	Jan 1	Balance		100.00	
	Feb 1	Interest		5.00	
	Mar 1	Interest		5.00	
	Apr 1	Interest		5.00	
	May 1	Interest		5.00	
	Jun 1	Interest		5.00	
	Jul 1	Interest		5.00	
	Aug 1	Interest		5.00	
	Sep 1	Interest		5.00	
	Oct 1	Interest		5.00	
	Nov 1	Interest		5.00	
	Dec 1	Interest		5.00	
1892	Jan 1	Balance		100.00	
	Feb 1	Interest		5.00	
	Mar 1	Interest		5.00	
	Apr 1	Interest		5.00	
	May 1	Interest		5.00	
	Jun 1	Interest		5.00	
	Jul 1	Interest		5.00	
	Aug 1	Interest		5.00	
	Sep 1	Interest		5.00	
	Oct 1	Interest		5.00	
	Nov 1	Interest		5.00	
	Dec 1	Interest		5.00	
1893	Jan 1	Balance		100.00	
	Feb 1	Interest		5.00	
	Mar 1	Interest		5.00	
	Apr 1	Interest		5.00	
	May 1	Interest		5.00	
	Jun 1	Interest		5.00	
	Jul 1	Interest		5.00	
	Aug 1	Interest		5.00	
	Sep 1	Interest		5.00	
	Oct 1	Interest		5.00	
	Nov 1	Interest		5.00	
	Dec 1	Interest		5.00	

branch to which the new accession to our ranks belongs. If we will do this and continue to do so for a few years the number of our members will have been so increased that, by comparison, Dowie's army, even, would scarcely be more than a corporal's guard.

It is hardly likely that we all shall meet again, but whatever the future may have in store for us, the recollection of this day cannot be other than a happy memory.

May the Reynolds Family Association grow and prosper. May it be of the highest type of kindred fellowship, and may every member have always a justifiable pride in the name we bear. And in the words of Tiny Tim, "God bless us every one."

I thank you for your kind attention.

TOASTMASTER: We have all enjoyed the time in which Judge Reynolds has been speaking.

We are meeting now very near the old Yale College and we will now listen to a few words from one of its students, Mr. Harry W. Reynolds.

Mr. Harry W. Reynolds.

Mr. Toastmaster, and Members of the Reynolds Family Association:— There is a popular song that runs along in a light, rollicking tune to words like these: "The man behind, the man behind, it's always best to be the man behind!" The toastmaster, before dinner, confidently asserted that he was going to call on me, as a sort of junior auxiliary, for a few remarks, yet as time went on and my position seemed safer and safer, I felt myself repeating almost mechanically the lines of this song "it's always best to be the man behind!" I have experienced exactly the same sensation before in the class room with the professor coming straight down along the line and I with no lesson prepared; in such cases it is customary to make a good bluff, and I am going to cut clear of that comfortless song and try it here.

We have always had good speeches at our annual gathering from men well qualified because of their experience in public affairs and those of to-day have been no exception. I appreciate, therefore, all the more this privilege you have given me of addressing you, and I am going to take the opportunity of showing you, as your toastmaster suggested, that the junior auxiliary of the Reynolds Association is ready to take up the next relay. We have been a little bit slow, I admit, in coming up to the mark. Perhaps one might say of us as an old farmer up our way did of his pair of horses. He was giving a stranger a lift over the rough sandy hills that we have up there and the stranger casually remarked, "Pretty willing team you have there." "Yaas," my friend slowly drawled, "they're willin'; nigh one's willin' to work and th' off one's willin' to let him."

The first part of the book is devoted to a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time. It is divided into three parts: the first part contains a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time; the second part contains a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time; the third part contains a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time.

THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

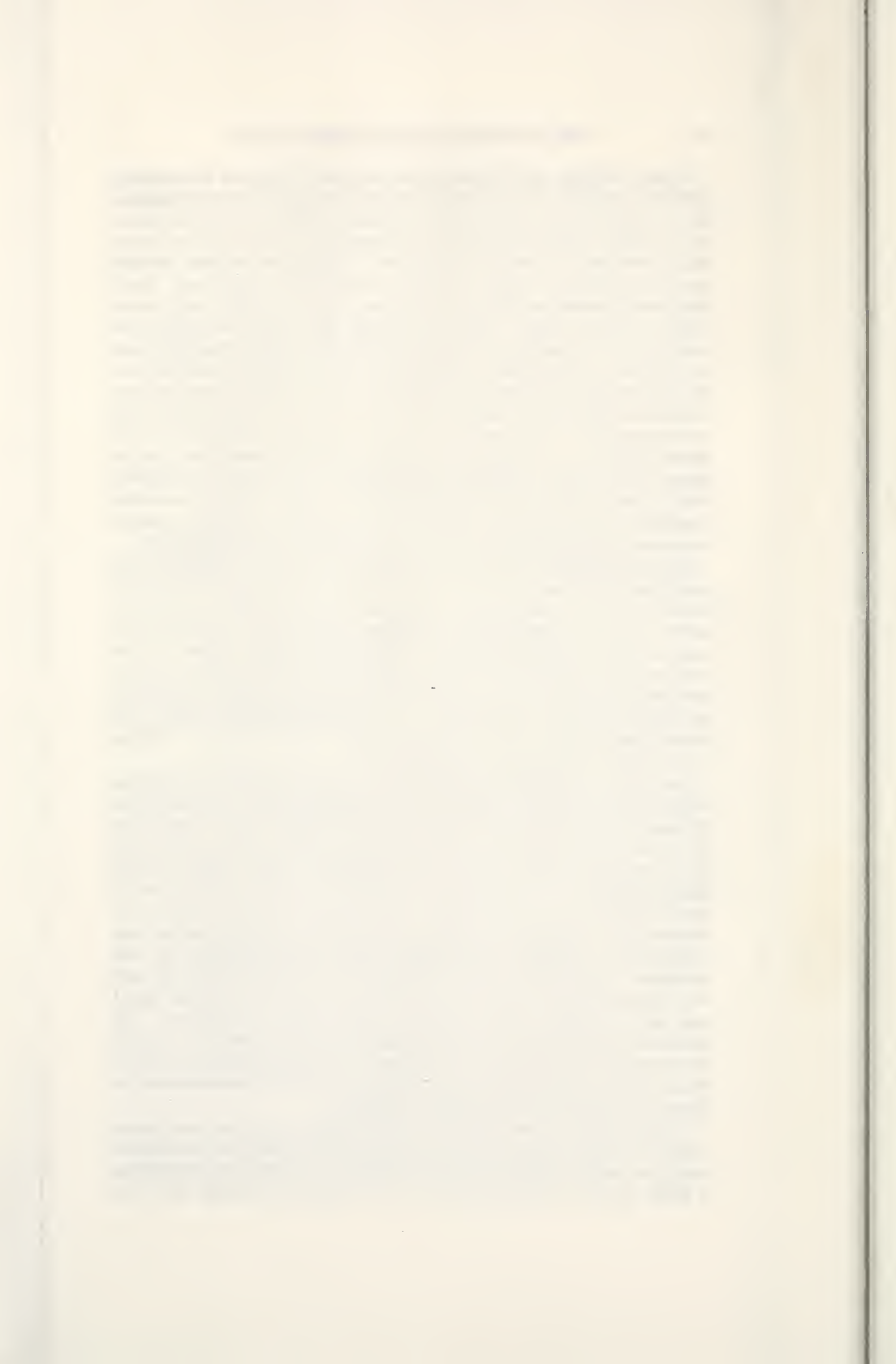
The second part of the book is devoted to a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time. It is divided into three parts: the first part contains a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time; the second part contains a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time; the third part contains a general history of the United States from the discovery of the continent to the present time.

I query whether this privilege that has been given me of speaking to-day is not a sort of reward for my constant attendance at every gathering. I have driven, gone by train and one hot sultry morning I remember I "biked" thirty odd miles to increase the roll-call at the fourth annual meeting at Crescent Beach, Conn. Let no one say they suspect that I was probably "took" in those days because it wasn't so. Anybody who attended the gatherings at those early meetings would never think of such a thing. We young people were really the life of the association. We had a table all to ourselves much bigger than the others and certainly much busier. And this leads me to a more serious thought. Since those early meetings the association has broadened out, its purposes have become more definite and everything has been made much more systematic. On account of this and on account of the efforts of our efficient officers, our membership roll has vastly increased; but the increase, I fear, is not reflected in the table for the younger members. And I think that it is the duty, the duty of the younger members especially, to get busy and see that this is remedied so that in a year or two extra accommodations will have to be made for us young people.

Harry D. Reynolds—Harry Deer (the Deer that made Alaska famous) asked me how it was that they settled on the meeting place each year. I told him that I understood that the president or the secretary sat down before a map of Connecticut's coast-line with a pencil, shut his eyes, made a mark and that was "it." Last year his hand slipped and we went over to Rhode Island and very fortunately, I think: this year his hand slipped the other way and we are going to New London. It makes me think of Dickens' "Little Joe:" "I'm always a movin' on Sir; I've always been a movin' on and a movin' on ever since I was born. Where can I possibly move to more'n I do move?"

Last winter, one dull dreary day I was in the college library with the table before me literally heaped with old books, records and pamphlets, all dust-covered and plainly bearing evidence of their age. One of my room-mates strayed in and catching a glimpse of this unusual sight, came to my shoulder, peered long and thoughtfully at this musty pile and finally ejaculated, "If you think you can throw together an essay out of that rubbish you must be crazy." He had seen English church and court records, land grants, histories and deeds galore and he was certainly nonplussed. Of course I had to explain that I was looking up my lost ancestors. The material that I had there was certainly of the best and very interesting even to a novice and I have often since wished that I had had somebody who understood such a search to guide me. My efforts, however, were not entirely without practical results. A friend of mine was spurred on to such an extent by our splendid report that he began looking up his family tree and he had splendid success—due indirectly of course to the Reynolds Association.

I wish we knew more about those early pilgrims that bore our name. I think it would prove an inspiration especially to the younger generation of us could we find out more about their experiences and hardships. I could never be content to stop on the trail even though the scent



seemed to be entirely lost, for if a suspicion of the trail exists across a trifling stream or gap then surely we ought to detect the intervening steps, however defaced or concealed. And next August, I am sure, the scent will lead all of us and lots of others of our kinsmen to the president's pencilled spot—New London—and from there we shall let our historian guide us back over some new gaps and chasms. And mark, every one of you, the junior association is hot on the trail!

Judge J. H. Reynolds.

Mr. Toastmaster, and Members of the Reynolds Family Association:—
I think it is hardly fair to call upon me to-day for several reasons. In the first place, I was given to understand a while ago that we were to have two or three great men here to-day to do the speaking, so I was looking forward to it with a good deal of pleasure. The name that he read over sounded all right but it seems that he is not here. Now whether it is in consequence of that that I am put in here to try to take his place or not, I don't know. Four years ago at New London we had a number of very interesting speeches and not the least by any means was one by our honored toastmaster. The following year we were here in New Haven and I was appointed toastmaster. I made out my list of speakers and said, "Now we will have some very good speeches." There were one or two upon whom I first called, then I came to George N. Reynolds. I looked where he had been sitting and there was nobody there, but I just saw the end of a coat tail passing out of the door. Now after serving me that trick when I was toastmaster, I think it is hardly fair for him to call upon me.

There is one thing that I did not expect to say anything about to-day, but as the person who was expected to be here (Mr. Cole) has not come I feel that I ought to say a few words. Perhaps it would be better to leave it with what the gentleman from Media has said, but I must say it was with a feeling of great sadness that I came here to-day. I felt that there would be a void here and I know that all feel it. I well recollect the first Reynolds reunion that I attended. I have told you before about my misgivings at that time. One year I thought I would come and then gave it up, and then the next year I accepted the invitation, but as the time drew near I hesitated and said, "Well, the name is all right but I don't know what kind of people they are." But as the day came I said, "I have accepted and I must go." I did so, and I well remember as I left the station and walked over towards the hotel my eyes fell on a sweet, lovely face, who was greeting people as they came along. Immediately I said, "I made no mistake. If that lady is a member of the Reynolds Association I know this is a place it will be good to be." And I was not mistaken. It is not necessary for me to say that that was Mrs. Fosdick, and such a welcome as she gave me that time I have never forgotten, and from that day on I have never wanted to miss a reunion, if for nothing else than for the pleasure of seeing her again. But that can never happen again, and we all know what a severe loss it is to us. Out-

side of her charming character we know what she has done for this association. As stated before it was through her that the organization first came into existence, and we know the interesting historical reports she has given us year after year.

I know there are several more whom we wish to hear, and I came here not prepared to speak to-day and I feel that the time is drawing to a close. We are getting uneasy and in order that the rest may have a chance I close.

TOASTMASTER: He said he had to settle an account with me. He settled the account. We will call it square now.

We have in our association a number of men called "The Georges." Now I am one of the Georges myself, but I want to have the George who can speak talk to you. Mr. George A., of Hartford, will speak to you. He can talk first-rate.

Mr. George A. Reynolds.

I imagined that the toastmaster knew me better than to make that last statement. I will detain you but a moment. The gentleman from Media said that he was addressed as "The Honorable" and "The Judge" when in reality he was quite beneath such a high title. A few years ago, at Savin Rock, near by here, being somewhat interested in fire department matters, I was invited to attend a function of the chief engineers, or rather of international chief engineers of various departments, and I was called upon to speak. I was introduced by the toastmaster as "Fire Commissioner Reynolds, of Hartford." Of course I felt very proud to be introduced as a fire commissioner and I thanked him for the distinguished honor, but I said "as a matter of fact I am not a fire commissioner, but have a much better job. I am the clerk of the board of fire commissioners and I get a salary for my work, whereas the commissioners get nothing but glory." It is needless for me to say that I am very pleased to be here to-day. I have been quite irregular of late in my attendance at the reunions of our family on account of the illness of my wife who was taken from me last March, but I enjoy the occasions very much and I feel that they do me good. The Reynoldses are a pretty good lot of people—I find that out—and especially if they belong to our kind of the Reynolds. You know it is a kind of Yankee expression when you say you feel "smart," that is to say you feel proud, and so I always feel when I start out for these reunions of ours. I always feel "smart," you know, because I am in with such a lot of smart people. It seems every time I attend one that I go away feeling smarter, and I am afraid that if I continue to attend them year after year, I will feel so awfully smart that I will be very poor company for a whole lot of people with whom I come constantly in contact. However, I shall try to attend as often as I can and I hope we may all live to meet each other at New London next year.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY
1207 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILL. 60637
TEL: 773-936-5000
FAX: 773-936-5001
WWW.CHICAGO.LIBRARY.EDU

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY
1207 EAST 58TH STREET
CHICAGO, ILL. 60637
TEL: 773-936-5000
FAX: 773-936-5001
WWW.CHICAGO.LIBRARY.EDU

It is certainly a pleasure to meet you all at least once a year and be able to enjoy your society if only for a brief period.

I thank you very much and regret having taken so much of your time, a feeling which I presume you all share with me.

TOASTMASTER: Now you have heard from the bar, from the bench, you have heard from the clerk of the court, now you will hear from the medical profession. Dr. Warren U. Reynolds.

Dr. Warren U. Reynolds.

I thank you, Mr. Toastmaster. I am not accustomed to making after-dinner speeches, but I must say that it pleases me very much indeed to be a member of this association. The judge in speaking of his reception by Mrs. Fosdick recalls my reception by her. I have always remembered her ever since and I feel very sorry that she has left us. My first visit here was exceedingly pleasant. Although I have been unaccustomed to making a speech they called on me to open the affair and of course I didn't do anything. But I can only say now that I am exceedingly pleased, and should be, to be a member of this association.

TOASTMASTER: We enjoy having you with us very much indeed. There is one idea brought out by Mr. Reynolds, of Media, about expansion, to increase our membership and branch out. We have with us to-day one of our members who has been in Alaska, to tell us about our chances in Alaska of expansion of the association.

Harry Derr Reynolds.

Mr. Toastmaster and Kinsmen:—It has been my misfortune to miss the last two family reunions. I have regretted it very much, but my time and energies have been devoted to Alaska where my life work is to be. Expansion has only begun in that great country and I think very few of us have any conception of its enormous size and natural wealth. Alaska is as large as the United States east of the Mississippi—six hundred thousand square miles of territory. There are only thirty thousand white people up there, yet so great are the country's resources that its production of wealth, per capita, is already the largest in the world. One hundred millions in gold alone in the past six years and the salmon fisheries yield over nine millions a year.

You imagine, as we learned in the old school books, that Alaska is a place of snow and icebergs but it is not anything of the kind. The finest climate anywhere in this country we find in Alaska—and I have been in

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

of the

every corner of the United States. Vegetables of enormous size grow there because all through five months of summer we have almost continuous sunlight. This is a fact not generally taken into consideration. The soil is very pure, very rich, and everything grows in it very well, indeed; and then the air is unusually bracing and healthful for the reason that there is almost entire absence of moisture. Moisture is caused, so the scientists tell us, by minute particles of dust held in atmospheric suspension and the dust holds the moisture. There is absolutely no dust in Alaska. The whole country is covered over with a moss and glacial formation, or moraine, consequently there is no dust blowing around.

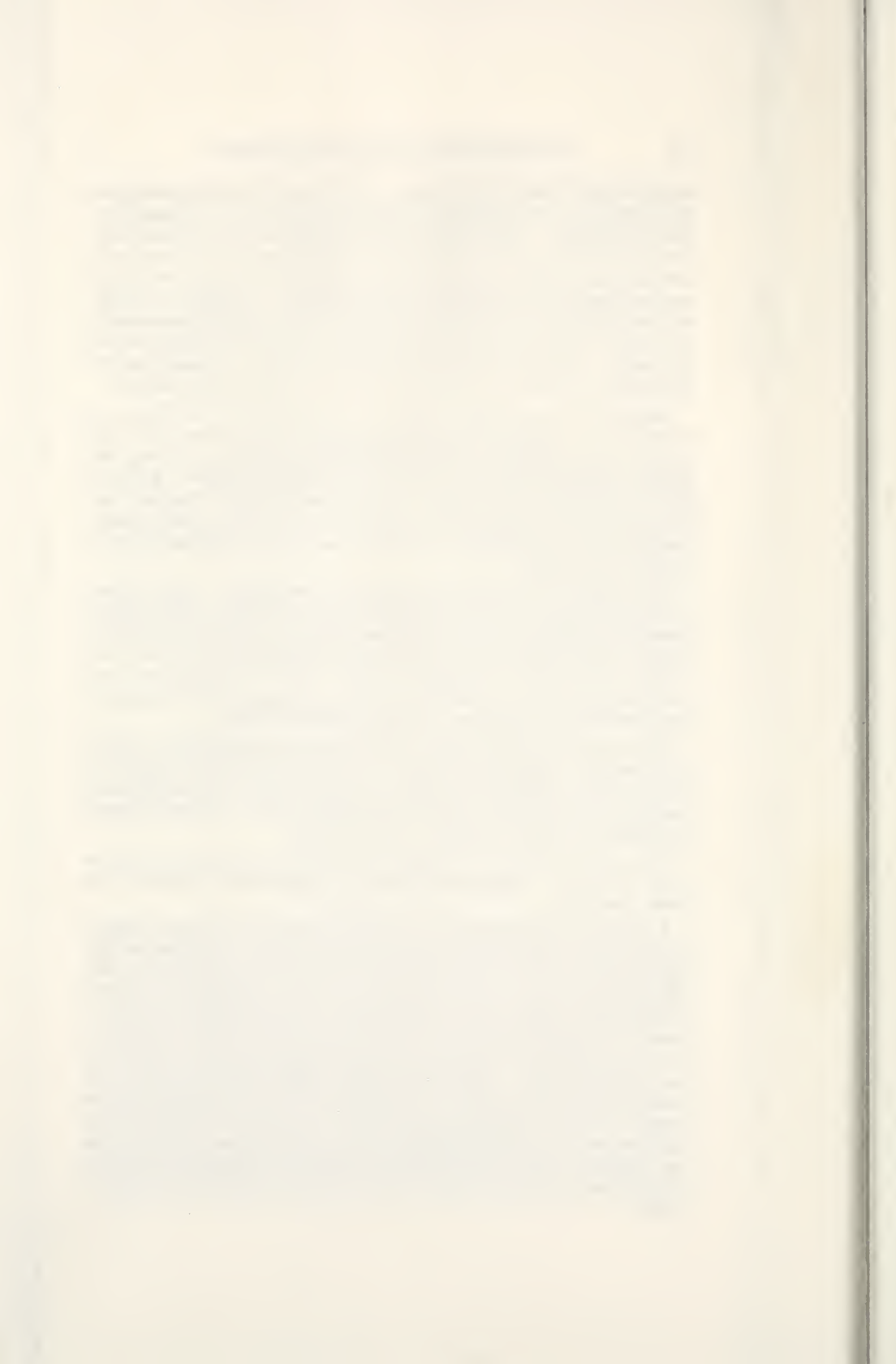
Logically, it is an ideal climate for consumptives. The Mayor of Valdez was condemned to die of consumption and went there in '98. He is now a man weighing two hundred and fifty pounds, a strapping big fellow, a member of the bar, and a very successful member. He is in perfect health and has not had a day's sickness in years. The same can be said of many others whom I know. The country is marvelously healthful and invigorating. Of all the two hundred children born in Nome, not one died.

Now Alaska is one thousand miles nearer the Orient. I was at New London the other day and visited those great northern steamships of twenty-two thousand, five hundred tons burden. They are to run to the Orient from Seattle, Wash., and in taking the shortest route will come within a few miles of the Alaskan shores. That is one point that will aid eventually in the upbuilding of Alaska because it will be a very short step over to coal there. Oriental trade will follow.

There is coal in Alaska, good coal and enormous deposits of it. Oil has also been discovered and the copper of Alaska is much richer than ores in the States. Wonderful growth of finest timber has hardly been touched. These factors insure the industrial future. Alaska is truly the country for the wide-awake "Expansionists."

You have spoken here of what the Reynoldses have done in by-gone days. Well, I am very glad that they were good people; that they were good, clean men.

I don't care whether they were Dukes or Earls or not, but what I want to know is that they were honest, capable men. I noticed a little item recently in the *Saturday Evening Post*, speaking of ancestors. We trace up our ancestor. If he is a man of eminence, we are apt to be very proud of him; if he is a man better than we, we are proud of it when we should be ashamed of the fact; and on the other hand, if he is a man beneath us in ability or attainments, we are ashamed of him. We should be just the reverse. Certainly every generation should advance. Our young kinsman here, Harry W. Reynolds, of Yale, made a remarkable speech. It was a wonderful speech for a young man. He shows in his intellect and in his self-possession, what the Reynoldses of the future are going to be and we can be proud of him, and we ought to be proud of the present members of the Reynolds family, especially those who do things.



Edwin Reynolds, of Milwaukee, one of our vice-presidents, was the originator of the high speed Corliss engine. He is one of the greatest living engineers, recognized the world over. He was one of the famous "Captains of Industry." Then take the Borough Park Company, there in New York, which has been one of the greatest successes of its kind. It was almost wholly the work of William H. Reynolds, of Brooklyn, who has since established so successfully "Dreamland" at Coney Island.

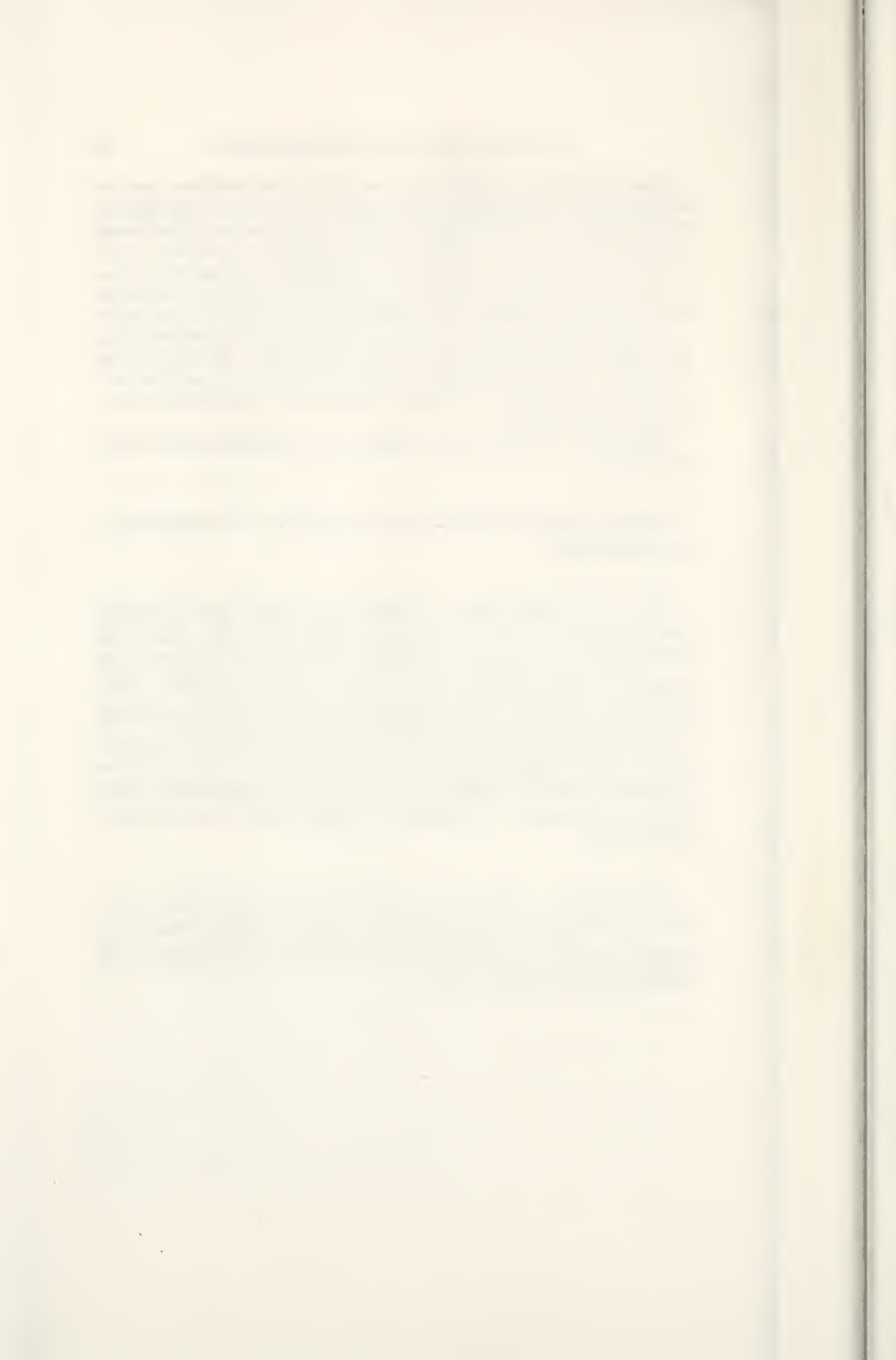
We have another Reynolds out in Colorado, doing worth-while things. He is one of the strongest men in mining in that state. Edwin Reynolds, of Boston, is one of the greatest surgeons in this country, and we have many others of judicial and executive ability in our age and generation, all men to be proud of.

I am glad to be with you and I thank you very much for your courteous attention.

TOASTMASTER:—This closes the speaking. The meeting is now adjourned.

MR. J. T. REYNOLDS: Permit me to say, Mr. Chairman, that I received a day or two ago a letter from Mr. Joseph T. Richards, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who expressed much regret at being unable to be present on this occasion. Mr. Richards occupies a very important and responsible position in the management of that great corporation, and is, very naturally, a very busy man, but he keeps in touch always with the Reynolds Family Association and is always interested in anything relating to it. I am sorry, indeed, that he could not be here to-day.

PRESIDENT: I will say in addition that I regret Mr. Richards is not here to speak, but this comes at a time when he is having a vacation himself and for that reason he wanted us to let him off for another year.



In Memoriam.

Our association has met with a great loss during the past year in the death of its historian, Mary Reynolds Fosdick, who entered into rest February 22d, 1904. Mrs. Fosdick was one who tried earnestly to promote the best interests of the association and by her lovely character endeared herself to every member. No one who ever met her at the annual gatherings could forget the sweet smile of welcome with which she greeted every one present.

She devoted much of her time in recent years in searching out carefully and diligently those who were in any way related to her family. Some months prior to her death she had completed the genealogy of her branch of the Reynolds family so that the work was ready for publication. She was really the founder of the Reynolds Family Association for it was through her interest and persistent effort that the interest of others was awakened. The first gathering was held at her home in North Lyme, Conn.; there, also was held the third annual meeting. And the interest and success of the association since that time have been largely due to the enthusiasm and devotion of Mrs. Fosdick who has been its historian from the beginning.

Let us all breathe the prayer of the early Christians for their loved ones "May she rest in peace and may light perpetual shine upon her."

G. G. REYNOLDS,
J. P. REYNOLDS,
F. B. COLE.

Obituary.

Captain Charles A. Reynolds, the efficient adjutant and inspector at Fitch's Home for the Soldiers, at Noroton, Conn., died at the Home Saturday, February 27th, 1904. Capt. Reynolds was born in Winsted sixty-six years ago. He enlisted in the 19th Conn. Infantry, afterwards the 2d Conn. Artillery, in 1861; was promoted several times, and made an excellent record during the war for the Union.

Capt. Reynolds was a member of Merriam Post, G. A. R.; of Meriden; of St. Andrew's Lodge, F. and A. M., of Winsted; of the Army and Navy Club of Connecticut; of the New York Commandery; Military Order of the Loyal Legion.

CHAPTER IV

The first of the two main divisions of the subject is the study of the history of the language. This is a branch of knowledge which has of late years attracted much of the public attention, and has become one of the most popular of the sciences. It is a study which is not only interesting in itself, but which is also of great importance to the student of literature and of the history of the human mind.

The second of the two main divisions of the subject is the study of the grammar of the language. This is a branch of knowledge which has of late years attracted much of the public attention, and has become one of the most popular of the sciences. It is a study which is not only interesting in itself, but which is also of great importance to the student of literature and of the history of the human mind.

The third of the two main divisions of the subject is the study of the literature of the language. This is a branch of knowledge which has of late years attracted much of the public attention, and has become one of the most popular of the sciences. It is a study which is not only interesting in itself, but which is also of great importance to the student of literature and of the history of the human mind.

The fourth of the two main divisions of the subject is the study of the history of the literature of the language. This is a branch of knowledge which has of late years attracted much of the public attention, and has become one of the most popular of the sciences. It is a study which is not only interesting in itself, but which is also of great importance to the student of literature and of the history of the human mind.

The fifth of the two main divisions of the subject is the study of the grammar of the literature of the language. This is a branch of knowledge which has of late years attracted much of the public attention, and has become one of the most popular of the sciences. It is a study which is not only interesting in itself, but which is also of great importance to the student of literature and of the history of the human mind.

The sixth of the two main divisions of the subject is the study of the history of the grammar of the language. This is a branch of knowledge which has of late years attracted much of the public attention, and has become one of the most popular of the sciences. It is a study which is not only interesting in itself, but which is also of great importance to the student of literature and of the history of the human mind.

Notes and Announcements.

Lithographed colored prints of the Arms may be obtained from Howard Reynolds, 192 Devonshire Street, Boston, Mass. Price 50 cents each; postage 2 cents.

Brooches of the Reynolds Arms, gold plated, can be obtained from Howard I. Reynolds, Secretary, 1827 Tioga St., Philadelphia, Pa. Price 50 cents each; postage 2 cents. This design made into fobs with black silk ribbon 75 cents; postage 2 cents.

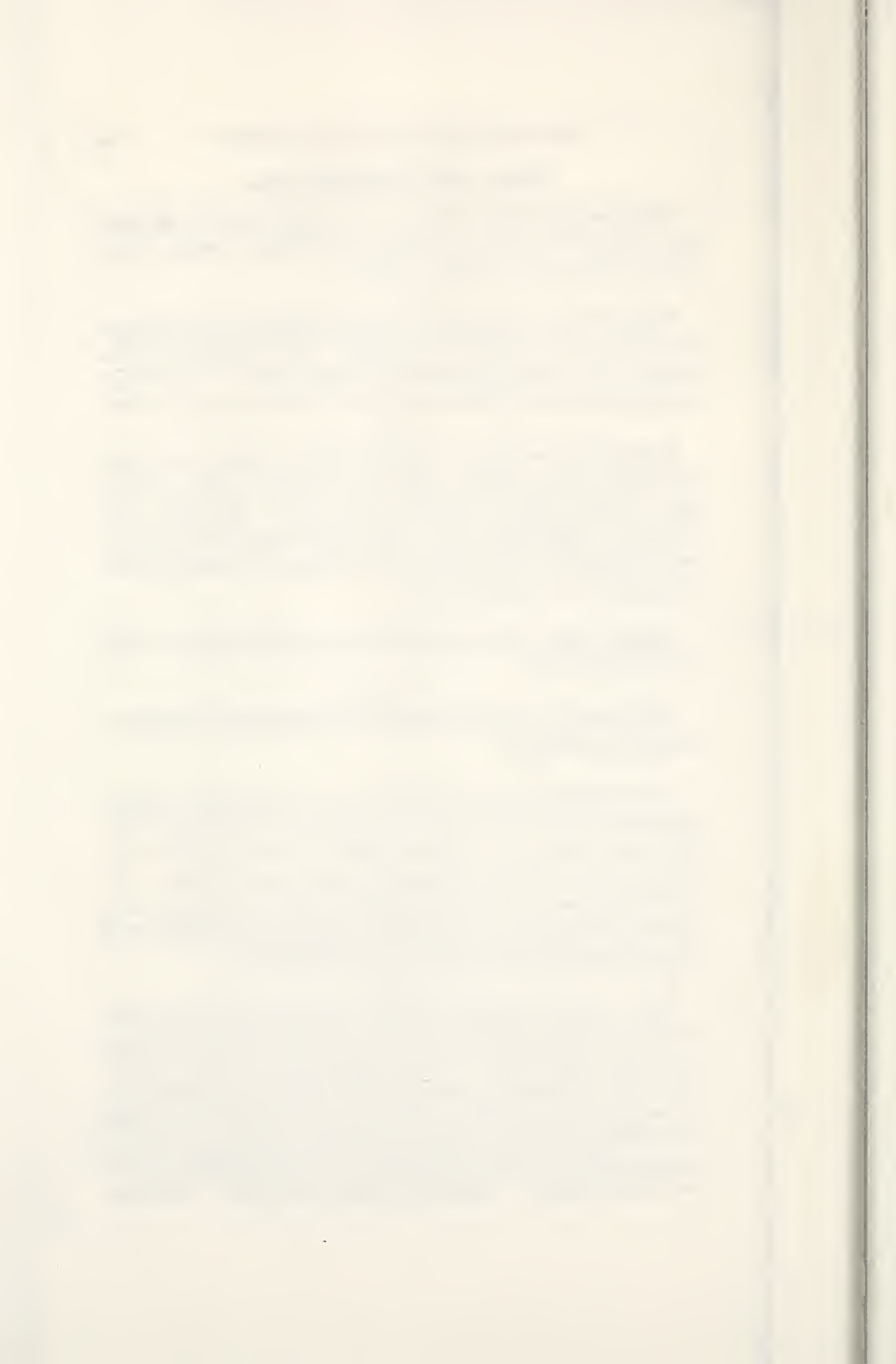
Embossed letter paper, with envelopes to match (two sizes, for ladies and gentlemen, and in two colors, white or blue) may be had from the secretary, Howard I. Reynolds, 1827 Tioga St., Philadelphia, Pa., with gold imprint, 60 cents per box (24 sheets); with gold and blue imprint, 80 cents per box. Postage per box 8 cents extra.

Copies of the Annual Reports at 50 cents each may be had from the secretary.

The secretary requests members who change their address to notify him promptly.

The Reynolds Family Association, of Factoryville, and the Reynolds Family Association formed last year in New York State, have both been cordially invited to send reports of their last annual meeting for publication in our Annual Report. No replies have been received but a motion will be made at our next annual meeting that a committee be appointed to confer with these associations with a view to closer affiliation.

Thus far the Reynolds Family Association has been conducted at the lowest possible cost to members without leaving an actual yearly deficit. The success obtained is gratifying as also is its continued growth. The increase of membership, however, has caused the association to pass beyond the status of a merely social body and has brought it face to face with the serious task of becoming a permanent, registering agency whose work shall endure. The lines of effort are briefly: To collect



and record facts and events in the history of its members; to make further research; to assist individuals seeking to trace their ancestors; and to hold together in bonds of common interest the descendants of our common ancestors.

To accomplish the work outlined in the preceding paragraph bequests and endowments are now asked for, to be invested by the executive committee, the income being devoted to the furtherance of the association's aim.

It has been suggested that the historian prepare printed genealogical tables of each of the five branches, carried up to about 1800 (one branch on each sheet) and furnish them to members at 50 cents each, the profits being placed in the reserve fund which it is desirable to create. It is also suggested that applicants who wish to be assisted in locating their proper branch might be charged a small fee by the historian, this to be added to the reserve fund. Many applicants have already expressed a desire to pay for this service. The two propositions above outlined may come up for discussion at the next annual meeting.

In due time, if the association prospers, the question of paying some person especially equipped for the work, a small yearly salary to serve as a corresponding historian and form a general clearing house for the five branches of the family, may profitably be taken up. Such person could make a study of the whole family, whereas few of the officials have time to learn more than their own particular branch. If the money could be forthcoming for the employment of a corresponding historian, the work of investigation, tabulation, and the printing of the genealogies of the different branches would be hastened by many years.

Attention is especially called to life membership in the association, and those who feel disposed are cordially invited to become such upon the payment of the requisite fee of twenty-five dollars, thus avoiding the trouble of forwarding annual payments, and at the same time furnishing the association with funds for the prosecution of its work.

The fourteenth annual meeting will be held at New London, Conn., on Thursday, August 17th, 1905. Particulars will be announced later.



List of Members.

EX-LIEUT. GOVERNOR JOHN J. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Wickford, R. I.
CHARLES B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
JOSEPH G. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
THADDEUS W. HUNT,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
WILLIAM K. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Providence, "
FRANK A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
STEPHEN B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
FRANK B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS AMY G. PECKHAM,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. SUSAN C. FONES,	-	-	-	-	-	Washington, "
REV. W. J. REYNOLDS, JR.,	-	-	-	-	-	Auburn, "
ALLEN REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Davisville, "
MISS MARION G. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. LULA A. REYNOLDS FOWLER,	-	-	-	-	-	Pawtucket, "
MRS. ISABELLA JUDSON ESSEX BOSWORTH.	-	-	-	-	-	Bristol, "
MISS ISABELLA ESSEX BOSWORTH,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. MARIE REYNOLDS MAXSON,	-	-	-	-	-	Westerly, "
THOMAS A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	East Greenwich, "
WILLIAM REYNOLDS ESSEX,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
FRANK C. CHURCH,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
WILLIAM A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Wilmington, Del.
* EDWIN REYNOLDS, LL.D.,	-	-	-	-	-	Milwaukee, Wis.
MRS. J. O. WORTH,	-	-	-	-	-	Upper Montclair, N. J.
MRS. MARY REYNOLDS FOOTE.	-	-	-	-	-	Trenton, "
ELMER E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Clinton, Iowa.
JAMES S. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Sibley, "
GEORGE W. REYNOLDS, JR.,	-	-	-	-	-	San Francisco, Cal.
MERRICK REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Los Angeles, "
MRS. FANNIE M. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
JAMES WILLIAM REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Battle Creek, Mich.
LYMAN H. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Port Huron, "
HARRY C. REYNOLDS, ESQ.,	-	-	-	-	-	Scranton, Pa.
MRS. HARRY C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. ELIZABETH REYNOLDS RICKETTS.	-	-	-	-	-	Wilkes-Barre, "
MRS. ANNA REYNOLDS ECKEL,	-	-	-	-	-	Williamsport, "
ALFRED C. WILLITS,	-	-	-	-	-	Holmesburg, Philadelphia, "
MRS. BELLE REYNOLDS WILLITS,	-	-	-	-	-	" " "

* Life Member.



MRS. VIOLA A. BROMLEY,	-	-	-	-	-	Brooklyn, N. Y.
G. OSMAR REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Pelham Manor, "
MRS. G. OSMAR REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" " "
J. ADGER REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Kinderhook, "
ROLLIN C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Troy, "
MRS. ELLEN REYNOLDS WRIGHT,	-	-	-	-	-	Albany, "
W. MYRON REYNOLDS, M. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	New York, "
THOMAS A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. EMMA REYNOLDS WINSLOW,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
JOSEPH E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Monson, Mass.
MRS. SARAH RINFORD REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS VIVIAN REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. ETHEL S. REYNOLDS EMERY,	-	-	-	-	-	Westboro, "
ABEL W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	West Somerville, "
C. REYNOLDS ROE,	-	-	-	-	-	Springfield, "
MRS. H. K. WIGHT,	-	-	-	-	-	Indian Orchard, "
DEAN S. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Arlington, "
FRANK BUFFINTON,	-	-	-	-	-	Fall River, "
MISS MARY E. BUFFINTON,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
RUSSEL W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
CHARLES GRANDISON REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Boston, "
STEPHEN W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
REV. CHARLES REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Downers Grove, Ill.
GEORGE H. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Mansfield Depot, Conn.
MRS. GEORGE H. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" " "
JOHN F. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	North Haven, "
MRS. CARRIE E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS IDA E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Eagleville, "
SAMUEL P. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Plainville, "

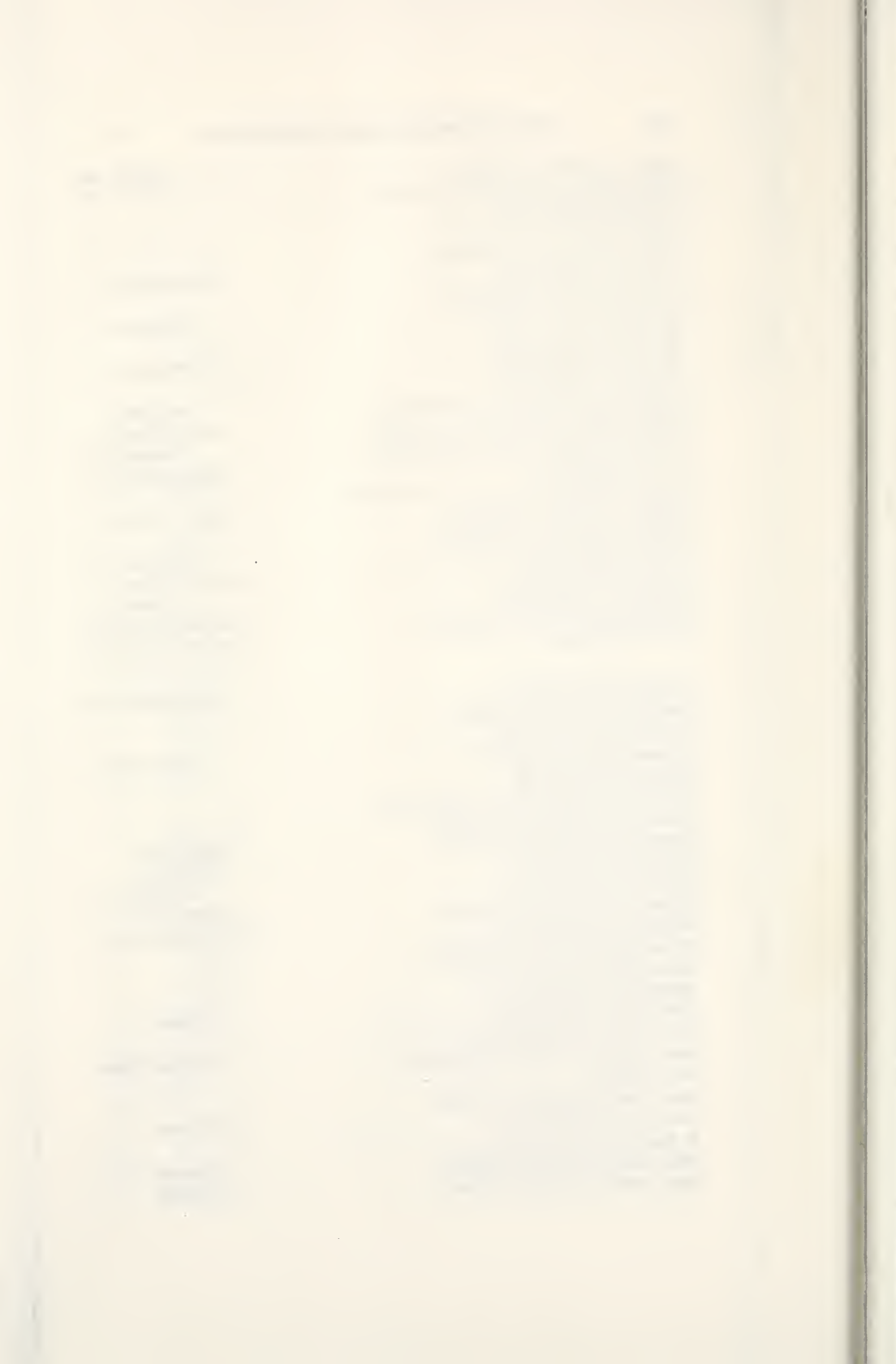
HON. GEORGE GREENWOOD REYNOLDS, LL. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	Brooklyn, N. Y.
FRANK REYNOLDS, ESQ.,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. LUCIE REYNOLDS SACKETT,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
JUSTUS P. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Amenia, "
MRS. NANCY BARLOW REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS ABBIE L. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
J. B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	New York, "
ROBERT BURNS REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Stockport, "
MISS MAY NEWELL REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Hudson, "
ROBERT VAN RENSSLAER REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Washington, D. C.
JUDGE JOHN POST REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	Bristol, R. I.
MRS. FANNIE GREENWOOD REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS ELISABETH B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS CATHARINE A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS MADELINE REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
LUTHER COLE,	-	-	-	-	-	Warren, "
MISS LOUISE JARVIS COLE,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. JULIA S. REYNOLDS BALDWIN,	-	-	-	-	-	Bryn Mawr, Pa.



MISS ANNA G. BALDWIN,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Bryn Mawr, Pa.</i>
FRANCIS B. REYNOLDS, D. D. S.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Germantown, Philadelphia, "</i>
MRS. LUCY ASHLEY REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
GEORGE N. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Lancaster, "</i>
MRS. HELEN KOTES REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
MRS. CAROLINE R. BOYNTON,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Hartford, Conn.</i>
MRS. SARAH E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
MRS. ADELAIDE REYNOLDS JOHNSON,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Winsted, "</i>
MRS. ELLA REYNOLDS OAKLEY,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Forestville, "</i>
EDWARD FIELD PARSONS, M. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Thompsonville, "</i>
CHARLES REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Middletown, "</i>
MRS. CHARLES REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
ROSCOE C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Lewiston, Me.</i>
MRS. TILEY M. REYNOLDS BARTLETT,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
ORRIN A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Covington, Ky.</i>
HOWARD S. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Columbus, Ga.</i>
EDWARD BELCHER REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Roxbury, Mass.</i>
ISAAC N. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Brockton, "</i>
LOWELL MASON REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
FRANK W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Boston, "</i>
JOHN PHILLIPS REYNOLDS, M. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
JOHN PHILLIPS REYNOLDS, JR.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
HON. JAMES E. CAMPBELL,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Hamilton, O.</i>
HON. EDWIN R. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Albion, N. Y.</i>
HARRAH JUDSON REYNOLDS, A. M.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Rochester, "</i>
HARRAH B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Syracuse, "</i>
MRS. LIZZIE D. REYNOLDS THOMSON,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Brooklyn, "</i>
MARCUS T. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Albany, "</i>
DEXTER REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
MRS. ELIZABETH S. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Rensselaer, "</i>
WARREN UEL REYNOLDS, M. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>New York, "</i>
MRS. MARY CASWELL,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>West Henrietta, "</i>
GEORGE A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Hartford, Conn.</i>
FREDERICK F. STREET,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
MRS. FREDERICK F. STREET,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
H. A. STREET, M. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>New Haven, "</i>
MISS ESTHER DAVENPORT STREET,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
MRS. WALTER W. NORTON,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Lime Rock, "</i>
MRS. EDITH REYNOLDS CULVERWELL,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Seymour, "</i>
MRS. EMELETTE REYNOLDS WOODWARD,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Bennington, Vt.</i>
MISS CELIA M. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
MRS. MARY TUTTLE MCCLUNEY,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Sedalia, Mo.</i>
HON. W. F. TUTTLE,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Dresden, "</i>
A. HEBER REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Green Bay, Wis.</i>
MRS. CHARLOTTE S. WHITNEY REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>"</i>
WILLIAM REYNOLDS FLEMING,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Harrisburg, Pa.</i>
MRS. FRANCES A. WESTERVELT,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Hackensack, N. J.</i>
ALVAH L. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Madison, "</i>

JOHN T. REYNOLDS, ESQ.,	- - - - -	<i>Media, Pa.</i>
MRS. MABEL W. REYNOLDS TANAY,	- - - - -	" "
STEPHEN REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
ADOLPHUS O. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
MRS. AMANDA M. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
JOSEPH T. RICHARDS,	- - - - -	<i>Philadelphia,</i>
WILLIAM T. REYNOLDS, JR.,	- - - - -	" "
WILLIAM T. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Ardmore,</i>
HARRY L. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
MISS NELL REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Harrisburg,</i>
TILTON C. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
MRS. RUTH REYNOLDS ROMBAUGH,	- - - - -	<i>Bradford,</i>
MRS. NANCY REYNOLDS CRAWFORD,	- - - - -	<i>Smicksburg,</i>
WILLIAM TILTON CRAWFORD, M. D.,	- - - - -	<i>Fowler, Cal.</i>
W. W. GORSLINE,	- - - - -	<i>Randolph, N. Y.</i>
MRS. MARGARET REYNOLDS GORSLINE,	- - - - -	" "
JOSEPH CASTLE REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>New York, N. Y.</i>
HENRY KANAGA REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
REV. JOHN GILLIFORD REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Madison, Ill.</i>
G. W. T. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>East St. Louis,</i>
LEWIS G. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Dayton, O.</i>
REV. CHARLES LEE REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Des Moines, Iowa.</i>
S. P. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Caruthersville, Mo.</i>

GILES L. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Philadelphia, Pa.</i>
MRS. BELLE W. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
HOWARD I. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
CLARENCE G. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Boston, Mass.</i>
HOWARD REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
MRS. CHARLOTTE MASON REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
WILBUR A. REYNOLDS, D. D. S.,	- - - - -	" "
PROF. RAY GREENE HULING,	- - - - -	<i>Cambridge,</i>
MRS. D. E. PENFIELD,	- - - - -	<i>Warren,</i>
JAMES B. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Danville, Ill.</i>
CAPT. S. WALTER REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Pinckneyville,</i>
WILSON C. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>East Huddam, Conn.</i>
MISS GERTRUDE P. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
MISS ELSIE B. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
HARRY W. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
EPHRAIM O. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Essex,</i>
MISS ANNA M. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
MRS. SARAH L. REYNOLDS CRANE,	- - - - -	<i>Norwich, Conn.</i>
O. E. WULF,	- - - - -	" "
MRS. GRACE REYNOLDS WULF,	- - - - -	" "
SAMUEL D. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Montville,</i>
S. FRANKLIN REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	" "
MRS. LIZZIE REYNOLDS ROSS,	- - - - -	<i>Fozrah,</i>
MRS. FLORA PECKHAM GRAY,	- - - - -	<i>Ledyard,</i>



MRS. MARION GRAY DEAN,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>New London, Conn.</i>
FRED E. WEBB,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. FRED E. WEBB,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS IDA L. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. ANNIE MCCRARY FROST,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Danielson,</i> "
JOHN REYNOLDS STANTON,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Stonington,</i> "
HENRY D. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>New York, N. Y.</i>
WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Cromwell, Iowa.</i>
WILLIAM O. BATES,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Indianapolis, Ind.</i>
MILTON A. CRANDALL,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Westerly, R. I.</i>
MISS FANNIE D. HOLMES,	-	-	-	-	-	" "

GEORGE W. GUARD, - - - - - *Syracuse, N. Y.*

JUDGE EDWARD C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Portland, Me.</i>
MRS. SOPHIE ULMER REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
NELSON A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>New York, N. Y.</i>
EDGAR M. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Warwick,</i> "
GEN. JOHN A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Rochester,</i> "
FRANK REYNOLDS, M. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Syracuse,</i> "
CAPT. FREDERICK P. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>San Francisco, Cal.</i>
E. W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Los Angeles,</i> "
WILEY R. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Tacoma, Wash.</i>
EDWARD REYNOLDS, M. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Boston, Mass.</i>
EDWARD E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Roxbury,</i> "
MISS BETTIE REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Wymore, Neb.</i>
WILLIAM N. BURGESS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Bristol, R. I.</i>
GILES S. CONGDON,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
EDWIN REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Providence,</i> "
MRS. SARAH GLISAN FENNEMAN,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Madison, Wis.</i>
MRS. ADDIE REYNOLDS ELMORE,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Chicago, Ill.</i>
MRS. JANE REYNOLDS FORBES,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Grand Rapids, Mich.</i>
OSCAR W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>West Haven, Conn.</i>
MISS EMMA A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	" "
GEORGE B. REYNOLDS, M. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Baltimore, Md.</i>
REV. WALTER E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Southampton, Pa.</i>
MRS. MARY E. REYNOLDS WAITE,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Rutland, Vt.</i>
HARRY H. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Asbury Park, N. J.</i>
FREDERICK J. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Toledo, O.</i>
JOHN HUGHES REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Rome, Ga.</i>

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

[Illegible text]

List of Those Present at the Thirtieth Reunion

JOHN P. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Bristol, R. I.
MISS CATHARINE A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MISS FANNIE D. HOLMES, - - - - -	Westerly, "
FRANK REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Brooklyn, N. Y.
MRS. VIOLA A. BROMLEY, - - - - -	" "
WARREN UEL REYNOLDS, M. D., - - - - -	New York, "
HENRY D. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
JOHN T. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Media, Pa.
STEPHEN REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
GEORGE N. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Lancaster, "
GILES L. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Philadelphia, "
MRS. GILES L. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
HOWARD I. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MISS CELIA M. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Bennington, Vt.
GEORGE A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Hartford, Conn.
WILSON C. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	East Haddam, "
MISS GERTRUDE P. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MISS ELSIE B. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
HARRY W. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
EPHRAIM O. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Essex, "
MISS ANNA M. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
JOHN F. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	North Haven, "
MRS. JOHN F. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
H. A. STREET, M. D., - - - - -	New Haven, "
MRS. H. A. STREET, - - - - -	" "
MISS ESTHER DAVENPORT STREET, - - - - -	" "
O. W. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	West Haven, "
MISS EMMA A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MISS IDA E. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Eagleville, "
MRS. EDITH REYNOLDS CULVERWELL, - - - - -	Seymour, "



The Reynolds Family
Association

Fourteenth
Annual
Session

1884

1905



Fourteenth Annual Reunion

1702575

OF THE

Reynolds Family Association

HELD AT

Mohican Hotel,

NEW LONDON, CONN.

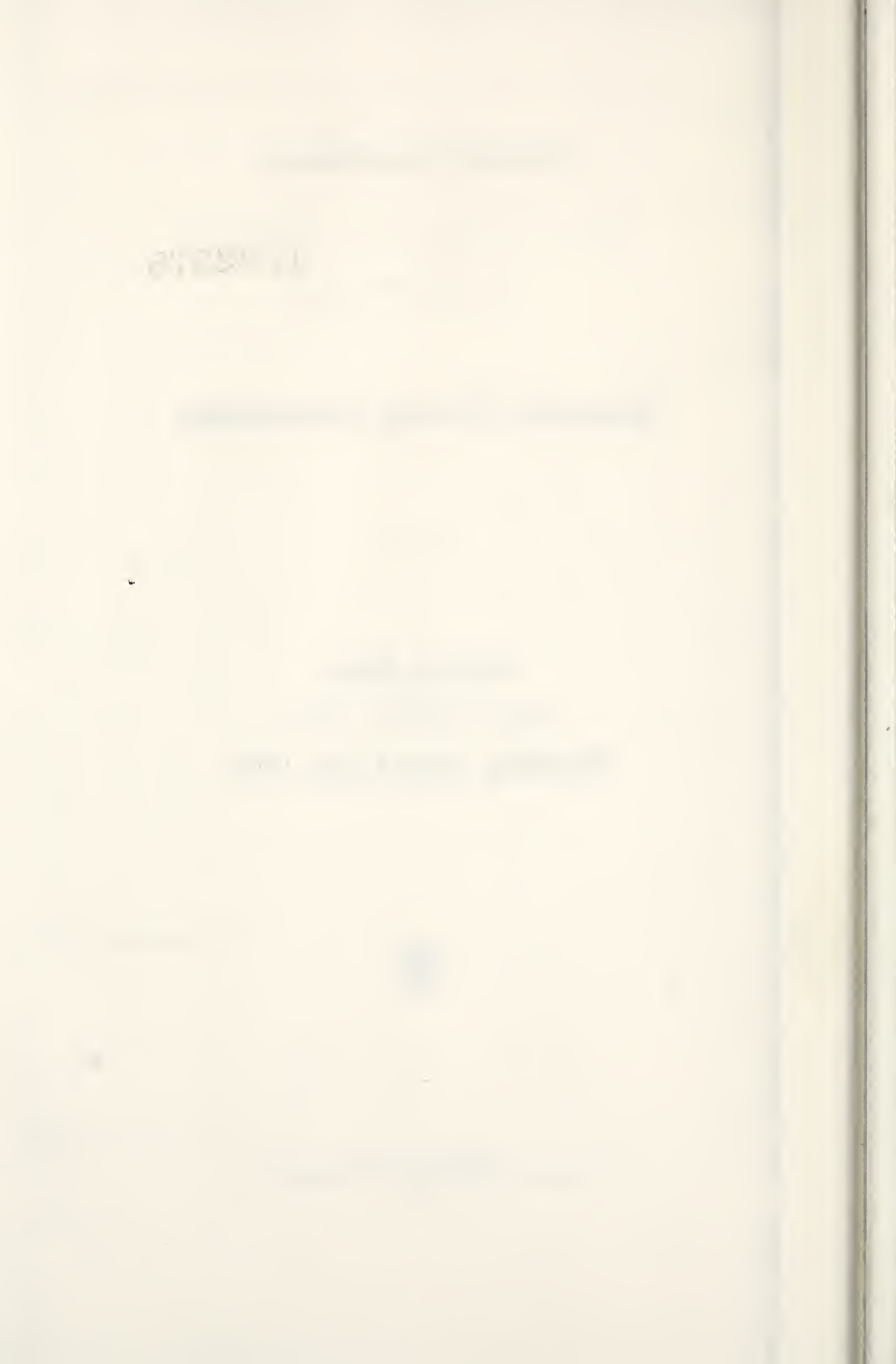
Thursday, August 17th, 1905.



MIDDLETOWN, CONN.:

PELTON & KING, PRINTERS AND BOOKBINDERS.

1906.



Officers.

President.

GILES L. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Philadelphia, Pa.

Vice-Presidents.

JOHN P. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Bristol, R. I.

G. G. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Brooklyn, N. Y.

GEORGE W. GUARD, - - - - - Syracuse, N. Y.

EDWIN REYNOLDS, - - - - - Milwaukee, Wis.

WILSON C. REYNOLDS, - - - - - East Haddam, Conn.

H. C. REYNOLDS, - - - - - Scranton, Pa.

Historian and Corresponding Secretary.

HOWARD REYNOLDS, - - - 192 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

Secretary and Treasurer.

HOWARD I. REYNOLDS, - - - 1827 Tioga St., Philadelphia, Pa.



The Reynolds Family Association



THE FOURTEENTH ANNUAL REUNION of the Reynolds Family Association was held at Mohican Hotel, New London, Conn., Thursday, August 17th, 1905.

The meeting was called to order at 11:15 o'clock A. M. by Mr. Giles L. Reynolds, President, Philadelphia, Pa.

Prayer by the Rev. W. E. Reynolds, Southampton, Pa.

PRESIDENT:

Dear Kinsmen:—At the close of an eventful year, and at the beginning of another which promises to be as eventful, I extend to you my warmest greetings.

The year that has passed has been one of momentous events in the history of the race. The great war in the East so destructive of life and property; the social and labor agitations which have threatened material progress; the abuse of power in municipal affairs; the earnest missionary activities to educate and uplift men; all these must tend to distinguish the past year from any that has preceded it.

Amid all these great events we, as a people, have enjoyed peace and prosperity; and as members and friends of the Reynolds Family Association we meet to-day to celebrate the fourteenth anniversary of our society.

The work of our association after fourteen years affords as a whole a very satisfactory retrospect so far as membership is concerned. The growth has been gradual and we have at present two hundred and eighteen members, descendants of our Puritan ancestors scattered throughout the land, who meet to-day in thought and purpose, if not in person, to join in reverent recognition of the virtues of our forefathers.

We have not been exempt from losses during the year. Death has claimed several of our number as will be noted from the report which will be presented by our Historian.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

1954

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
LIBRARY

As I look over the work of this society and call to mind the many occasions upon which we have assembled, the pleasant associations we have enjoyed, I feel that this organization has not been without its good results. These associated efforts, which, to my mind, are the most useful instrumentalities that can be employed in the bringing together of the various families of our name, have been worthy of all the time and labor that we have bestowed upon them.

The objects of our association are well known to all of you. You will pardon me, however, if I quote briefly from the last report given by our late historian, Mrs. Fosdick, in which she says: "To sum up the mission of this organization, it exists for the betterment of the Reynolds family and for the brightening and smoothing of life. It has kindled a feeling of mutual affection between members of the Reynolds family, turned the hearts of the fathers to the children, and the hearts of the children to the fathers." My friends, if these be the purposes and achievements in view, let us go forward to the accomplishment of every plan that shall be for the advancement of our association and the welfare of each and every member.

Attention was called in our last report to the desirability of extending the work of our association by the establishment of a registry bureau for the purpose of collecting and recording facts and events in the history of its members and to gather items of interest to the descendants of our common ancestors. This is a subject in which we are all interested and which should engage our attention, and I would recommend that a committee be appointed to-day to consider this matter and report at the next annual meeting of our society.

I would recommend also that action be taken at this session concerning that portion of our by-laws relating to the life membership fee. The cost of life membership at present is twenty-five (25) dollars. This amount appears to be excessive, and if so, is not for the best interest of the society.

As our association grows in membership and extends its work, many of the details of the organization must necessarily be looked after by the committees appointed by the society. It is extremely important that our annual gatherings shall be well planned and executed with care, and I would recommend that a committee be appointed at this session whose duty shall be to make the necessary arrangements for our annual gathering to be held in 1906, including the engagement of speakers at the banquet.

My friends, it is a great pleasure to welcome you this morning to this fourteenth anniversary of the Reynolds Family Association. The work of the old year has closed, and we are entering upon a new one which demands our best efforts to make it a year of success. Let us with

mutual good will earnestly endeavor to make it the most successful year in our history. I bid you all a cordial welcome to this fourteenth anniversary.



Welcome to the City of New London

BY MRS. MARION GRAY DEAN.

Members and Friends of the Reynolds Family Association: I am very glad to have the pleasure of welcoming to our city to-day the Reynolds Family Association on its fourteenth anniversary. This is not your first meeting here; you have held several reunions here prior to this, and many of you are more or less familiar with our city at the mouth of the Thames. There are present, however, several who have not been here before, and it is to the stranger particularly that I wish to extend a cordial welcome to all that is fair and beautiful in our town.

New London is not new like many of our western cities; on the contrary it is one of the oldest towns in Connecticut, and is noted for having one of the finest harbors on the New England coast. You will feel interested, I am sure, in knowing that New London County, of which New London is but a little part, was the birthplace of our association fourteen years ago, and those of you who have read the report of our association will recall the circumstances connected with the founding of the society which has afforded us so much pleasure and is so delightful to us as a family. I again welcome you to the birthplace of our association, particularly to the City of New London, and I trust the day may be full of enjoyment to every one present.



Roll Call.



Minutes of last meeting read and accepted.



Treasurer's report read and accepted.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1955

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1955

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1955

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1955

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1955

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

1955

Report of Treasurer

FOR YEAR ENDING AUGUST 17, 1905.

1904		RECEIPTS.		
Aug. 18.	Balance on hand, - - - - -	-	-	\$9 00
1905				
April 8.	Contribution from Mrs. H. K. Wight, -	-	\$0 50	
	Membership dues for year, - - - -	-	112 00	
	Reports sold, - - - - -	-	11 25	
	Profit on R. F. A. pins sold, - - - -	-	2 70	
	Profit on R. F. A. stationery sold, - -	-	1 00	
				<hr/> 127 45
				\$136 45

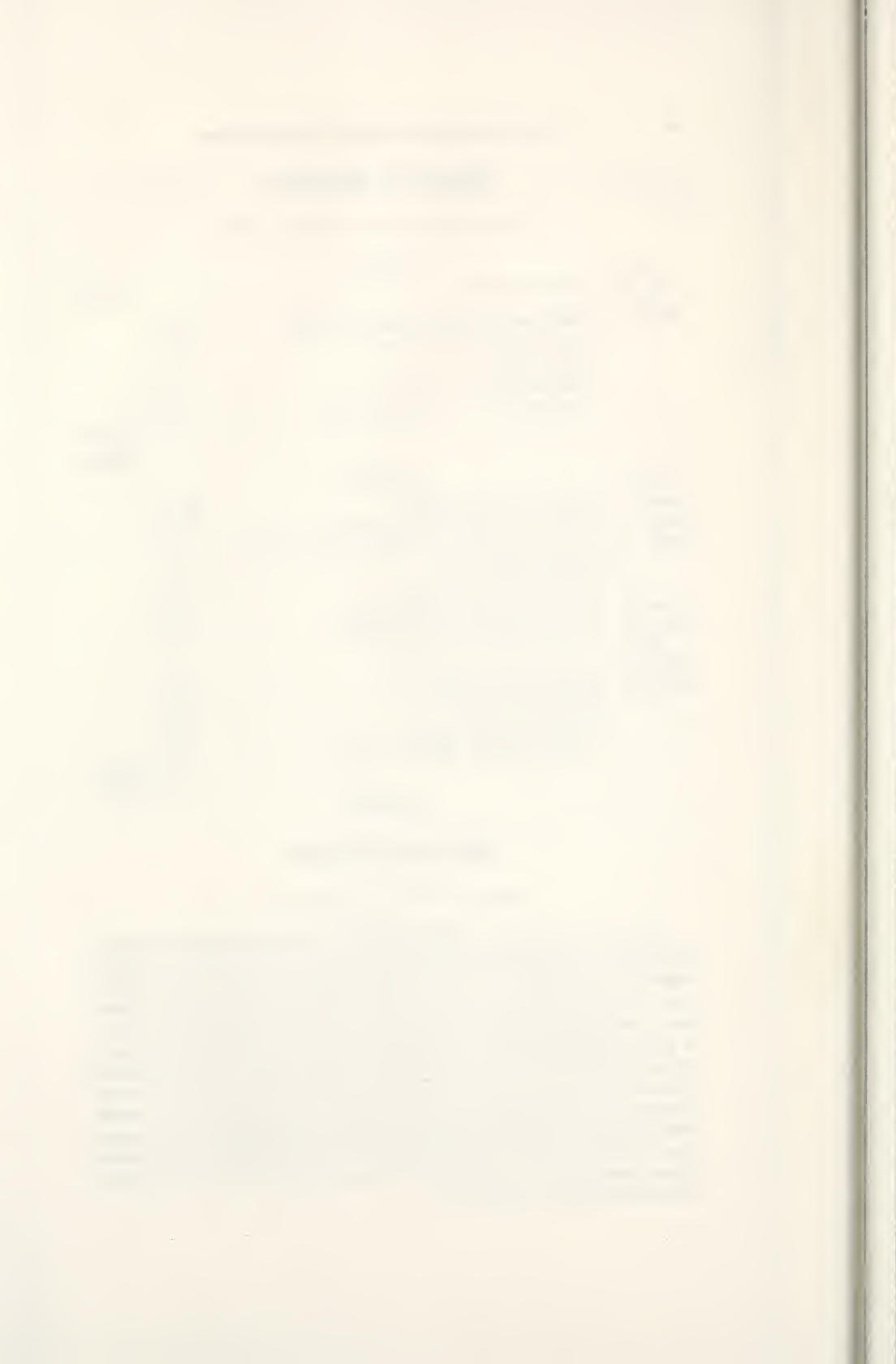
1904		PAYMENTS.		
Aug. 18.	Dinner for stenographer, - - - -	-	\$1 00	
Sept. 3.	Printing invitations 1904 meeting, - -	-	3 75	
Oct. 15.	Printing programs and menus 1904 meeting,	-	7 75	
	Repayment of loan, - - - - -	-	20 00	
	22. 200 postals and printing, - - - -	-	3 25	
Nov. 5.	Cost of reporting 1904 meeting, - - -	-	8 00	
Dec. 13.	Cost of making coat-of-arms die, - - -	-	12 65	
1905				
Apr. 24.	9 quires sample stationery, - - - -	-	2 70	
May 27.	Printing 1904 reports, - - - - -	-	57 50	
	Postage for year, - - - - -	-	12 95	
	Express and incidentals, - - - - -	-	2 40	
	Cash on hand August 17, 1905; - - -	-	4 50	
				<hr/> \$136 45

• • •

Historian's Report

READ BY MR. H. C. REYNOLDS.

I sincerely regret my inability to attend the fourteenth annual reunion held to-day. Self-preservation alone would urge my presence, for there seems to be a pleasant custom of unloading the various necessary jobs and offices annually upon those members who do not put in an appearance, and whose subsequent squirms and protests go unheeded. While I highly approve of this as tending to keep up a good attendance, I respectfully submit that I already have nearly enough, as I am Assistant Historian, Member of the Reception Committee, Clerk of the Arms, Member of the Committee on Publishing Genealogies, Editor of the Annual Report, Member of the Committee on Stationery, and fill in my time with a few other unclassified duties. For most of the above offices I am a monument of unfitness, and particularly for the one which I am now endeavoring to discharge.



I am absolutely unable, however, to be present at this reunion and defend myself from further honors and titles, somewhat because my business requires attention, but largely on account of the presence in my home of the youngest member of the Reynolds Family Association—my son Paul, aged one month.

It would be quite futile to expect me in any manner to assume the place left vacant by Mrs. Fosdick with her years of research and her especial talents and abilities. I will not pretend to attempt it. It did occur to me, however, that as I live so near Weymouth, Massachusetts, from which town came John Reynolds, my first ancestor in this country, it would be interesting to identify the first land he owned, and search it for signs of a cellar or other marks of habitation, photographing the spot and possibly having an illustration made to serve as a frontispiece of this year's report.

I had been directed to an aged resident who was commonly held to know more about the early land matters than any one else, and I found him a charming and entertaining old gentleman. His name, for reasons which later will appear, I will not give. I learned that he was a surveyor, and was rejoiced at the opportunity of meeting a man whose accuracy of statement would be governed at every point by the precision characteristic of his chosen profession.

"Oh, yes," said this gentleman, after examining some records, "I know right where the land was—John Reynolds owned five acres in Lot 77 in the first division, and fifteen acres in Lot 14 in the second division, and, by the way, let me tell you that Weymouth is the only town in the state which retains its original boundaries."

"But what do these divisions mean?" I inquired.

"They laid out a line right across the township, calling it the Great Share Line, running southeast and northwest, and then set off the lots six rods wide."

"Both sides of the line?"

"No, only one side."

"Well, what was meant by the second division?"

"There was a kind of road or right-of-way running along behind the first division lots, and the second division lots were set off beyond that road."

"Supposing you show me a map," I suggested, "and indicate on it the location of the lots."

This he did, and pointed out the position of the Great Share Line.

"But how about this?" I asked, picking up a second map. "Upon this the Great Share Line is not at all in the same position."

"Oh, well, I just drew that in hastily. Your ancestor's lots were right off here and off there"—and he waved his hand in the general direction of the horizon.

"About how far off there?" I asked, with some curiosity.

"Oh, about two or three miles."

This was historical precision with a vengeance.

"See here," I demanded, "if these lots were all six rods wide, how does it happen that he has fifteen acres in one and five in the other, and how many acres were there in each lot, anyway? Also, what is meant by the two divisions; were there two apportionments, separated by a considerable interval of time, or were the divisions simply to indicate which side of the common way the lots lay?"

To these questions I got such unsatisfactory and evasive answers that I was forced to the conclusion that the old gentleman didn't know.

"What are these lots, anyway?" I finally asked.

"Nothing but wood lots—out in the back woods away from the shore. Nobody ever lived on them in those days, and with few exceptions I never heard of any one trying to live on them even at the present time. I guess your ancestor lived down by the water side in North Weymouth, where all the other settlers did."

The local sage paused a moment to hunt around in his books, and then said, "This John of Weymouth is evidently the same man as John of Watertown."

"I wish I could think so," I responded, "but we know all about John of Watertown, and that he was a brother to Robert of Boston."

"Well, I'm satisfied in my own mind that they are the same men," retorted the old gentleman. "I am just as confident as I would want to be. Lots of them came over here from Watertown."

I thought to myself that if he was as positive about other things on such snap judgment that I was not likely to gain much of real historical value from this quarter. I therefore tried another tack.

"Perhaps John lived with his father-in-law, Thomas Holbrook? Such things occasionally happen even to-day! It is said to be cheaper—for the son-in-law!"

My thought was that if I could find the old Holbrook house, a photograph and description of *that* would be decidedly better than nothing.

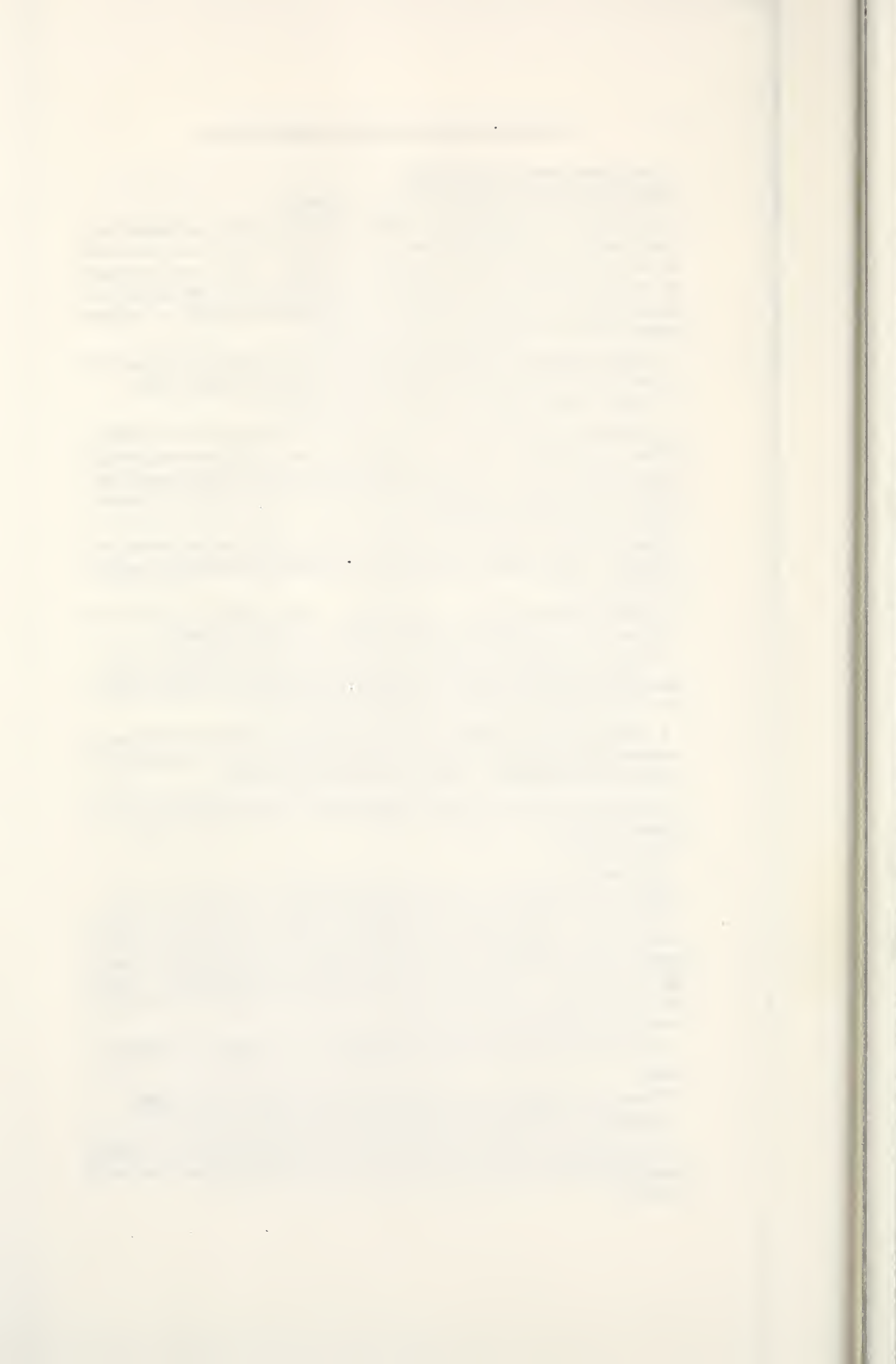
"Oh, yes, I know just where he lived. It is a fine house, built of massive oaken frames brought over from England. It had an enormous chimney and two Dutch ovens, one of which, strangely enough, was in the second story. I often speculated on what it was used for. Here it is"—and he put his finger on a black square printed on an old map which showed the early proprietors.

"Do you cross the railroad or go under it," I inquired, scanning the map.

"Over it, and right along until you come out there," he pointed.

"But hold on; that isn't the house you pointed out before."

"Oh, isn't it? Well, let's see. You start from the square and go down this street and turn here and go over the track there, and there you are."



"But, my dear sir," I exclaimed, "that isn't the house you showed me either time before!"

"Well, that last one is the house, young man. I remember it perfectly—that's old Thomas Holbrook's house fast enough."

So I started out somewhat shaken as to my belief in local tradition, and finally hunted up the house. As I approached it, I tried to get my mind into a proper condition to throw about it, in my description, all the charm which it possesses, standing, as it does, on the bank of the beautiful Fore River, just where it broadens into the bay. It is, indeed, a stately place, well worthy to stand over against the Bristol Manor-house of which all of us who have been privileged to see it retain such grateful memories. My flight of fancy was a trifle hampered by the fact that it was pouring rain; I was drenched and without an umbrella; it was 3:00 P. M. and I had had no dinner.

I approached the door and was hospitably welcomed by a gentleman who had taken the old place for the summer, and who said that he had lived abroad for many years and knew practically nothing of its early history. He referred me to his father living near by, as one of the oldest residents, and I plodded off to interview the latter.

"That house Thomas Holbrook's! Never, young man. Built by the Whites; always owned by the Whites. Only Holbrook house I ever heard of was one out back here a ways—and the name wasn't Thomas. either—which finally fell into my grandfather's hands through a mortgage. Want to go out and look at it?"

No, I didn't. When two such local authorities disagree, who is a mere assistant historian that he should decide? Not I.

I sorrowfully paddled back to Boston, having determined in my mind that John of Weymouth was a man without a home, though not a man without a country.



Motion made and carried that report of Assistant Historian be accepted and placed on file.

PRESIDENT: The next will be the report of committees.

We have a committee appointed on family history, of which Judge J. P. Reynolds is chairman. I will be obliged to ask if there has been any development in the line of family history in the past year.

JUDGE J. P. REYNOLDS: No, I have the same report to make as a member of that committee as I have as Historian, also.

1. The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the study of the history of the English language. It is noted that the English language has a long and rich history, and that the study of its development is essential for a full understanding of the language as it is used today. The paper then goes on to discuss the various factors that have influenced the development of the English language, including the influence of other languages, the influence of social and cultural changes, and the influence of technological advances.

2. The second part of the paper discusses the importance of the study of the history of the English language. It is noted that the English language has a long and rich history, and that the study of its development is essential for a full understanding of the language as it is used today. The paper then goes on to discuss the various factors that have influenced the development of the English language, including the influence of other languages, the influence of social and cultural changes, and the influence of technological advances.

3. The third part of the paper discusses the importance of the study of the history of the English language. It is noted that the English language has a long and rich history, and that the study of its development is essential for a full understanding of the language as it is used today. The paper then goes on to discuss the various factors that have influenced the development of the English language, including the influence of other languages, the influence of social and cultural changes, and the influence of technological advances.

4. The fourth part of the paper discusses the importance of the study of the history of the English language. It is noted that the English language has a long and rich history, and that the study of its development is essential for a full understanding of the language as it is used today. The paper then goes on to discuss the various factors that have influenced the development of the English language, including the influence of other languages, the influence of social and cultural changes, and the influence of technological advances.

5. The fifth part of the paper discusses the importance of the study of the history of the English language. It is noted that the English language has a long and rich history, and that the study of its development is essential for a full understanding of the language as it is used today. The paper then goes on to discuss the various factors that have influenced the development of the English language, including the influence of other languages, the influence of social and cultural changes, and the influence of technological advances.

PRESIDENT: That subject will come up a little later on, I suppose.

JUDGE J. P. REYNOLDS: It is like the man's description of his two oxen—one of them was willing to do all the work and the other was willing that he should. Mr. Howard Reynolds has been apparently willing to do all the work and I have allowed him to do it in everything.

PRESIDENT: That is a subject that might be considered at this time as well as any, and Mr. H. D. Reynolds of New York has a suggestion to make in reference to the matter of the publication of family history. You are all aware that there has been some progress made in the past two or three years in that line, and that one of the families—John of Weymouth—have their history ready for publication. Others are making progress, and anything that will assist us in this matter will be of interest, I am sure. Mr. H. D. Reynolds will speak to us in regard to this subject.

MR. H. D. REYNOLDS: *Mr. President, and Members of the Reynolds Family Association:* During the past year a number of us have considered the advisability of rushing forward the publication of the genealogy of the family. Now, as the President says, one branch of the family has their genealogy practically ready, and one of the others has it very nearly so, and then a third has a great deal of material collected which should be gotten together. The way the association is conducted at present we have small annual dues of fifty cents, which I suppose is all right for the purpose because it covers the present needs of the association if we don't intend to go beyond that. But the great interest, and the growing interest, in the association it seems to me warrants our going ahead and publishing a genealogy. Now there are a number of ways that it can be done; either by subscription in advance by all of the members, or a number guaranteeing the publication of it and others buying it afterward. It can be published as a whole, all of the families combined in one, or it can be published serially, each family having a separate book and then all bound together when they are completed. A great many are in favor of the latter because it will

THE JOURNAL OF THE

191

THE JOURNAL OF THE

THE JOURNAL OF THE

THE JOURNAL OF THE

THE JOURNAL OF THE

THE JOURNAL OF THE

THE JOURNAL OF THE

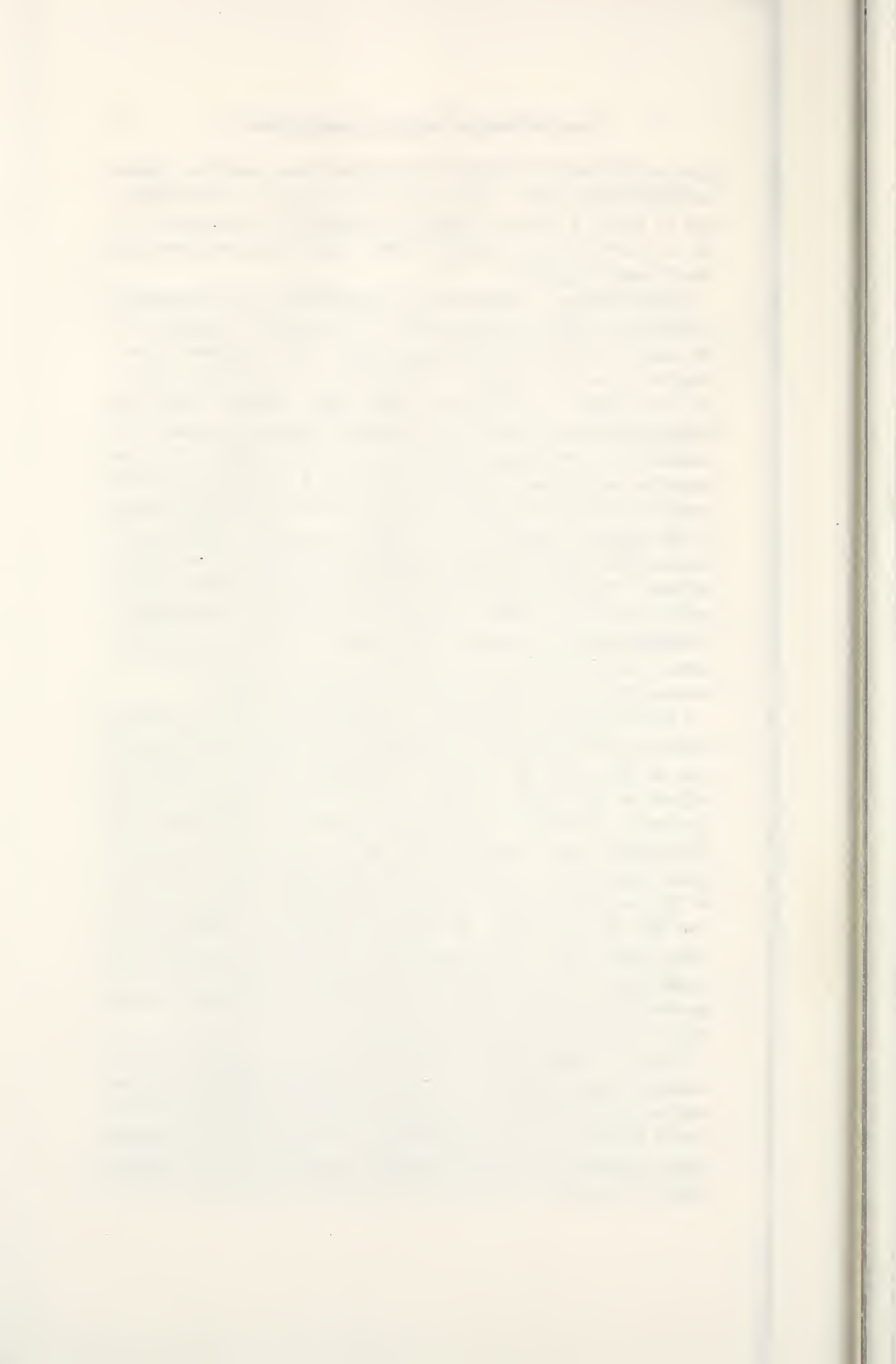
THE JOURNAL OF THE

give us the families which are completed soon, and the others can come along later. There are some branches of the family, one of them, I believe, that is so scattered it is a question, so far as I can ascertain, whether they would ever be able to get their branch together.

Another thing, it seems to me there should be in connection with that a business organization of the members so there will be funds on hand for needed work and needed expense in getting the genealogy together. Heretofore it has all been a labor of love largely on the part of Mrs. Mary Fosdick. We are largely indebted to her for the splendid manner in which she carried the work along until the time of her death. No one seems to have taken her place quite, and I certainly hope that some one will develop who will take the same ardent interest in the matter, because that is what is necessary; but I don't believe that whoever does it, should do it altogether as a labor of love. There is a great deal of hard work connected with it, tedious work, and there should be a fund in the association. Certainly there are enough of us who can afford to contribute toward that fund to have it conducted as any other business is because there are business details requiring attention.

I would propose that such an organization as that be formed either by the publication committee or the historical committee, as the case may be—the committee on family history I believe is the name of that—and I would suggest Howard Reynolds, of Boston, who, as we listened to his report, is a very active man. Furthermore, he is a newspaper man, is a good writer, and he would put in the genealogy a great deal of life, which is absent in most genealogies. Most of them are like old dry dust. If you are particularly interested in your family line, it is interesting; but aside from that the chronology is so dry that it is not what we would want for a general perusal, and I believe it could be lightened and livened up by a little wit as well as wisdom.

Now I would propose that in whatever form the society elects an organization be completed—call it a publication committee or what you like—and contributions be invited to a fund; and I should like the association, if they saw fit, to make some motion toward the immediate publication of the genealogy by families, or else to rush forward—it may take two or



three years—the material for one complete volume of the entire family association. That would be the most satisfactory to all of us, of course, if it could ever be done; but there is no use in going on year after year and coming here and all having a nice time, but no one main thing accomplished; and I for one would like to know what the folks' family connections are, and I know a great many others would, and the publication of the genealogy, even if the first volume should be an advanced edition, crude and incomplete, would center interest, would get us together, and then every one would see the big mistakes, of course, and then the second edition could be published, more expensive perhaps, a few years later, and that would be an accurate one.

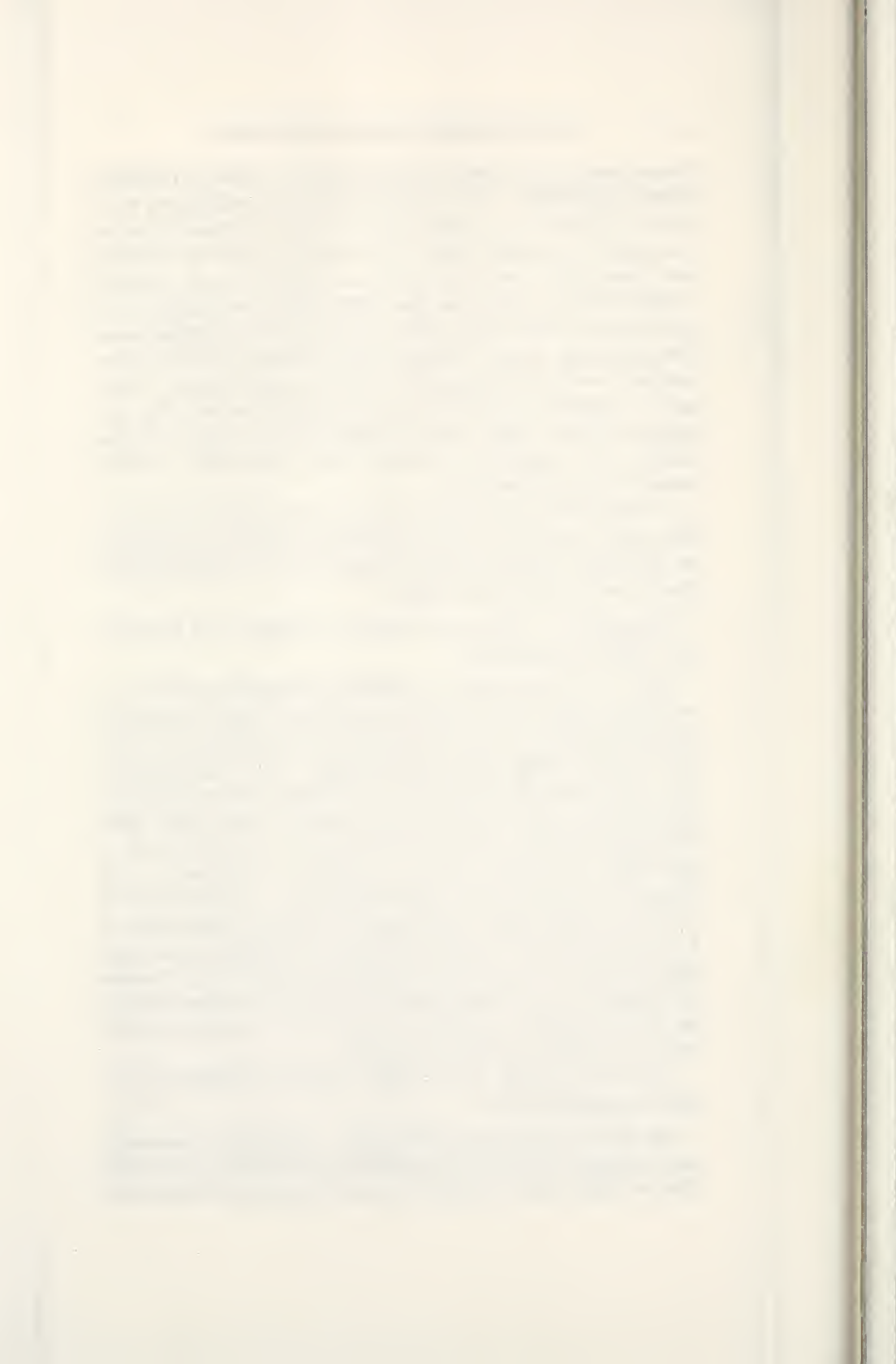
I would like to hear from some of the others in regard to this, and I would say that I am perfectly willing to contribute to this fund whatever any one else will, and do everything that I can to further the matter.

PRESIDENT: You have heard the remarks; will some one else speak on this topic?

MR. T. A. REYNOLDS: I think the suggestion made was very good indeed, and I would also like to suggest that one from each branch of the family should be appointed to look out for their direct family descendants. Now, speaking for the family descended from John or William—there is a diversity of opinion as to which it is—we had our local paper print the whole genealogy of the family, and so we all cut it out of the paper and pasted it into a scrap-book, so we have a full trace of the family down to the present day. If each branch of the Reynolds family would attend to that it would make it a very easy matter for the publication committee to arrange these together and get a very complete history, and it seems as though if each branch of the family had a number printed for the publication committee it would be very easily gotten out and facilitate matters very much.

As for the raising of the fund, I would be willing at any time to contribute to it.

MR. H. C. REYNOLDS, of Scranton: A couple of years ago, you remember, there was a committee met at the hotel in New York—where I had the honor for the first time to meet many



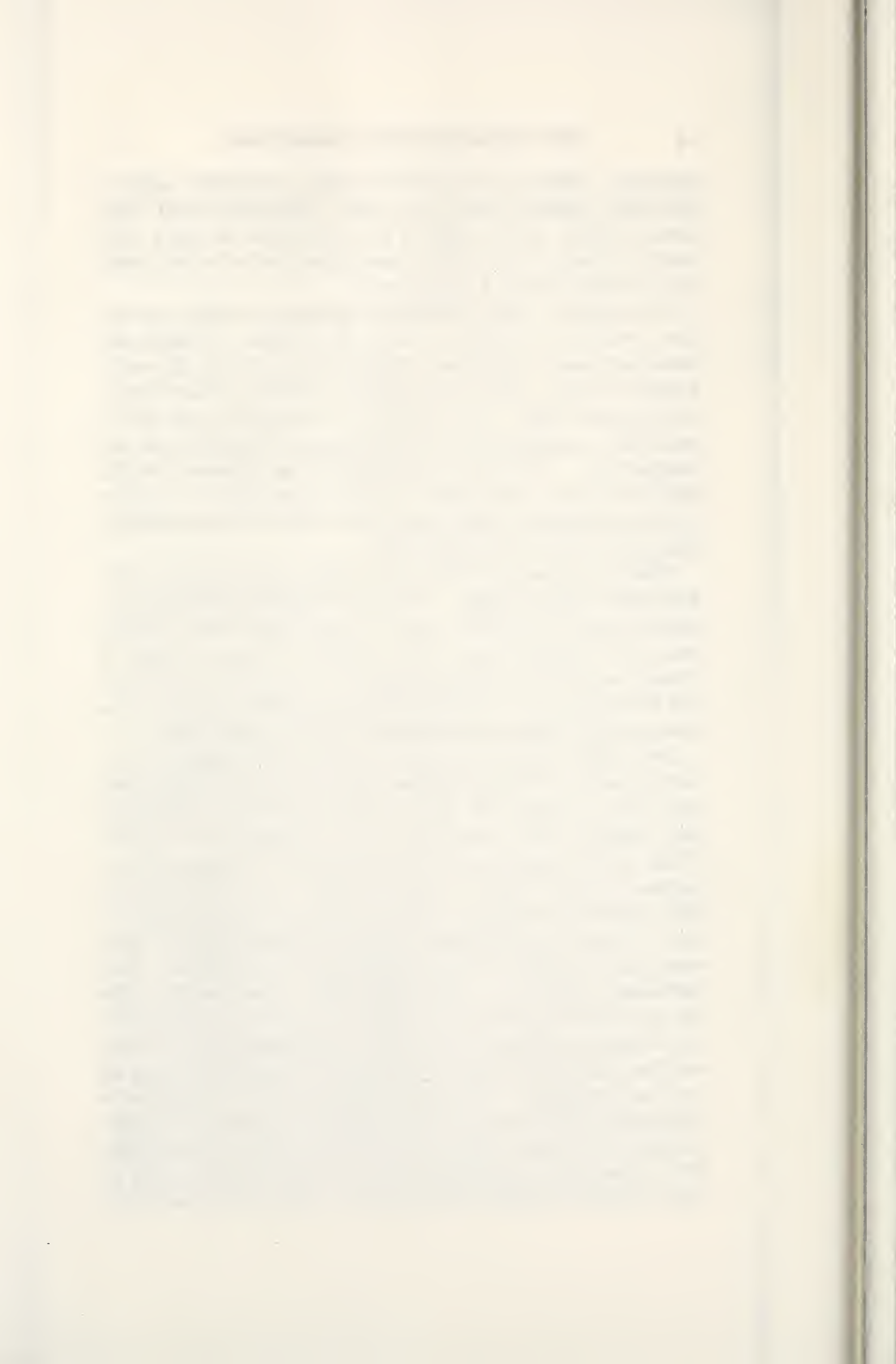
of the representatives of this family, and I think I was appointed on that committee—to make out a scheme for the publication of the work of the various historians. I suggested at that time this plan—that of the incorporation of the Reynolds Family Publication Committee, incorporated for the purpose of publishing the genealogy and the history, call it genealogy, indeed, a dry study unless it is livened up with events connecting these men and women whom we love to honor and revere with some important events in history. For if they have lived in vain, the mere detail of their lives that they lived, would be of little interest to any except their own line. I suggested that if such a thing were incorporated, the shares ought to be made small, say five dollars or six dollars or whatever in the judgment of the publication committee it would cost to publish it by the volume, for it would take more than one volume; or, of course, if it were all to be put in one volume, then the shares ought to be made at least twenty dollars. Nobody who has not made a study of genealogy can begin to realize the work that lies before the person who attempts to compile it. This little history here to-day has a good deal more in it than the casual observer would think because it is but one instance of the hundreds of discouraging things that meet the genealogist; not only from the imperfect knowledge of facts remote and misleading into by-ways and labyrinths of entanglements, but from the indifference of people who have little interest in the preservation of the family history. For instance, I had printed, for the use of my own line in Pennsylvania, a form—I think I have distributed several of these forms among you—and I sent them out to five or six hundred of the name. I got three replies, just three replies to the five hundred and something—five hundred and nine or ten—that I distributed; and for all of the information that I have been able to get I have had to use the screw of the Spanish Inquisition almost to get them to answer questions; not because they were not willing to do it, because at our local reunions they will promise faithfully, and they will make solemn acknowledgment within ten days to forward to me details that I particularly want, and I would not be able to get it and haven't got a great mass of it yet. And I want to say this work is going on; don't anybody for a moment think it is not

going on. There are some brave spirits, undaunted, who are absolutely fighting their kin to find something about their family history, and I think it is a good time to pay a well merited tribute to one who is here present and who will probably be cross because I have done it.

I have here a work which was published within the last year, which is, I think, a model of its kind. It takes the branch of James Reynolds. Beginning with James Reynolds it takes it down, and a very important branch of that family, to the present time. Not only that, of course my own line is practically completed down to the present time but there are ramifications. This family is as large as the Roosevelt family ought to be and it has been so in every generation. The fact is that Roosevelt's application of the scale of race suicide at this time would not be understood.

What I want to say is this: I recognize the remarks of Mr. Reynolds as being correct. They are founded on business experience, and in the view that we must take some practical steps in a financial way; not, perhaps, to have a corps of trained assistants at large salaries, or anything of that sort, but for the purpose of guaranteeing expenses to some who have the will without the financial ability to carry it out.

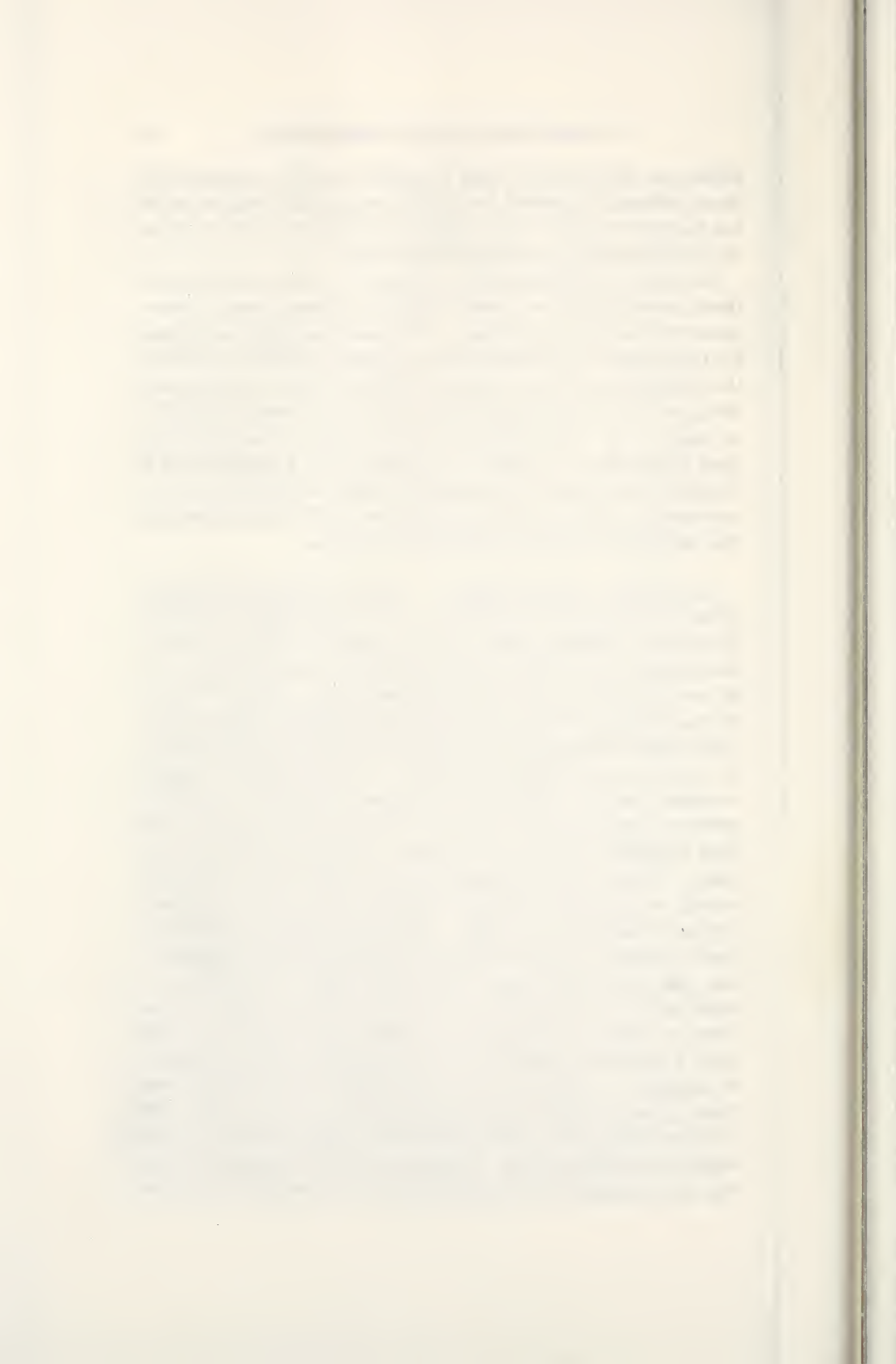
Mrs. Wight has done a great mass of genealogical work, and it has been of such excellent character as to encourage me two years ago that she would become historian, assistant to Mrs. Fosdick, if we have been able to persuade her to do it. If she will do it she has the knowledge and training and experience, exactly what we ought to have in that line to assist Mr. John Post Reynolds, who now occupies the post of Historian. I hope that before the meeting ends to-day we can persuade her to take that up as assistant to Mr. Reynolds. But the work is going on. I understand Mr. John Post Reynolds has his branch practically completed; that Mrs. Fosdick had her branch practically completed; and I think it would be an excellent thing if we could get this matter completed along as has been suggested. These genealogies could be printed as a serial and I think they should be bound; but I think it would be well, for instance, that each subscriber to the capital stock, if he subscribes, say twenty dollars, would have the right to have the work complete on publication; this to be payable five



dollars in advance, and then thereafter as fast as each additional volume is printed he should pay up the balance as he has pledged to pay, twenty dollars or whatever in the wisdom of the committee they thought wise to do.

But there is another thing. I hope with the publication of these genealogies these annual meetings, these annual conferences will not be discontinued. We have not come here alone for the purpose of publishing the genealogy and then lay down the traditions and the events of which we are a part, those things which we are contributing every day, because posterity is going to be more interested in our right doing, perhaps, than we are in our ancestors' well doing, and I suggest that if this line is taken up, that something along the line of the incorporation with this object should be acted upon perhaps at this meeting, or if not, at some later meeting.

DR. STREET, of New Haven: I would like to ask the gentleman who has been working out the genealogy of John of Weymouth whether there are any proofs of John of Weymouth and John of Watertown being the same individual. I for my part have proofs that they were not. John of Watertown and John of Weymouth were two entirely separate individuals and independent of each other, although early colonists of the towns in which they settled. I have a mass of matter—excuse me for referring to myself—a trunkful, as my wife who sits opposite me can testify, if no one else can, as I have been engaged a little in this kind of work myself for some years. I have no one apparently to represent me at all but myself, so you will excuse my boldness here to-day for speaking for myself and my work. My trunk contains probably as much matter as Mrs. Fosdick's on the Reynolds genealogy, and data, facts and dates, births, marriages, and deaths. I could add to it a great deal with this outside matter as the brother refers to as being very interesting, but you would have a Webster's Dictionary size of a book when you got it all together. I have been a book publisher and I know something about the book publishing business, and Mr. Reynolds has also been in the book publishing business and he knows what he is talking about. We know that this matter of forming an association and contributing a little money is what we



should do, I believe, to-day, subscribe to the stock what we feel able to do here to-day, and pay in the money right here to-day, and have it a settled matter what we are willing to subscribe to have this work commenced, the publication.

I should for my own part favor the idea of having it a serial commencing with John of Weymouth, if necessary, or John of Watertown, or William of Providence, or any of the others, of which there are a number, commencing a serial with the genealogy so far as they and their children were concerned; the first child, the first family, the families of the John, of the William, the James, if necessary, and print that first. Then follow the others along if necessary until they got down to the present generation of children. I should favor that very much and I am willing to subscribe and make myself a stockholder, if it will be started here to-day. If you propose to wait and put it off for further matter for the next five or ten years, I am not in it.

PRESIDENT: Any other remarks? We have with us business men who are accustomed to struggling with business problems; I would like to hear from some of the members who have not met with us heretofore.

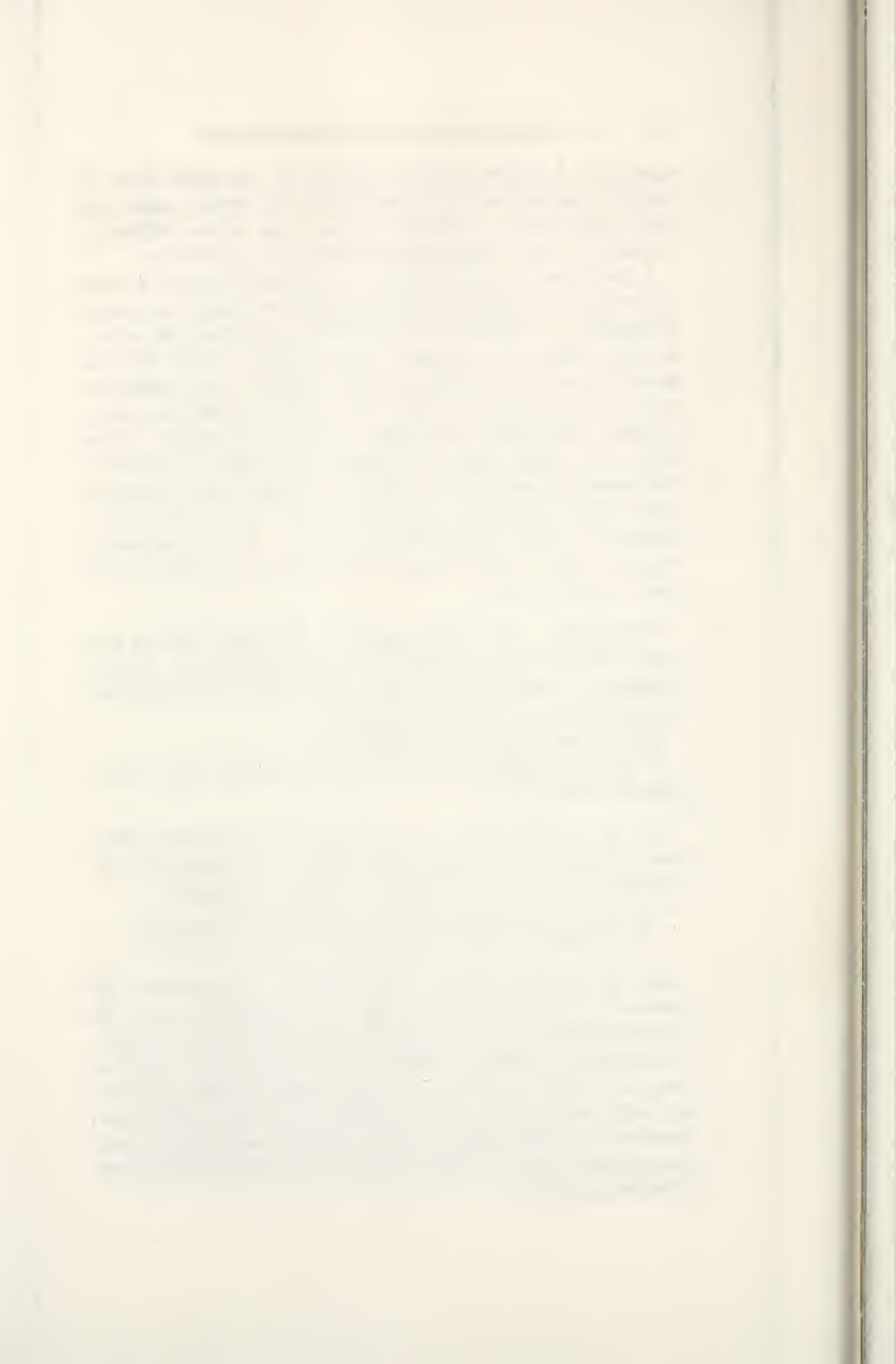
There is no motion before the house.

Is there anything further to be said in regard to this matter that you wish to say?

MR. T. A. REYNOLDS: I move that the committee heretofore appointed be continued, with power to act and solicit subscriptions through the Secretary. (Motion seconded.)

[That committee was: John P. Reynolds, Marcus T. Reynolds, J. T. Reynolds, Howard Reynolds of Boston, H. C. Reynolds.]

MR. H. D. REYNOLDS: *Mr. President:* I would ask the proposer of that resolution if we could embody in that the additional power to that committee to incorporate if necessary. I think that is a splendid idea, that of having the incorporation, and then it will be on business principles from the outset, and I believe it would accomplish something; and I would propose as an amendment to that, that this committee not only be appointed, but be given full power to incorporate as well. (Motion seconded.)



PRESIDENT: You didn't hear this motion, I think. Mr. Reynolds suggests an amendment and I would like to know if you are willing to accept it. Will you state your amendment?

MR. H. D. REYNOLDS: I ask that power be given to this committee you propose to not only accomplish the purposes for which they at present exist, but also to have the power, if in their judgment they see fit, to incorporate the company you propose, and thus put the business at once on a business basis.

MR. T. A. REYNOLDS: I accept the amendment. (Motion carried.)

MR. H. C. REYNOLDS, of Scranton: As a first step to this, I move we make a subscription list at this time to be subscribed to to-day for shares in the association subject to such rules and subject to the plan of the publication committee as may hereafter be formulated. I will dictate now, if you please, a subscription list for it, and if it could be prepared and circulated this afternoon it will be the first important step to our work. I will say if there is anything Mr. Reynolds or any one of the lawyers can do here, I think he or any one of the lawyers would be willing to procure a charter for us without expense other than the expense to the Department of State where we are incorporated.

FORM OF SUBSCRIPTION PAPER.

We, the undersigned, hereby subscribe the amounts set opposite our several names for the purpose of forming an association for the publication of the genealogy and history of the Reynolds families of America, to be issued under the auspices and for the benefit of the Reynolds Family Association. The profits of the enterprise after the payment of all expenses of publication to accrue to the Reynolds Family Association to be disposed of for the promotion of the continuance of the association, and to be at the disposal of the association hereafter.

MR. H. D. REYNOLDS: If that is put in the form of a motion, I certainly second it heartily.

MR. EDWIN REYNOLDS, of Providence: This is my first appearance in attending your meetings, and I think if this is to include all the different lines of the Reynolds family in this book, I certainly, for my own sake, would pay quite a little

to know which tribe I belong to if it is possible to find out. I think perhaps it would be more interesting to all of us to know if we could all be interested, that is, if this history is to cover each of the five lines—if I understand it now there are five distinct lines—and if we all understand that this book and its history is to interest all of us jointly we would certainly all be willing to subscribe, I think, quite a little.

MRS. WIGHT: *Mr. President, and Members of the Reynolds Family Association:* Perhaps I will just make a little explanation about a little pamphlet that I published. I am not so very proud of it, but the reason I did it was to preserve the records I had in my possession. I had a feeling that I might die and the records be lost, and they might be of some use to some one, so I spent my time and strength since the last meeting I attended—it was the last meeting, I think, that Mrs. Fosdick was present—and it was advised then that each one look after their own branch. Well, I felt rather faint just then, but I thought that that was demanded. I immediately went to work and have my branch complete from James I have it clear to William. I took the records—but there has been so much dispute over those that I merely yielded to the ex-Governor. Still, I am in doubt yet but I could have gone farther back and not commenced with James. I have my own line straight and correct as far as I am able to do, and I put it in pamphlet form. I have spent all the money in the publication and all the strength in the work that I feel as though I can in that one family thinking that might pay. I have a number of those pamphlets published, so if it will benefit any one they are welcome to them. If there are errors, I didn't mean there should be; but I think of what is already published, and it is incomplete in many instances. The family of my own line is complete, wholly, but there are families I would write to, perhaps, and ask them and urge them to send the names, the full name, all the ages, places, births, etc., and I would get back from that one an incomplete list. Well, after the publication then I got letters "Why didn't you print so and so in the family?" "They had so many more children." "Well, the dates were so and so;" and I hadn't strength to reply. If they had sent the dates I would have been more than pleased

1. The first of these is the fact that the
 2. of the system is not a simple one.
 3. The second is that the system is not a simple one.
 4. The third is that the system is not a simple one.

1. The first of these is the fact that the
 2. of the system is not a simple one.
 3. The second is that the system is not a simple one.
 4. The third is that the system is not a simple one.

1. The first of these is the fact that the
 2. of the system is not a simple one.
 3. The second is that the system is not a simple one.
 4. The third is that the system is not a simple one.

1. The first of these is the fact that the
 2. of the system is not a simple one.
 3. The second is that the system is not a simple one.
 4. The third is that the system is not a simple one.

1. The first of these is the fact that the
 2. of the system is not a simple one.
 3. The second is that the system is not a simple one.
 4. The third is that the system is not a simple one.

to publish them. It is very incomplete, but that is why I did it—to save what few records I had. I have used what money I felt I could, and I think it is very doubtful if I can use very much more, for I have completed mine.



Letters of Regret.

We have letters of regret from:

Howard Reynolds, Boston.
Lewis G. Reynolds, Dayton, O.
John T. Reynolds, Media, Pa.
Dr. George B. Reynolds, Baltimore.
Mrs. F. A. Westervelt, Hackensack, N. J.
Joseph T. Richards, Philadelphia.
Dr. H. V. Reynolds, Marietta, Ga.
Edward C. Reynolds, Portland, Me.
Ex-Governor J. J. Reynolds, Wickford, R. I.
Rev. W. B. Reynolds, Bethel, Vt.
Hon. James E. Campbell, New York.



PRESIDENT: I said a moment ago I believed that was all of the business, but there are one or two matters before we proceed to the election of officers. There is a matter regarding the life membership fee about which your President recommended that the matter be considered. The life membership at present is twenty-five dollars. We haven't received very many members; at least a few have taken advantage of the life membership arrangement, and we have had several expressions from members that if the membership fee was less we would have more life members. They appear to figure on this plan somewhat: If a man pays twenty-five dollars for life membership fee, that is equivalent to fifty payments regular fee, and some of us are beginning to think that we won't have to pay fifty regular fees. I should like to hear an expression on that point. The fee at present is twenty-five dollars. Would we get any more at ten or fifteen or twenty than at twenty-five?



MR. REYNOLDS, of New York: Inasmuch as Judge Reynolds—I think he is called, if he isn't, he should be—has suggested that this matter of life membership would be included in the stock when the stock was issued by the corporation, wouldn't it be advisable to leave it in the hands of the committee, who have charge of the matter of incorporation and the matter of history? Leave it in their hands. It seems to me that that would be the best way to work it out, through the issuing of that stock.

PRESIDENT: That would be very proper.

MR. H. D. REYNOLDS: Second the motion. I think that is an excellent suggestion. (Motion carried.)

MR. JOHN P. REYNOLDS, of Bristol: I am going to make a suggestion to amend, and that is that the person who does all the work as historian shall be elected Historian. I think it is much better because he has done all the work and I have not done any, and I don't think I should have the honor while he is doing all the work, so I shall suggest that amendment. In other words, that Mr. Howard Reynolds be elected Historian instead of Assistant Historian and my name be dropped. (All the officers elected as nominated.)

MR. JOSEPH G. REYNOLDS: *Mr. President:* I don't know whether those who have suggestions to make in regard to the place of meeting will have to labor with that committee or labor with the association as a whole, but I would like to press the claims of Wickford, Rhode Island, as a place of meeting for the association. The Connecticut people have had it; and Bristol has had it; and I think that Wickford, which has many historical land-marks pertaining to the Reynolds family, that it should meet there, and we can entertain them by showing them these old places where James Reynolds and William Reynolds lie. And there are a number of places that will be of historical interest to all people who are of the William Reynolds line.

PRESIDENT: I am sure the committee will consider Wickford.

THE HISTORY OF THE

REIGN OF
HENRY THE FIRST
BY
JOHN GILBERT FROTHINGHAM
OF
NEW ENGLAND
IN
THE
YEAR OF OUR LORD 1794

THE
FIRST
VOLUME
OF
THE
HISTORY OF THE
REIGN OF
HENRY THE FIRST

BY
JOHN GILBERT FROTHINGHAM
OF
NEW ENGLAND
IN
THE
YEAR OF OUR LORD 1794

THE
FIRST
VOLUME
OF
THE
HISTORY OF THE
REIGN OF
HENRY THE FIRST
BY
JOHN GILBERT FROTHINGHAM
OF
NEW ENGLAND
IN
THE
YEAR OF OUR LORD 1794

MEMBER: I wish to speak in regard to that matter and urge the claims of Wickford for the next annual meeting of the association that Joseph Reynolds has spoken, and also it is very accessible, on the line of the railroad and can be reached from Newport or Providence very readily, and in addition to that the facilities for entertainment are all right, and the many historical points will be very interesting, as it is also near to Narragansett Pier, points of recreation and travel, etc., and I hope the association will entertain the invitation and accept it. (Motion seconded.)

PRESIDENT: The Chair appoints the following committee to provide a place for holding the 1906 meeting: Mr. Joseph G. Reynolds, of Wickford, Mr. H. C. Reynolds, of Scranton, Mr. J. P. Reynolds, of Bristol, and Mr. George A. Reynolds, of Hartford.

That committee should report in time for the announcement before the close of the banquet at three o'clock.



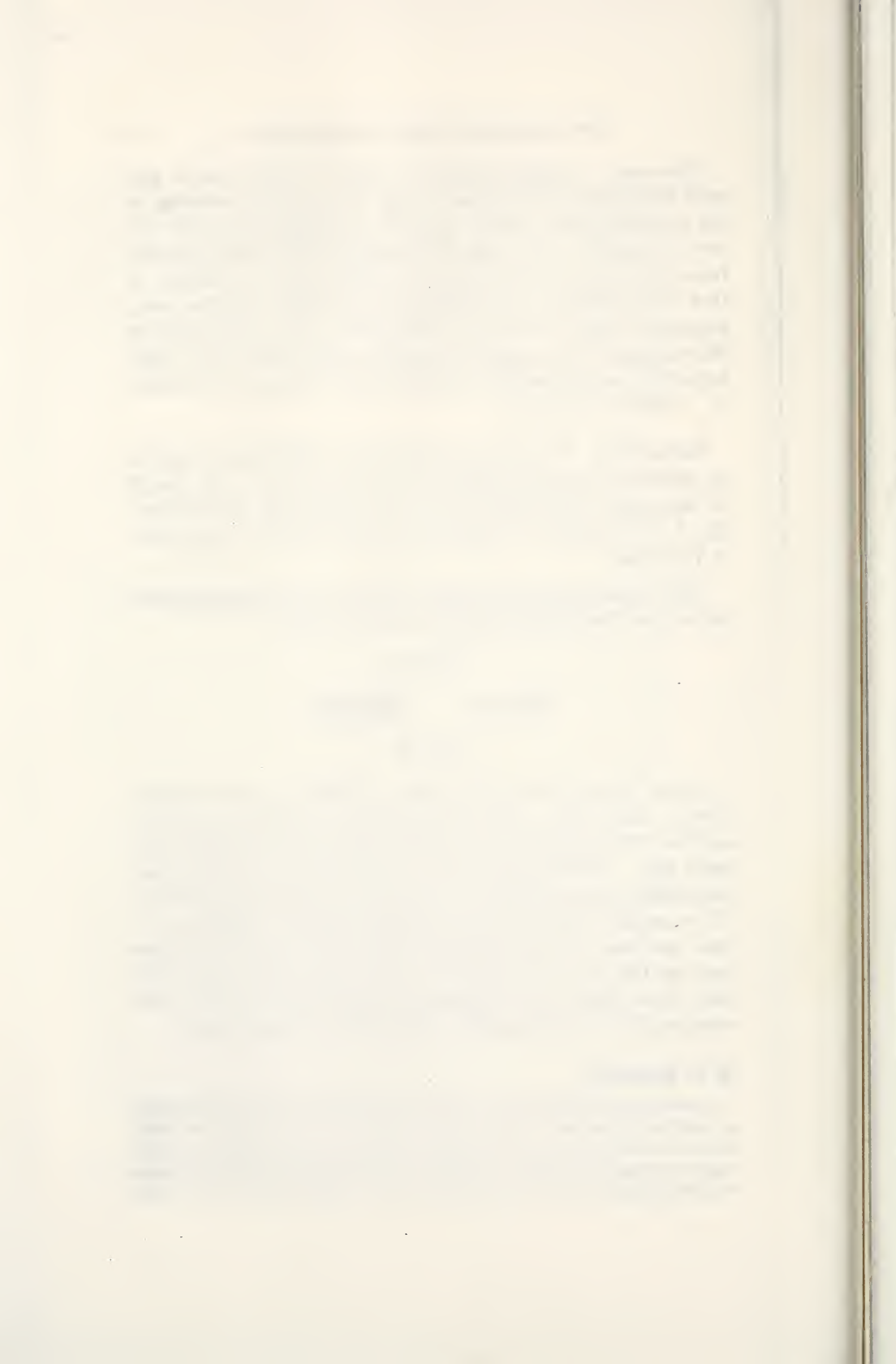
Recess. Banquet.



JUDGE JOHN POST REYNOLDS: *Members of the Reynolds Family Association:* You all remember, or most of you remember, the very pleasant meeting that we had in Bristol two years ago. At that time we were fortunate in having as our toastmaster Judge George G. Reynolds, of Brooklyn, and you all remember who made the principal speech on that day. It was one that we all listened to with a great deal of interest and we felt that we wanted to hear a good deal more from him in the future, so I am going to name him to-day for toastmaster—Mr. H. C. Reynolds, of Scranton, Pennsylvania.

H. C. Reynolds.

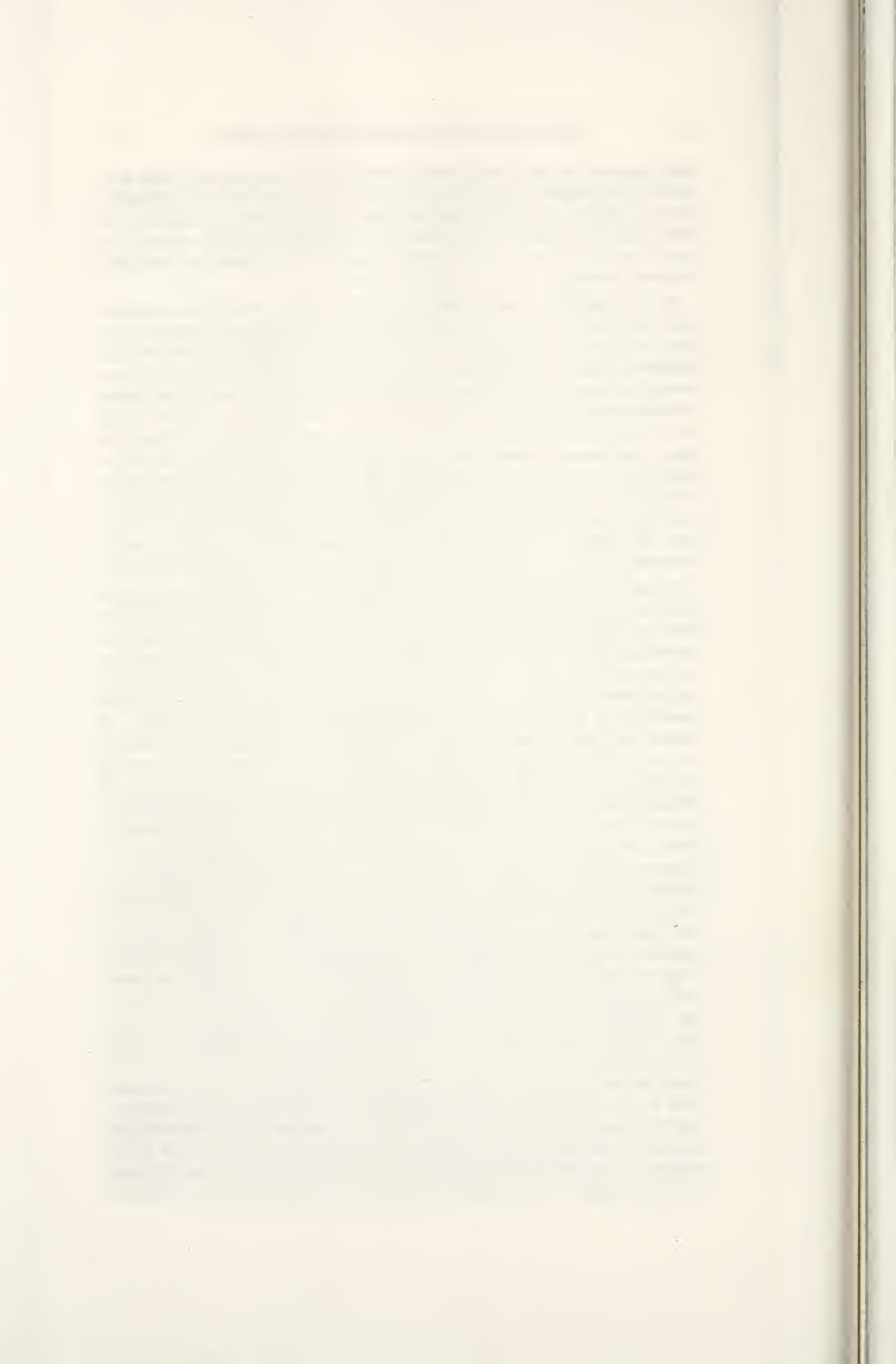
Kinsmen and Kinswomen: I think that Judge Reynolds, in the spirit of retaliation because I had insisted upon his being a victim, proceeded to do as much as he possibly could to injure any fair prospects I might have in pleasing you to-day. There isn't anything on earth more dampens the average man who can't talk than to have some one introduce



him who says he can; and the only reflection I can make of Judge Reynolds is that when I finish you will all know that he should have been a lawyer and his profession properly was that, and that any misrepresentation that he is guilty of here to-day has not been because there is no moral attributed to it. It is merely a sort of a vengeance because I had chosen him among others to address you.

In the inception of my remarks I want to thank you all for the honor you conferred upon me in appointing me, or assigning me to the very agreeable duty of presiding at this dinner. I hope that the wit and wisdom of the speakers whom I shall call upon to address you may keep merry company and profitable company with the topics of this occasion. I think perhaps that the reflection that was cast upon an English medical professor will be in a sense cast upon me when I have finished to-day. He desired to announce to his class that he had been appointed to some new honor, so he wrote upon the blackboard of his class-room, "Professor — was this day appointed physician for Queen Victoria," and he was grieved on entering later to find written underneath, "God save the Queen." I won't make any promises that you won't in a sense express that as your opinion after I have finished my duties for the day.

We are assembled here to honor the memories of the fathers; to honor their record of right living for God and country. Not in an egotistical spirit of self-congratulation, but we meet rather for the purpose of promotion of that *esprit de corps*. That a consideration of their character and patriotism may serve to encourage the inculcation and the following of their example. Some one has well said that in treasuring the memories of the fathers we manifest our best regard for posterity. I think this a fair deduction, and I think that our purpose is here to-day not so much to pride ourselves upon the fact that we had ancestors worthy of emulation but that we each one of us aim to make that record unsullied and that we, too, may make good ancestors yet to posterity. If the lives of our ancestors have furnished examples worthy of emulation, a consideration of their virtues and patriotism cannot but serve to advance the best interests of posterity. Let us advocate a nobility of character and an aristocracy of brain, for after all, these are the essential prerequisites to the enjoyment of that higher literary, intelligent enjoyment of the world's goods, and we, every one of us, should seek to promote that at the expense of everything else. Mere political ability is the last thing I think that the average democratic American or democratic Reynolds would plume himself upon. I can assure you that in my research of the family records I find a clean escutcheon. It is true that James Reynolds was carried off a prisoner to Hartford and there incarcerated in the common jail. That, no doubt, will be a shock to many of you, but it is a fact. His offense, however, lay in the charge that he had refused to acknowledge the sovereignty of Connecticut to govern Narragansett, and because he so refused he was carried off, as I have said before, a prisoner and was there incarcerated because of his refusal to acknowledge the allegiance of this great and beautiful state of Connecticut. He, with his companions, were made the subject of



representation to the king wherein it was charged that they were carried off captive to Hartford and that the cause of this was that he defied the right of Connecticut to govern the people of Narragansett. I know that he was liberated, and I know that his liberation was caused by a petition addressed to his majesty the king in which Rhode Island bitterly complained of this dispute about the line between the state of Connecticut and Rhode Island, and I know that his stubborn obstinacy and his contention for what he believed was right was correct, and he lived to see the correctness of his position admitted even by the great state of Connecticut.

If you should ask me what these actors did which entitle them to the honors we confer upon them, which entitled the memory of their deed to have drawn us back in common veneration, I would refer you to the pages of history; the long roll of men and women of the name who have left our names indelibly inscribed upon the military and civil achievements of our nation. Before Quebec, under the standard of the king, fighting for the government that they then loved because they had not yet been estranged from the mother country, our Reynolds were there. And so in all the wars from that time until the Spanish war that name appeared upon every muster roll, it was heard upon every battle field, it was heard in every roll call, and I have the pleasure of saying to you now that whatever the cause they enlisted in I have yet to find a coward or a traitor among them. I don't mean by that that if a man were south of the Mason and Dixon line and he had imbued in his nature the idea that separation was justified, that he might not have fought for the lost cause; that he might not have fought for perhaps what we in the north are wont to believe was wrong; but if he fought, he fought bravely as becomes a man who believes in the principle he fought for, and that, it seems to me, is the test of true patriotism. Who shall say for one moment that I am right, when you in your opinion, from your view point, believe you are right, and each of us have adherents equally honest upon a common proposition? I should not be the first to criticise the man who has fought for a lost cause, nor the last to give him the credit that would be due him if in fighting he fought well.

So from the humblest to the highest of these I have found an unsullied record. I have found something to treasure and something to emulate. In the military and civil life of the family, few families can claim a higher or more honorable place. If you will examine your family history, if you will examine into the great events of the life and times of your ancestors you will find a new and personal interest in the study of history. Some one has said that genealogy as a story is like a potato; it is the story of the best part of the family because it is under ground. I want to say that the man who derides genealogy is the man who hasn't got any genealogical record. He is the one to decry it. But I say, if holding before the rising generation, if holding before our eyes always a higher ideal for right living, if encouraging the emulation of great examples both in the moral and in the historical and the civil life of the nation, I say, if examples are worthy of emulation

The first of these was the discovery of gold in California in 1848. This led to a great influx of people to California and the establishment of the state in 1850. The second was the discovery of gold in Colorado in 1859. This led to a great influx of people to Colorado and the establishment of the state in 1876. The third was the discovery of gold in Nevada in 1859. This led to a great influx of people to Nevada and the establishment of the state in 1864.

The fourth was the discovery of gold in Idaho in 1860. This led to a great influx of people to Idaho and the establishment of the state in 1890. The fifth was the discovery of gold in Montana in 1864. This led to a great influx of people to Montana and the establishment of the state in 1889. The sixth was the discovery of gold in Wyoming in 1869. This led to a great influx of people to Wyoming and the establishment of the state in 1890.

The seventh was the discovery of gold in Utah in 1871. This led to a great influx of people to Utah and the establishment of the state in 1896. The eighth was the discovery of gold in Arizona in 1876. This led to a great influx of people to Arizona and the establishment of the state in 1909. The ninth was the discovery of gold in New Mexico in 1880. This led to a great influx of people to New Mexico and the establishment of the state in 1906.

The tenth was the discovery of gold in Texas in 1884. This led to a great influx of people to Texas and the establishment of the state in 1845. The eleventh was the discovery of gold in Louisiana in 1884. This led to a great influx of people to Louisiana and the establishment of the state in 1804. The twelfth was the discovery of gold in Mississippi in 1884. This led to a great influx of people to Mississippi and the establishment of the state in 1821.

The thirteenth was the discovery of gold in Alabama in 1884. This led to a great influx of people to Alabama and the establishment of the state in 1788. The fourteenth was the discovery of gold in Georgia in 1884. This led to a great influx of people to Georgia and the establishment of the state in 1776. The fifteenth was the discovery of gold in South Carolina in 1884. This led to a great influx of people to South Carolina and the establishment of the state in 1776.

The sixteenth was the discovery of gold in North Carolina in 1884. This led to a great influx of people to North Carolina and the establishment of the state in 1776. The seventeenth was the discovery of gold in Virginia in 1884. This led to a great influx of people to Virginia and the establishment of the state in 1776.

that we are justified in preserving the traditions of our families in order that the rising generation may have something to live up to. Who can read and fail to note that it was a Reynolds who sat as a justice upon the fate of Charles I. and signed his death warrant? Who will forget that it was a Reynolds who went down to death at Gettysburg, and that he, with a host of others, had left to us an inheritance which is indeed, and should be, a precious example to generations yet to come?

But I must not protract my duties unduly. To the festivities of this occasion have been added a rich intellectual feast to which I now have the pleasure of inviting your heart and head. One thing that surprises me somewhat in my investigations is that I have discovered a poet. The average Reynolds is so intensely practical that he has never had time to do anything in art or in poetry; but I am happy to say that we now have with us to-day one who has written several very excellent pieces of poetry which have been read from time to time in our meetings.

I have the pleasure of introducing to you Miss Celia M. Reynolds, who will now read a poem which you will find inscribed on the third page of the menu.



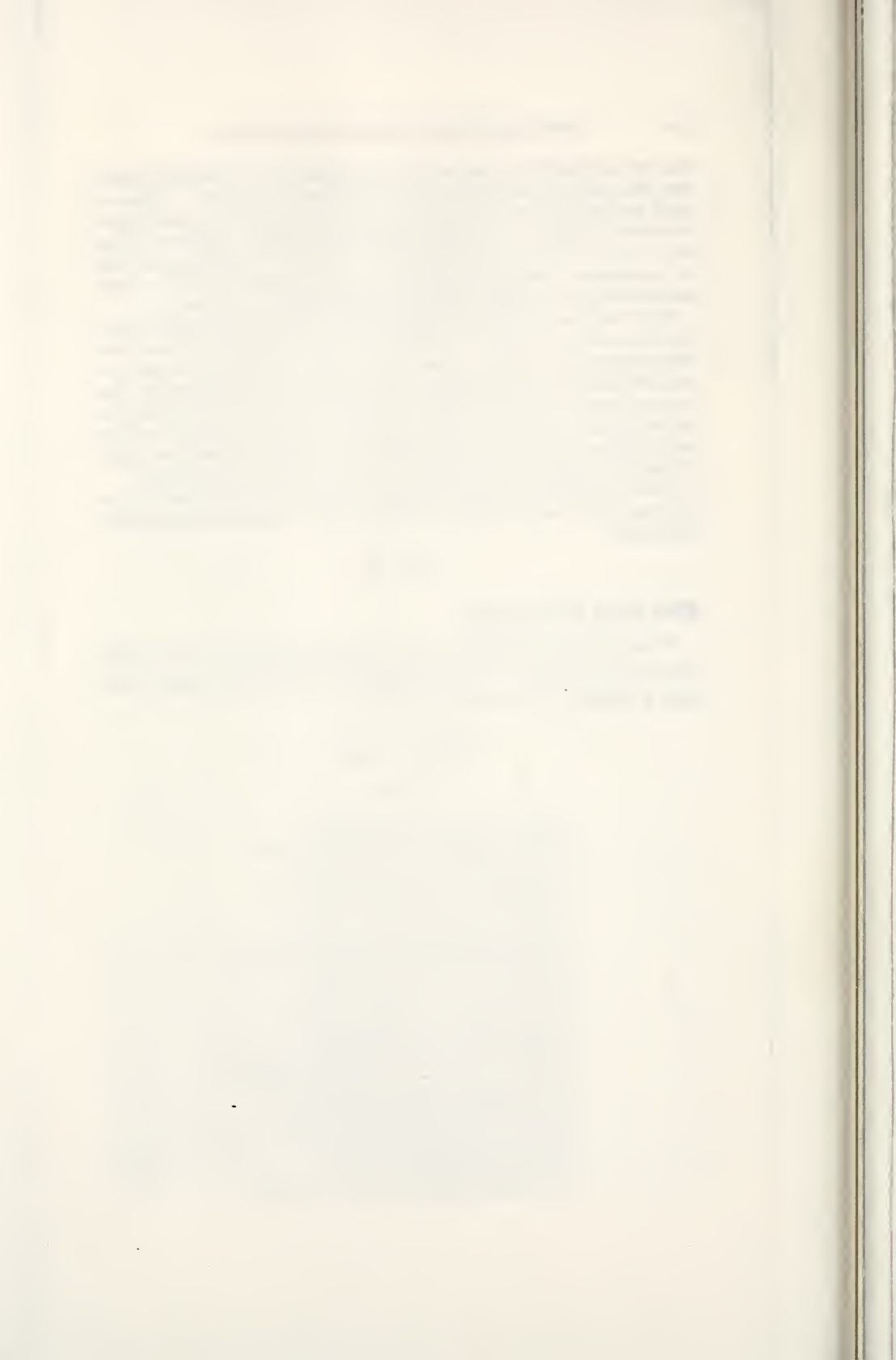
Miss Celia M. Reynolds.

It would seem hardly as if it was necessary for me to read it, as you all have it on the program; but if it is thought best that I should, I am willing to do so.

OUR TREE.



A year has sped its rapid round
 Since on the shore of the blue sound
 One beauteous, sunny day we met.
 That meeting's pleasure lingers yet.
 And like a voice on summer air,
 Calls us to-day from paths of care,
 To sit at Friendship's bounteous board,
 And sip the joy her cups afford.
 The while we sip, before our eyes
 The branches of a strong tree rise,
 Outreaching in the century-suns,
 While rich the life-sap through them runs.
 We mark the foliage thick and bright,
 The fruitage full and fair to sight;
 And we are filled with glad amaze
 As long and earnestly we gaze.
 It may be an imperfect leaf
 We here and there may find with grief.



Or 'mid the plenty some scarce fruit
 That worm-wrecked is, and ill doth suit;
 But yet the tree is grand and good,
 And good and grand hath ever stood.
 The Reynolds Tree! long may it grow
 Through summer green and winter snow!
 And may the Mighty Husbandman
 Who placed it in His garden-plan,
 In future years as in the past
 His kind protection 'round it cast,
 His pruning hand upon it lay
 If any branch be best away,
 His all-enriching grace bestow
 To make its life the purer flow!
 The fruit it yields O may He bless
 To nourish peace and cure distress,
 To satisfy some great world-need,
 Some universal hunger feed!
 So, with its being justified,
 It still shall spread its branches wide
 Among the thriftiest trees that shade
 This fair earth-garden God hath made.
 And one day shall our spirit-eyes—
 New-opened then— to Paradise
 Transplanted see our own loved Tree,
 A part of Heaven for aye to be.



TOASTMASTER: I had hoped to listen to a speech from Lewis G. Reynolds, President of the Carnation League of America, who lives in Dayton, Ohio. It is poor satisfaction, perhaps, to have his presence only by reading his letter of regret, but it is so excellent that I shall read it, and I think all can subscribe to the context.

We received this morning a telegram from him in which he says, "Hope for successful reunion, and regret that I cannot be with you. LEWIS G. REYNOLDS."

DAYTON, Ohio, August 14, 1905.

Mr. Giles L. Reynolds,

President Reynolds Family Association,

New London, Connecticut:

MY DEAR SIR:

It is with profound regret that I find myself obliged to notify you that it will be physically impossible for me to be with you on Thursday at the fourteenth annual reunion of our family association.

Published Weekly, except during the months of June and July, when it is published bi-weekly.
 Vol. 48, No. 1, January 1, 1932.
 Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Subscription price, \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies, 15 cents.
 Entered as Second-Class Matter, June 26, 1925, Post Office at Chicago, Ill., under No. 102,363.
 Accepted for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on July 16, 1931.
 Postage paid at Chicago, Ill.

THE JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
 PUBLISHED WEEKLY
 Vol. 48, No. 1, January 1, 1932
 Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.
 Subscription price, \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies, 15 cents.
 Entered as Second-Class Matter, June 26, 1925, Post Office at Chicago, Ill., under No. 102,363.
 Accepted for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on July 16, 1931.
 Postage paid at Chicago, Ill.

I regret it not only because I may not have the pleasure of meeting you all, and thus be brought into closer communion with those of our own blood, but because I shall not have an opportunity to speak to you upon a subject which is of very great interest to me, and should be to all of us.

"Posterity" is a very comprehensive word if one will but look at it from the proper view point. We are too apt, perhaps, to think that posterity means those of our own family who shall follow after us.

I think there never was a time in the history of our nation when there was greater need for good men and good women than right now. Men who are dependable; whose public and private lives are such as reflect credit upon themselves, and upon the whole people. Men who can be depended upon for good, honest service in every walk of life, and whose work, well done, even though it be modest, shall leave an impress here which shall be seen or felt by posterity for generations.

Good citizenship is the truest safeguard of any nation, and it is the ever present purpose of The Carnation League of America, with which I have the pleasure of being associated, to foster all those things which will tend to bring about a continued growth of good citizenship among all the people, not alone for the good it may be to the present generation, but for the greater good which may come to, and be enjoyed by, posterity.

The destiny of the United States of America as a christianizing element in the world's work is recognized by every intelligent people on the globe, whether they will or no, and the fulfilment of that destiny depends largely, if not entirely, upon a continued growth of good citizenship among all the people, and a desire and determination on their part to live up to the best traditions of our country, holding to that which is good, avoiding all that is ill, adding strength and firmness to the present, which we enjoy, at the same time buttressing the future for the enjoyment of posterity.

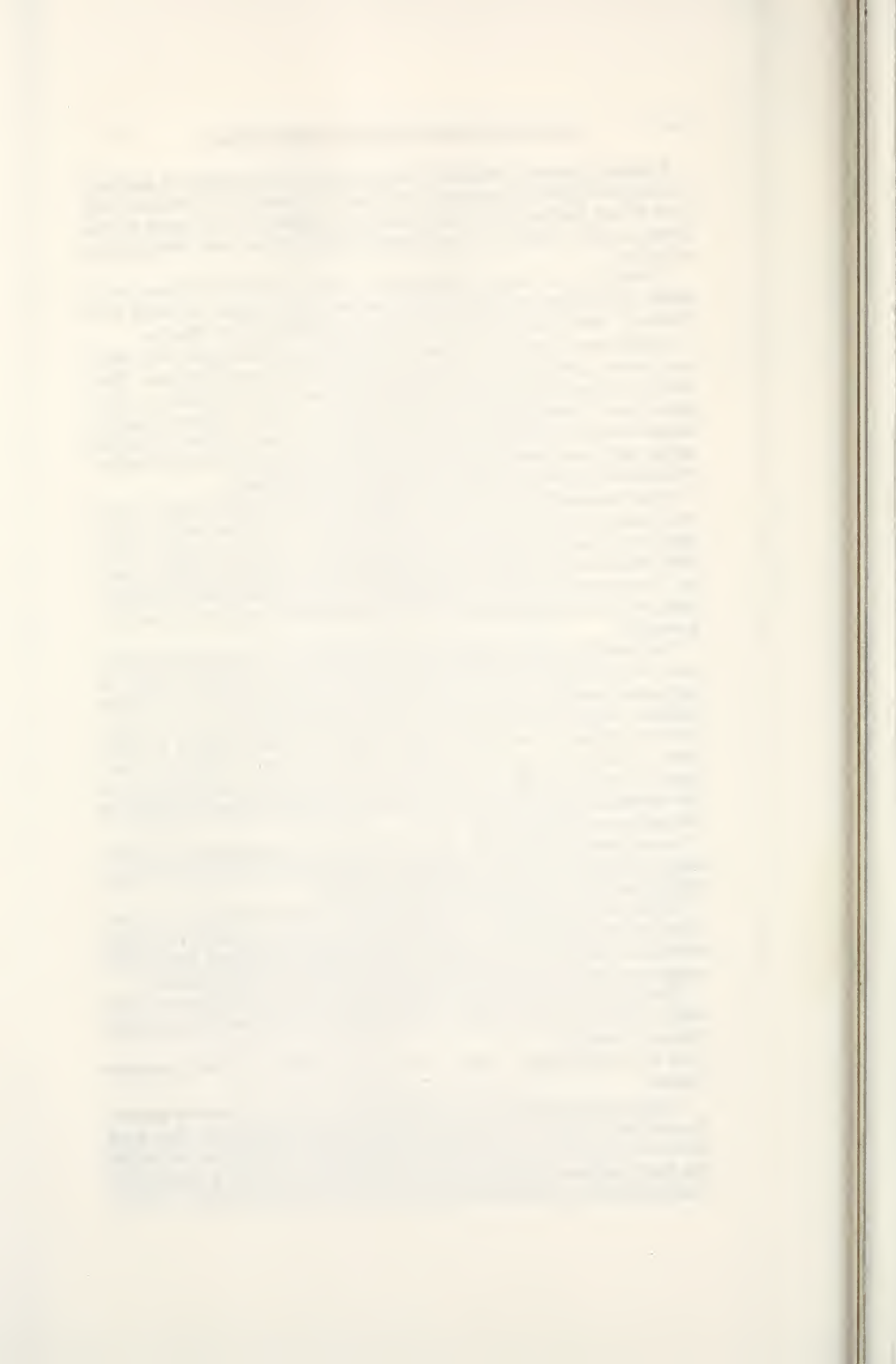
I trust that the Reynolds Family Association has among its number many a member who may add glory to the name by doing many things which may make posterity glad that he lived.

Permit me to commend to you the "Creed" of the Carnation League, as per the enclosed copy. I should like to see every member of our Association subscribe to it, and may I also express the hope that before separating you may join in singing a stanza of the National Hymn.

I shall be with you in spirit on Thursday, be assured of that, and shall make a more determined effort than ever to be with you in the flesh at the next reunion.

In this connection I ought to read the "Creed" of the Carnation League:

"Believing that the future greatness of my country can best be assured by a growth of good citizenship among all the people, and that good citizenship may be promoted by keeping fresh in our hearts and minds the best traditions of our country, and that this can, in a measure, be accomplished by a proper observance of all our national days, I charge

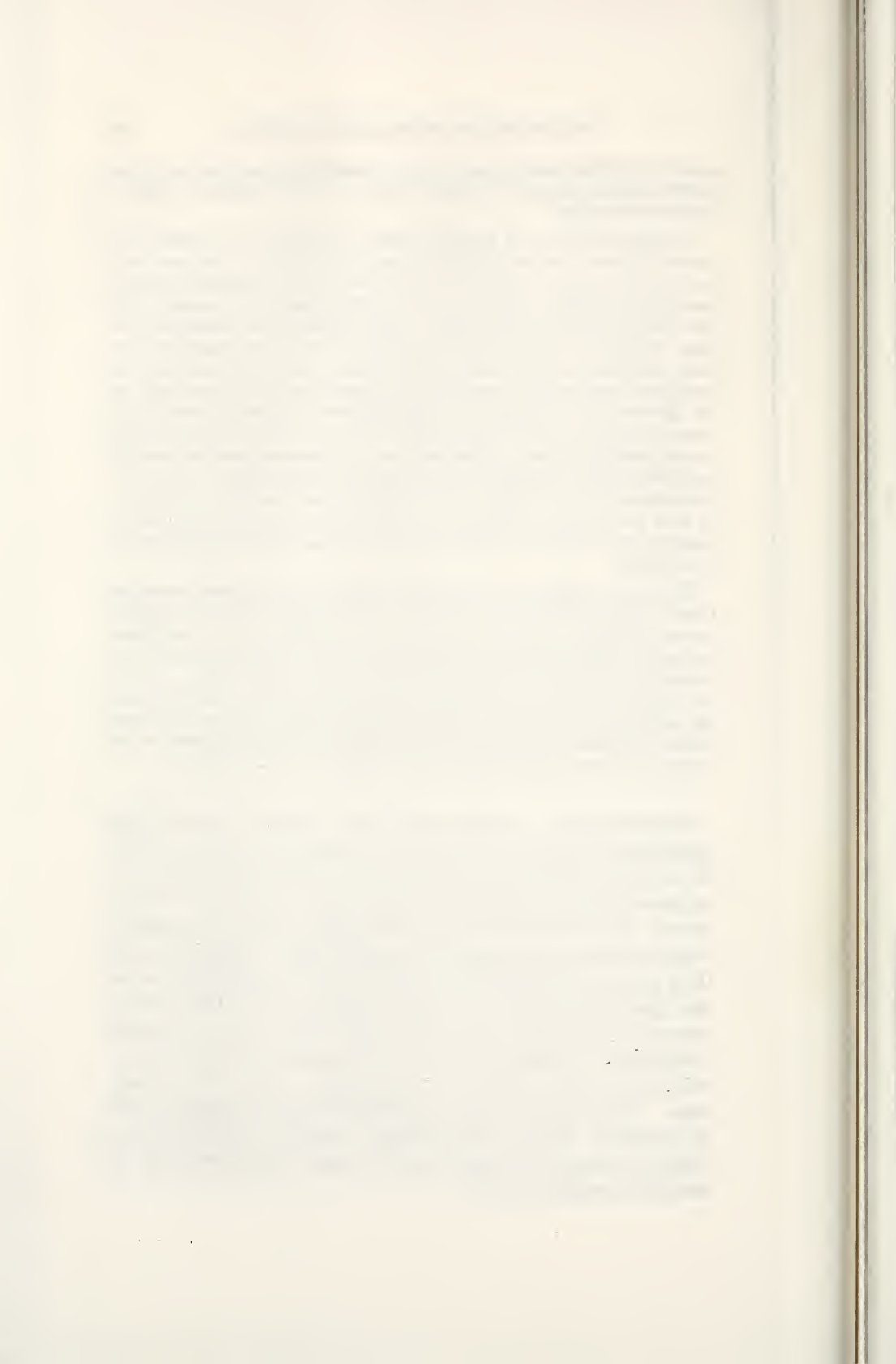


myself from this time forward, to give thoughtful consideration to the patriotic lesson presented by each such day, and to endeavor to have others do the same."

I don't think there is a Reynolds within the sound of my voice, who honors and loves the traditions of his people, descended as you are from men who have made the state and saved the state—at least done their part—I don't think it will give you any trouble whatever to comply with the creed of the Carnation League. Three times in the history of this great republic we have been called upon to mourn the death of our chief magistrate at the hands of the assassin. Always these men are foreigners brought from the shores of governments where the hand of the government and the heel of the governor is pressed upon them, whatever personal liberty there might be in the individual, always and forever putting it down. When we have a government by a free people, instituted for a free people and governed by a free people, it seems incomprehensible to us, indeed, that coming here where liberty is drawn in with the air they breathe they seem to have drawn in a spirit of anarchy, and that liberty instead of enlightening them has been turned into license.

The idol, I might say, of the whole country; the trusted, unselfish friend; the tender and loving husband; the example of all that is good in our American life; the great and brave soldier; the accomplished statesman, stricken down by the hand he was about to clasp; loved and revered, his virtues are canonized in the hearts of his people. How beautiful it is, then, the thought that the flower he loved shall become the emblem of his friends to attest his gentle, kindly manner, the manliness of the man who lived in one of the most important epochs in the history of his country of which he was indeed the central figure.

TOASTMASTER: I regret more than I can tell you that this gentleman is not here, so eloquent an expression is this, so full of patriotic sentiment comes from him, and it stamps him as a representative of a family that has always borne an excellent record, one of the best records the country affords for patriotism and honor and integrity and right living. It may be that they have not filled quite so conspicuously the high places in the government, but it is also conspicuous to the man or woman who pursues his family record that the traditions of the family have been lived up to constantly from that time, from the earliest history of this country up to the present time. It remains for us to say whether these traditions shall be preserved intact and unsullied; whether we shall hand down to posterity a clean record of right living for them to emulate through all time.



I now have the pleasure of introducing to you the Rev. Walter E. Reynolds, of Southampton, Pa.

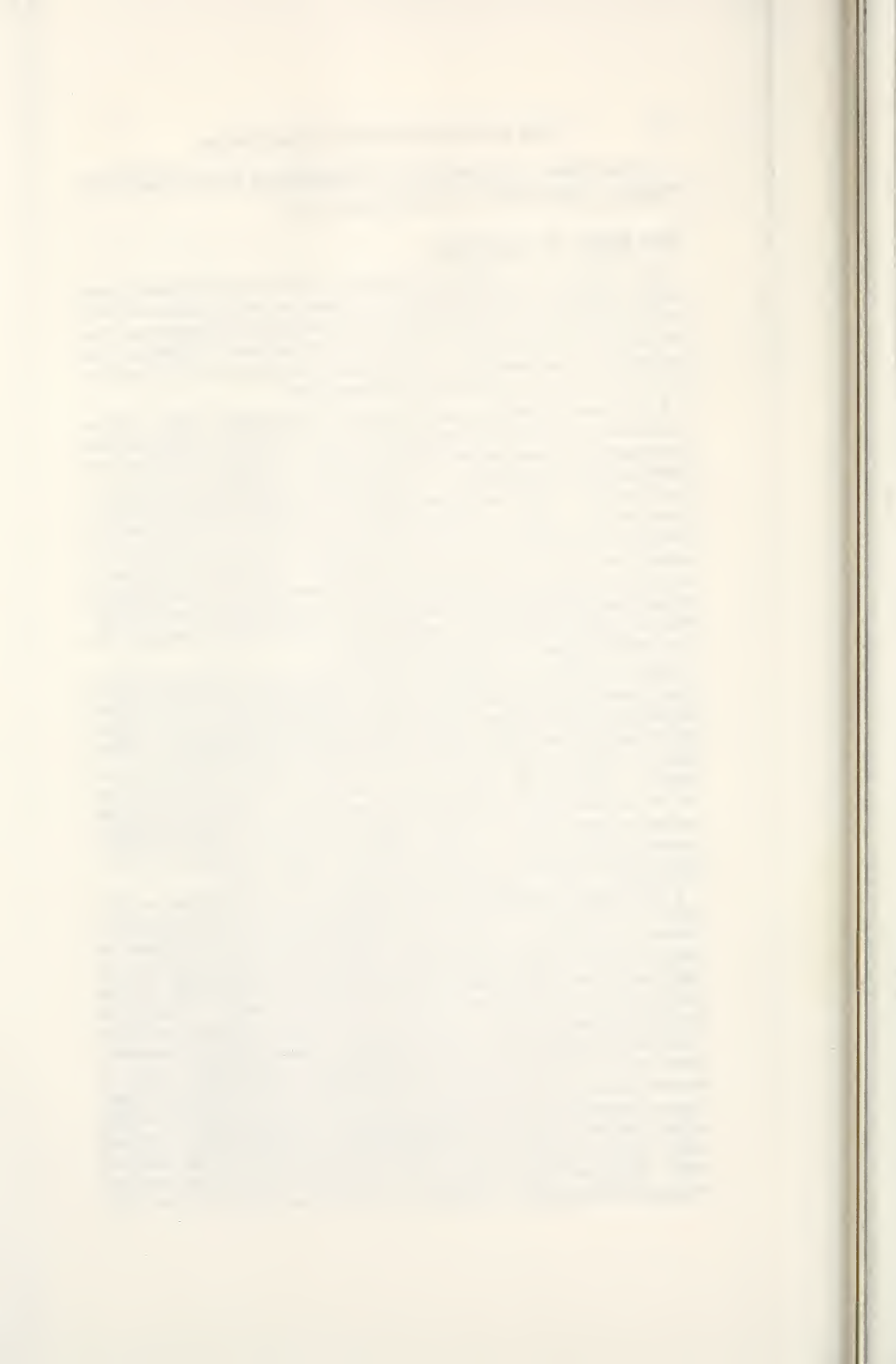
Rev. Walter E. Reynolds.

Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies and Gentlemen of the Reynolds Family Association.—The man who is called upon to make a speech and has a speech in his inside pocket or in his head, may be considered a happy man, but the man who is called upon to make a speech and hasn't a speech in his pocket or in his head, may be considered among men most miserable, so I ask you for your condolence this afternoon.

I have made addresses which were not long sermons under various conditions and in various places, but this is the first time I have ever had the pleasure of speaking at a family reunion. The great difficulty is in knowing what to talk about. I have known very little about the Reynolds family. I have seen more people by that name here to-day than I have ever seen before. I expect when I get home my wife will ask me what sort of a looking crowd it was, and I have just been thinking here what I was going to say about it and thought I would tell her the ladies were in the majority and there was nothing complimentary which could be left unsaid; the gentlemen must be very, very brainy because I noticed that the most of them were predisposed toward baldness, because the bald head is rather in evidence here to-day.

Last year during my vacation I took a little trip down through McKean county looking for tombstones and other monuments on which the name of Reynolds was inscribed, and I learned something on that trip about the preëminence of the ladies. I found the grave of my grandfather in a little country church yard, but I found some other tombstones much in evidence. I found one of Mary Jane Lavett, not a large stone—about that large—and also her first husband was along side it. Farther down in the corner a little stone about knee high and on it the only inscription was this: "Mary Jane's second husband." And it cheered me up. I hadn't found very many humorous incidents before that.

I was rather impressed with the letter from the gentleman of the Carnation League. I think it is true that most of us are taking a too narrow view of life. I remember listening to George W. Payne of Kentucky, and he told about when in his boyhood days he climbed a tree behind his father's barn and he looked off over the hills for the first time, and he marvelled that the world was so large. Wouldn't it be well for most of us if we could get upon some high view point and look at the world and see it as it really is? The difference between a great and a small man is simply the difference in the point of view. I have found men, and you can find them readily in every country village, in every hamlet, east, west, north or south, men who have unusually bright minds, who can grasp the truth and hold it. Some of these men are really good speakers, and yet the one thing they lack is the point of view. They are living on too low a plane. They cannot look far enough, wide enough. As a man, as an individual, we feel that we have

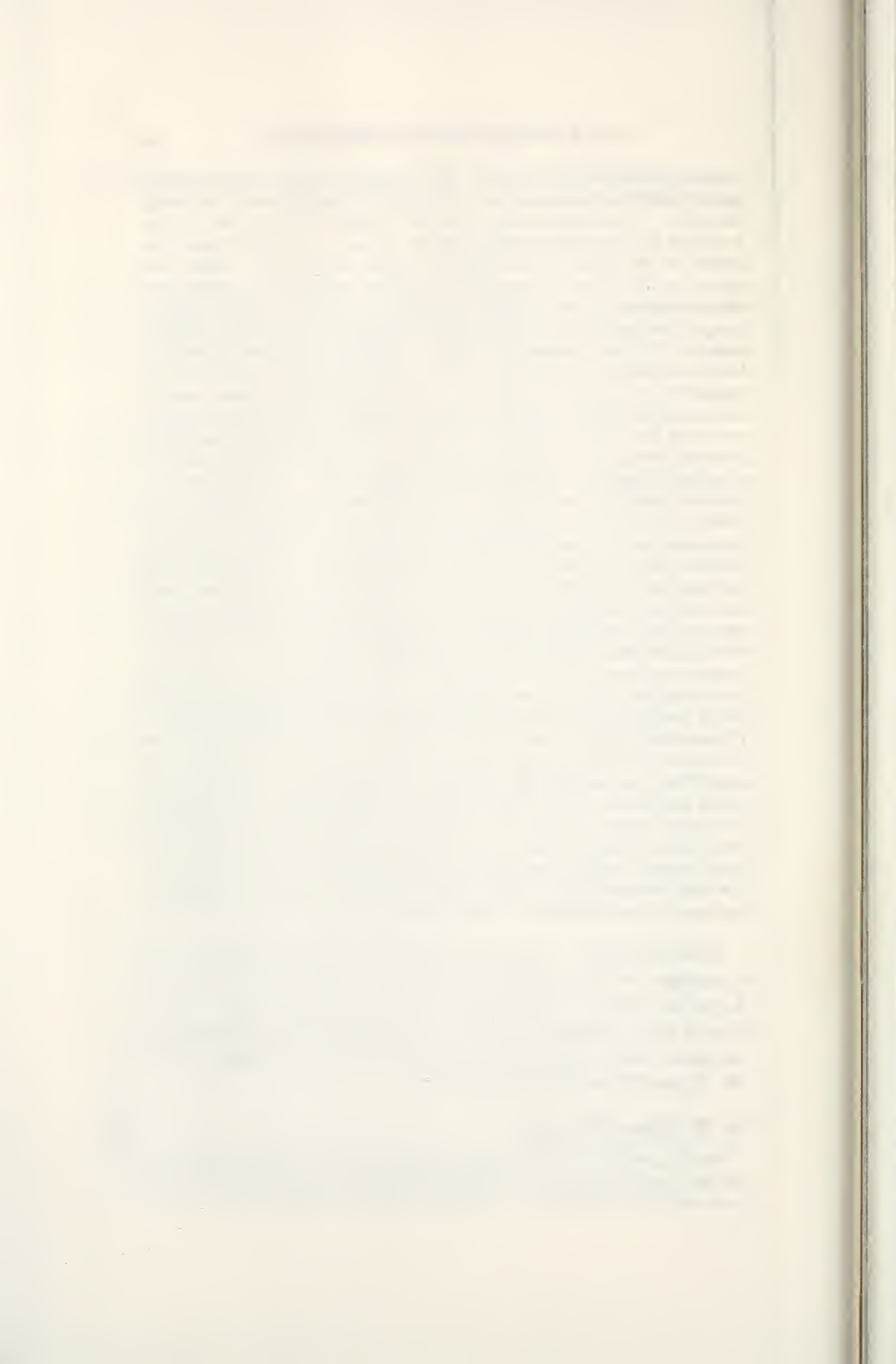


a mission before us in the world. Not a mission which we must choose but one which is thrust upon us. If we fulfil it we are merely assuming our duties. If we cannot fulfil it we are simply neglecting our duties. And that is, our relationship to society at large. I believe even the church of the living God is failing in that one respect. While the church has built up a wonderful organization, and it has accomplished the development of the individual as high as the ideal of the organization, at the same time it has failed to dominate as it should society as such. It is not influencing actions as such, as much as it could. I believe we each one must do his part. I must make my influence felt wherever I am; and if a man has a personality which is strong enough and powerful enough he will be heavy enough to make a dent wherever you drop him. And I believe that there is that element of manhood running through our family to a great extent. The element of personality, the element of making the personality felt. As has been said, wherever there has been a battle there has been a man of our name, and when Custer died on that memorable day there fell by his side Charlie Reynolds, who was one of his chief scouts and who wielded a wonderful influence over the frontier days in the northwest. And wherever you will go, east, west, north or south, you will find men of our name and our time, and although many of them have lived and died in obscure places I feel safe that the majority of them have had more or less influence and exerted an influence and impression in the section of the land where they have been bred and where they have died. I am always proud that my name is just what it is. I have always been rather glad that I wasn't a lady because then I should have had to change my name. I have always been satisfied, and I believe it is not so much of the character of family pride as it is this great fact which we cannot get away from, that no man should change his personality. I would like to be the president of the United States but I would want to be Walter E. Reynolds. I know Roosevelt is a mighty man, I met him once when he was with the Rough Riders, and yet if I was going to sit in the President's chair I wouldn't want to be Roosevelt, I would want to be myself. We wish to continue our own personality, and our name is so wrapped up in our personality that it is really part of ourselves, almost ourselves.

TOASTMASTER: I have the pleasure of introducing to you a member of the medical profession. One feature of the Reynolds family is that they are great eaters, and I have always been worried about the health of the family after these reunions, and we have managed to secure the attention of Dr. W. Myron Reynolds of New York.

Dr. W. Myron Reynolds.

Mr. Toastmaster: I am so hoarse to-day that it is utterly impossible for me to say anything. I came here on the boat last night and I have an exceedingly sore throat. I should certainly have taken some interest



in speaking in the preliminary meeting before this dinner if my throat had not been in that condition. I have enjoyed the meeting very much indeed and I promise to be a constant visitor from year to year, and I beg you to excuse me for this time.

TOASTMASTER: If we are fortunate enough in getting hold of a man and getting him here once, that settles it. He will be here hereafter then. There is an attraction about this meeting. I don't know whether it is wholly the ladies or not, but at any rate there is an attraction. It has drawn all the way from the state of Georgia, one of Georgia's sons who bears the name and who bears the lineament of our family in the States, and I am sure that all of us appreciate more than we can possibly tell him, the honor he has conferred upon us in coming such a great distance as he has come to greet us and speak to us to-day.

I have the pleasure of introducing to you Mr. John H. Reynolds of Rome, Georgia.

Mr. John H. Reynolds.

Mr. Toastmaster, Ladies and Gentlemen: I am impressed with the fact that there is nothing like advertising, and there is nothing like getting your name in the newspapers. If I hadn't got my name in the newspapers I wouldn't have been a member of the Reynolds Family Association. I had the honor of presiding over a Young Men's Christian Association at Augusta, Georgia. And I think, by the way, though they asked me to go and preside because they had had so many long-winded speeches and they had a chairman that wouldn't call them down; so they said, "Now, Reynolds, we know you will call them down at the right time and we want you there." I called them down right along and I called them down so fast they never wanted me any more for presiding officer. But they had my name in the paper, and Mr. Reynolds wrote me a letter and said he would like to have me join the Reynolds Family Association. There was just one thing in life I didn't want to do, and that was to get wrong with the Reynoldses, so I jumped at the chance and said I was glad to go along with him. Well, went along another year—now you are all in this—went along another year and I was asked to preside over another function. I forget what it was. I got my name in the newspapers again and I got a letter from an old gentleman away out in the country, and it commenced, "My dear Cousin," and was from some Reynoldses away over in the west part of North Carolina, and he says, "I am glad to see a Reynolds amount to somebody; somebody up in the world," and he said, "you are the very man I am after for I am just informed that I am heir to two thousand millions of dollars that is concealed over in England," so he wants some



help to get that two thousand million dollars out of England and Scotland. Well, there has been a heap of money spent in that kind of business, and I wrote him and told him we would look into that thing, etc., and he wrote to me all about it and up to the present time I haven't heard from him but I suppose I will again.

You don't know what a pleasure it is to be here to-day. As to making speeches, that is something I don't know anything about and didn't expect it. I didn't even have it in my head or my pocket, but I am glad of the opportunity. And I want to thank you for your kindly reference to the divisions of the country and say to you that no more loyal people, no people are working harder for the upbuilding of this country than the southern people. The Spanish war is evidence of the fact that the people only waited an opportunity, and let any struggle come again and you will see they will be the first helpers. We have a great many problems with us. Tears would run down your cheeks to-day if I should tell you what we had to go through with after getting away from the war and finding discords on every side, then finally building up, to find a condition of people of which you know nothing. Of course we have the race problem, we have that to contend with, and we will meet it. We understand it and can handle it. We are their best friends, they know it. You are fast learning it. You all are fast learning that we are the ones that can handle the people. They can't get away from us nor we them.

I thank you for the opportunity.

TOASTMASTER: We are happy in being able to draw from the south one of our own name and of our own kin and one who can go back to the south and I think with entire safety assure your friends and brethren down there that while you have passed through a fearful condition, while you have suffered as none of us can hope ever to palliate, I think that all of us realize that the problem which you have to solve of the race question is indeed one of the greatest problems, if not the greatest problem that ever confronted a people. I have read with much interest the articles by southern gentlemen in magazines upon that question and I have had impressed upon me not only by associations in the few moments I have known this gentleman but by associations from schoolmasters in the school from the south which gave me a new idea of this problem.

I suppose my kith and my kin were down there fighting upon the one side while your kith and kin perhaps were fighting upon the other, but I am sure not any man worthy of the name of a soldier would hesitate to say of my kith that we extend to you our kindest friendship and our sympathetic

Date	Patient	Physician	Hospital
1917	1000000	1000000	1000000
1918	1000000	1000000	1000000
1919	1000000	1000000	1000000
1920	1000000	1000000	1000000
1921	1000000	1000000	1000000
1922	1000000	1000000	1000000
1923	1000000	1000000	1000000
1924	1000000	1000000	1000000
1925	1000000	1000000	1000000
1926	1000000	1000000	1000000
1927	1000000	1000000	1000000
1928	1000000	1000000	1000000
1929	1000000	1000000	1000000
1930	1000000	1000000	1000000
1931	1000000	1000000	1000000
1932	1000000	1000000	1000000
1933	1000000	1000000	1000000
1934	1000000	1000000	1000000
1935	1000000	1000000	1000000
1936	1000000	1000000	1000000
1937	1000000	1000000	1000000
1938	1000000	1000000	1000000
1939	1000000	1000000	1000000
1940	1000000	1000000	1000000
1941	1000000	1000000	1000000
1942	1000000	1000000	1000000
1943	1000000	1000000	1000000
1944	1000000	1000000	1000000
1945	1000000	1000000	1000000
1946	1000000	1000000	1000000

appreciation of the situation with reference to all the problems that you are now solving so satisfactorily, I think, to yourselves and to the world at large. None who can have an adequate idea of the loss the south suffered in that war—and I think that the best element of the north will join with me in saying that the best element of the south, that element of which we can well be proud, thus meeting conditions, will deny that there is no feeling now in the hearts of the true soldier or of his children in the north, and I am told by northerners visiting the south that really the old Bourbon resentment, the natural bitterness is dying out, the wound is healed and we are all one. The battles of San Juan Hill and other engagements in the Spanish war proved the loyalty of the south, as indeed they have always been loyal in effect to this government.

I have the pleasure now of introducing to you Mr. Joseph G. Reynolds of Wickford. I understand that he will be in effect our host next year at Wickford.

Now I want to tell you another thing, I am going to let you in on this, Mr. Reynolds of the south. We have up north what we call machine politics. I don't know whether you have or not. But I never had any suspicion that Judge John Post Reynolds was a machine politician until to-day. I want to call your attention to the fact that he got up and declined to go on this committee to elect the next place of meeting. Judge John Post Reynolds wanted it to go to Wickford, so he thought "Joseph Reynolds is for that and I will recommend that and I will suggest him on the committee and he will be on that," so the whole thing is a put up job, as we say. Now John Post Reynolds is for that and all the other Reynoldses, and the whole thing was passed unanimously. So that John Post Reynolds has been the machine, Mr. Reynolds of Wickford, for you to thank for the visitation next year.

Mr. Joseph G. Reynolds.

Mr. Toastmaster.—It was very foreign to my idea of making a speech on account of the accepting of our invitation. A few nights ago the suggestion was made to me that I never having been in New London it would be nice for us to slip out and take the trolley car and look the city over. Well, I wish now I had accepted the invitation.

As to your visit to Wickford, we shall anticipate your coming with great pleasure. Our town itself is very old; our town records date away back in the 1600's and the town of North Kingstown formed by a division of the town of Kingstown. That used to be one town running from the middle part of the state away down to the south part, taking in quite a little. That was divided and it became North Kingstown and South Kingstown. The Reynoldses settled in what is now called North Kingstown or near Sandy Hill, and that was the first settlement upon the William Reynolds side. And Thomas Reynolds of Greenwich has had the care and enclosed the lot where tradition says James was buried, and he has taken steps to incorporate it and it will be known as The Reynolds Burying Ground, and that he will no doubt do, so that it will be properly preserved. We are proud of that matter, and that is only a little ways from our village and can be easily reached by the trolley car. Many of those places will be of interest to all of this name. We were talking with ex-Governor Reynolds and he seconded the idea and only hopes he will be spared one more year that he may welcome you all to Wickford. And we all hope the day will be propitious and you will enjoy your visit with us.

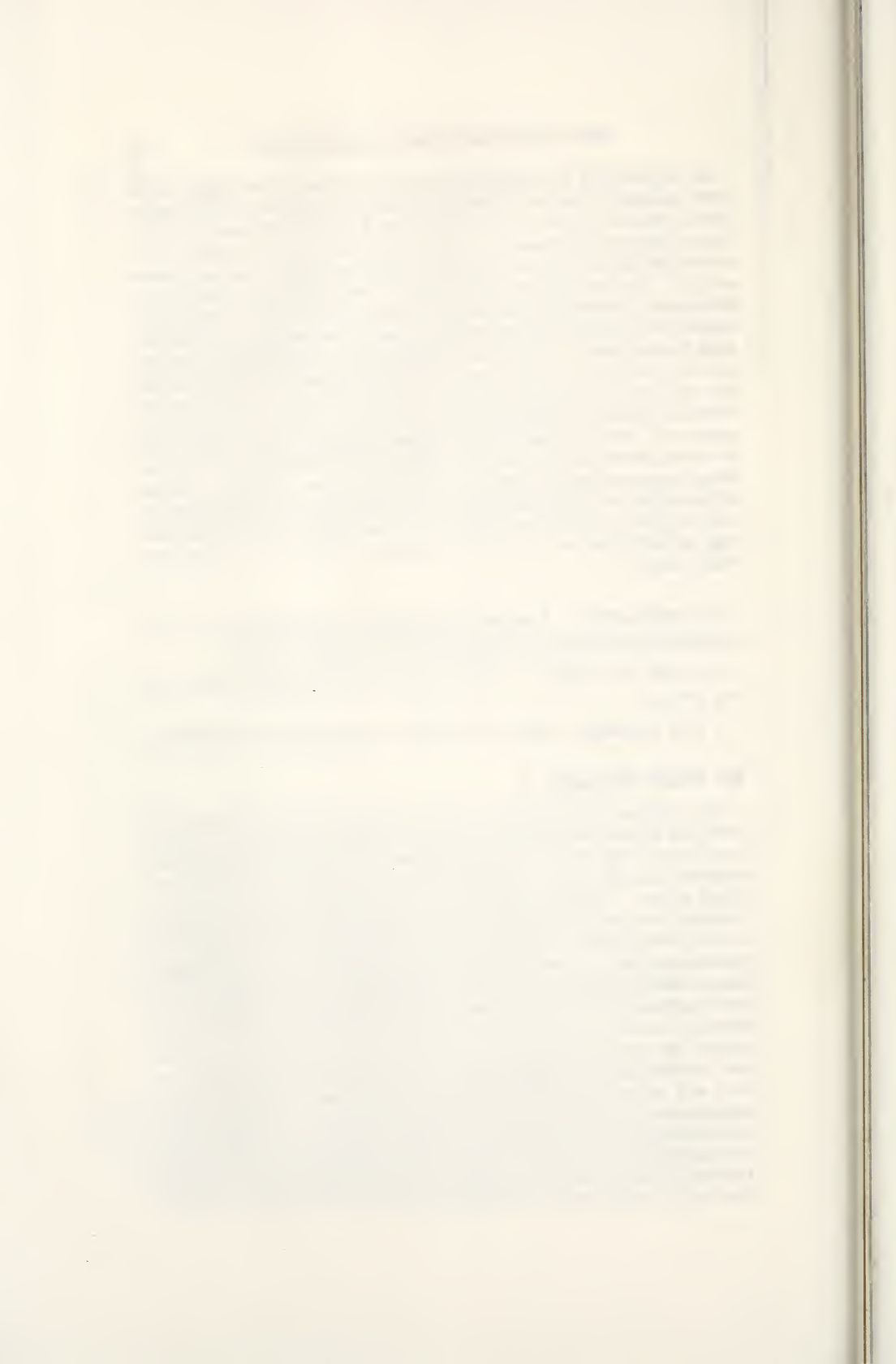
TOASTMASTER: I have the pleasure of introducing to your attention Mr. George A. Reynolds of Hartford, Conn.

Has he run away? That is the first Reynolds that ever ran away.

I will introduce, then, Mr. Edwin Reynolds of Providence.

Mr. Edwin Reynolds.

Mr. Chairman and Friends: I can't see how it is possible to add to what has already been said, but I will say that I am glad to be present here to-day. This is my first appearance here although I have been a member some few years. I might relate something that might be interesting to you. I had the pleasure about four weeks ago of meeting ex-Governor Reynolds of Wickford, and I enjoyed a very pleasant but brief visit of three hours. Mr. Reynolds tells me he is in his 93rd year, if I remember rightly. I have had several letters from Mr. Reynolds regarding our family lines and I decided I would stop off on my way to Providence and see him. I did so about four weeks ago and I rapped on the door and was told that I would find him in the woodhouse. I passed around the door and went in and Mr. Reynolds was chopping up wood just as nicely and as handily as any man of fifty years that I have ever seen; and we stayed and chatted together, and I can't remember of ever having seen a man of sixty years of age who bore better health morally and physically than ex-Governor Reynolds. He was not able to learn anything about my family lines, and that has been the trouble away back. I haven't found any one who could tell me anything about it. And, by the way, I would like to subscribe to one of those books when they



are completed, and if the estimate of our friend of New Haven is correct, the size of a Webster's dictionary, I would be willing to pay \$25. I think if that is to be the size we will know how to sympathize with the Smith family. I can't think of anything else. Of course I didn't expect to be called upon, and I certainly thought the first time that I would escape being called. I thank you.

TOASTMASTER: I would like to call upon Harry Derr—I mean Harry D. Reynolds to respond to another toast. There are so many Harrys about here you would almost think there might be an Old Harry around, or something like that. There are three here to-day and they seem all to be able to talk. I read a speech in our last publication, I think, made by Harry D. Reynolds that was very, very interesting. I hadn't had the pleasure of meeting him before, but I am glad to have met him to-day. I would like to hear from Harry D. Reynolds.

Harry Derr Reynolds.

Mr. Toastmaster: When I was a boy there were half a dozen school-mates who were called Harry, and all in the same block, and we were all more or less mischievous, and it was a fact, just as our Toastmaster says, that the Old Harry was in every family in that block. However, as I am growing older and beginning to get gray hairs and adding responsibilities I have changed my name to Henry. I think it sounds better for a man who begins to get along in life when he assumes responsibility to bear it with some sort of dignity.

I have listened with a great deal of attention to especially what has been said by our worthy Toastmaster as regards the character of the Reynoldses. I am very proud to know that their character is of such a high standard, and I certainly hope and believe that the younger generation coming up will add stability to the name. We have a number of young people, far more at this meeting than at any other meeting that I have attended, and I am very glad to know that the younger generation is taking such a marked interest in the family reunions. What is to be done by the society in the future depends a great deal upon the young men and the young women of to-day, of course, and if their interest lags, why, by and by there won't be much of an association.

I am glad to know that this subscription list is growing apace, and I hope that everyone will subscribe for some amount, and will speak to their friends and relatives, members of the association, and pass that along. Dr. Myron Reynolds has just informed me that Mr. John B. Reynolds, of New York, stated to him that if this organization we talked of to-day was completed that he would personally, out of his own pocket, pay the cost of the historian. Now that is a very generous offer, from a wealthy man, and I think we ought to offer a vote of thanks and accept that with alacrity.

I shall not talk any further because there are a great many here that can be heard and the afternoon is short. I am very glad to meet so many friends here this afternoon. I wish you all well, and I hope that even a larger gathering will be present next year at Wickford. I thank you.

TOASTMASTER: I take it that the last speaker has moved, and I second that motion.

PRESIDENT: Moved and seconded that the offer be accepted. (Motion carried.)

TOASTMASTER: Judge John Post Reynolds here tried to get out of here—I was going to say “sneak out”—but he tried to run out of here, and I impressed upon him the fact that the Reynoldses wouldn't run.

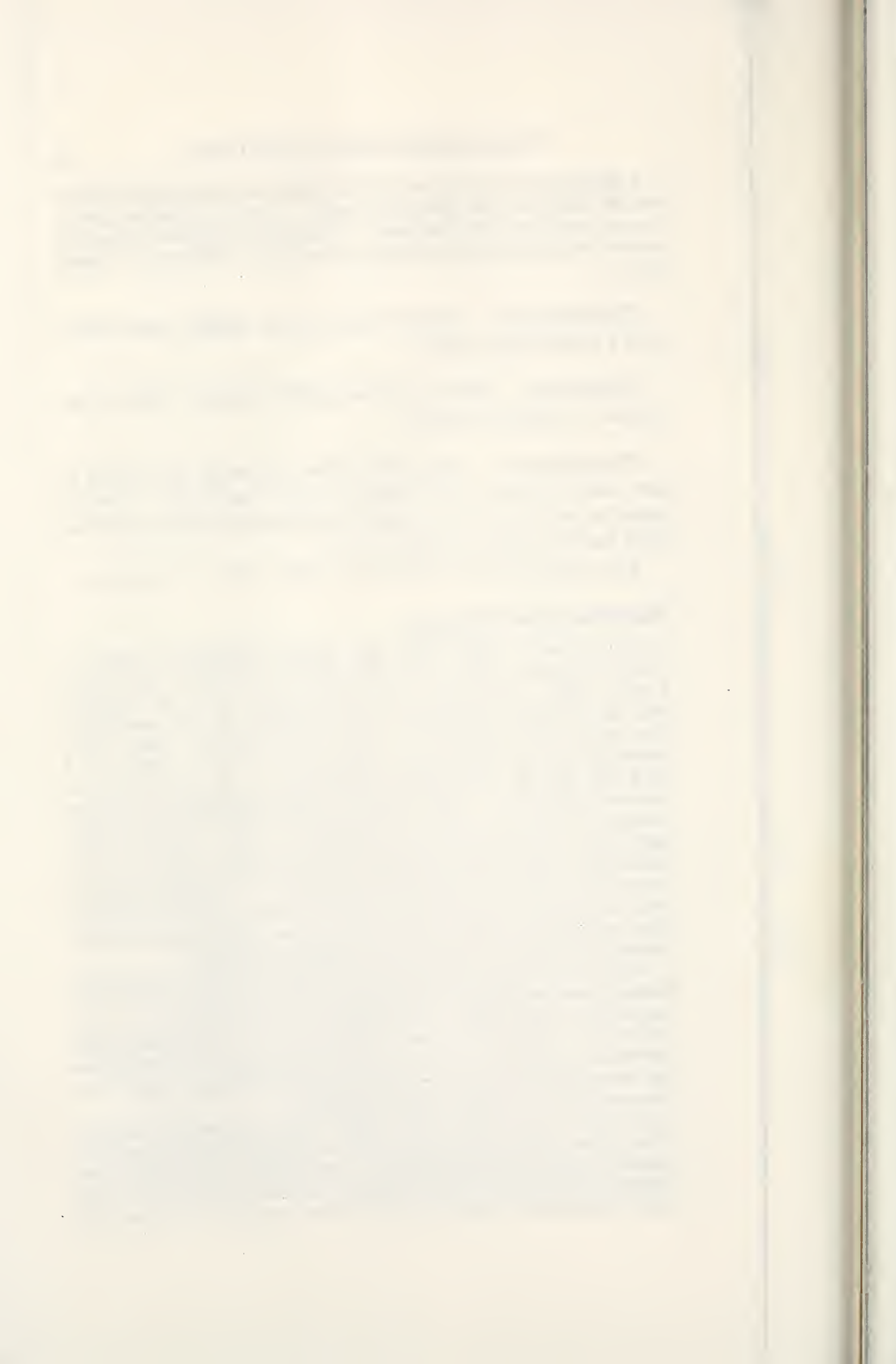
You will now be entertained by Judge John P. Reynolds.

Judge John Post Reynolds.

I don't know exactly what our worthy Toastmaster means by being entertained. There are different ways of being entertained. I am a little suspicious of his meaning because it does seem to me, and I think it is evident to every member of the association, that he has hardly treated me fairly this afternoon. When I presented his name as Toastmaster I was as nice as I knew how to be. I gave him the very best introduction I was able to do; but it seemed it was not satisfactory. I know my wife sometimes tells me I don't say things as nicely as I ought to and probably I didn't in that case and that is why I have drawn this upon me this afternoon. But I certainly intended to present him in the best possible manner and if I failed it was a fault of the head rather than of the heart. I had hoped after so many had spoken—I asked him to put me at the end feeling that the time would be over before he came to my name—but by the two or three escaping it seems that I am not able to escape in that way.

And in another way in which he has treated me unfairly, I asked him before dinner, he spoke about calling upon me and I asked him to leave my name out this time; I had talked at all the meetings and I was talked out. But he said, no, he wouldn't take “no.” He asked another gentleman whom I am sure everybody here wanted to hear from, who has the reputation of being wonderfully bright, and when he said “no” he accepted that and hasn't called upon him.

One reason why I didn't want to speak this afternoon was because I didn't have anything to speak about. I told him that also and that certainly should have been sufficient. But as I have been called upon I suppose I am as sed to say a few words at least, and in order to get something to talk about I am going back to last year and I am going back



to the speech of one of our "dear" members, Harry, dear, or Harry Derr—or, excuse me—Henry Derr. There was something he said then that I have remembered for a whole year. It is not all speeches I remember as long as that. But he spoke at that time, I think you all will remember when I speak about it, about the looking up our ancestors, how proud we were if we found some one that stood very high in years gone by, and if we came to some one that had no particular standing we passed him over in a hurry. That we ought to be proud when we found our ancestor wasn't much rather than when we found he was a great deal, because if he was a great man and we have failed to fill his shoes then certainly it is nothing for us to be proud of. I think it is of the greatest value, our looking up our ancestors and finding out who they were and finding out all there is about them. If they did not amount to much, or if they were even worse than that, we can remember their faults and try to escape them; and if they were men that stood high then certainly it is our duty to do everything in our power to be as great men and women as they were, and if we don't accomplish that—I was going to say almost we had no excuse for living. But certainly we should try, and try the best we know how to, at least, to be at least as great and wise and as honorable as they were if a possible thing, and we ought to and we can do it if we will only make up our minds to that.

In closing, and while I am on the subject of the looking up of ancestors I am reminded of a story. If I am not mistaken I told it the first time I was present at a Reynolds reunion, but as most of those present now were not present then it may be new to most of them. It was told at a meeting of the Sons of the American Revolution in Providence a number of years ago. We had as our guest that day Col. John Wyman, a noted after-dinner speaker, and after a number of speeches had been made extolling the ancestors of different members, speaking of what brave men they were, etc., Col. Wyman was called upon to make a speech. He got up and he said, "Gentlemen, I am very glad to be with you to-day. I have always taken great interest in the Sons of the American Revolution. When I first heard there was to be such a society I made up my mind that I would like to be a member of it and I asked somebody about it and they told me the first thing to do was to find out who my great grandfather was. Well, I didn't know who great grandfather was but I knew I had an old aunt at home who would know something about it, so I said, 'Aunty, who was my great grandfather?' She says, 'What do you want to know about your great grandfather for, Johnny?' 'Well, Aunty, I will tell you. They are getting up a society of the Sons of the American Revolution and I want to join, and they say I must find out first who my great grandfather was.' 'Well, Johnny, I guess I wouldn't say much about who your great grandfather was, he was a Tory and had to run to save his life.' But after I have heard what wonderful men the patriots were, I think my great grandfather was a pretty brave man to dare to be a Tory."

The first of these was the discovery of gold in California in 1848. This discovery led to a great influx of people to California, and the state became a great center of population. The second was the discovery of gold in Colorado in 1859. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Colorado, and the state became a great center of population. The third was the discovery of gold in Nevada in 1859. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Nevada, and the state became a great center of population. The fourth was the discovery of gold in Idaho in 1860. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Idaho, and the state became a great center of population. The fifth was the discovery of gold in Montana in 1862. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Montana, and the state became a great center of population. The sixth was the discovery of gold in Wyoming in 1869. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Wyoming, and the state became a great center of population. The seventh was the discovery of gold in Utah in 1871. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Utah, and the state became a great center of population. The eighth was the discovery of gold in Arizona in 1876. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Arizona, and the state became a great center of population. The ninth was the discovery of gold in New Mexico in 1878. This discovery led to a great influx of people to New Mexico, and the state became a great center of population. The tenth was the discovery of gold in Texas in 1880. This discovery led to a great influx of people to Texas, and the state became a great center of population.

The discovery of gold in California in 1848 was the first of a series of discoveries that led to the great influx of people to the western states. The discovery of gold in Colorado in 1859 was the second, and the discovery of gold in Nevada in 1859 was the third. The discovery of gold in Idaho in 1860 was the fourth, and the discovery of gold in Montana in 1862 was the fifth. The discovery of gold in Wyoming in 1869 was the sixth, and the discovery of gold in Utah in 1871 was the seventh. The discovery of gold in Arizona in 1876 was the eighth, and the discovery of gold in New Mexico in 1878 was the ninth. The discovery of gold in Texas in 1880 was the tenth. These discoveries led to a great influx of people to the western states, and the states became great centers of population. The discovery of gold in California in 1848 was the first of a series of discoveries that led to the great influx of people to the western states. The discovery of gold in Colorado in 1859 was the second, and the discovery of gold in Nevada in 1859 was the third. The discovery of gold in Idaho in 1860 was the fourth, and the discovery of gold in Montana in 1862 was the fifth. The discovery of gold in Wyoming in 1869 was the sixth, and the discovery of gold in Utah in 1871 was the seventh. The discovery of gold in Arizona in 1876 was the eighth, and the discovery of gold in New Mexico in 1878 was the ninth. The discovery of gold in Texas in 1880 was the tenth. These discoveries led to a great influx of people to the western states, and the states became great centers of population.

TOASTMASTER: We would like to hear from any other of the gentlemen whom I have overlooked. I am not acquainted with you all and I hope if I have overlooked any if they will rise we will be glad to hear them.

If none desire to speak I would like to say in closing my part on this program that any who have met the Hon. George G. Reynolds of Brooklyn and who saw the grace and dignity and heard the most excellent speech he made upon that occasion (twelfth anniversary) can but regret that he is not with us to-day. We had expected him to be here and in fact he had written to at least two of our members that he expected to be here, but he is not here. He has been a member of the bar of Brooklyn for upwards of 62 years. Just before the Bristol reunion he had had a dinner tendered to him by the Brooklyn bar upon the sixtieth anniversary of his admission to that great bar. He has practised before the courts of the State of New York with signal honor; one of the most distinguished lawyers in that greatest of commonwealths, the Empire State. I can assure you that all of you must feel, or should feel at least, a distinct sense of loss in not having been able to have heard him here to-day. I very much regret his inability to be present and I hope we may all live to hear him on the occasion of our next reunion at Wickford.

I think of nothing further upon the program. If there is anything else I would be glad to have it called to my attention.

Obituary.



CAPT. B. FRANK REYNOLDS died May 25, 1905, in Florence, Neb. He was chief engineer of the steamship "Pioneer" which, in 1866, went to the relief of the Sir John Franklin Arctic Expedition and recovered the bodies of Franklin and six companions.

Capt. Reynolds was 81 years of age, and is survived by his brother Edwin Reynolds, of Milwaukee.

MRS. SALLY A. REYNOLDS HOLMES, widow of the late Hazard Holmes, died May 16, 1905, at Westerly, R. I., in the eighty-seventh year of her age.

In disposition she was notably bright and cheerful, retaining her mental faculties to a remarkable degree even to the last. She leaves four children: Mrs. Edward W. Doty, Frank W. Holmes, Mrs. Frank W. Coy, and Miss Fannie D. Holmes.

MRS. EMMA LOUISE CHURCH REYNOLDS, wife of Wilbur A. Reynolds, D. D. S., died February 3, 1906, at her home in Boston, Mass., aged 36.

She was a woman of culture and refinement, interested in church and charities, and a prominent member of the Daughters of Vermont, having held the office of vice-president of that order.



Deaths, 1904-5.



SAMUEL L. P. REYNOLDS, Lewiston, Me., Sept. 7, 1904.

RUSSEL W. REYNOLDS, Fall River, Mass., Sept. 21, 1904.

JAMES B. REYNOLDS, Danville, Ill., Sept. 24, 1904.

J. I. REYNOLDS, Kansas City, Mo., March 13, 1905.

MRS. ETHEL S. REYNOLDS EMERY, Westboro, Mass., March 16, 1905.

CONTENTS

PAGE

THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
FUTURE. By H. H. Huxley.
THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
PAST. By H. H. Huxley.
THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
PRESENT. By H. H. Huxley.

THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
FUTURE. By H. H. Huxley.
THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
PAST. By H. H. Huxley.
THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
PRESENT. By H. H. Huxley.

THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
FUTURE. By H. H. Huxley.
THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
PAST. By H. H. Huxley.
THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
PRESENT. By H. H. Huxley.

REVIEWS

REVIEWS

PAGE

THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
FUTURE. By H. H. Huxley.
THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
PAST. By H. H. Huxley.
THE ANTHROPOLOGY OF THE
PRESENT. By H. H. Huxley.

Constitution.



The purpose of this association is to promote the recognition of a common ancestry; to increase acquaintance and sociability among relatives; to collect and preserve memorials; and to secure the preparation and publication of a genealogical and historical sketch of the Reynolds Family.

All descendants of John Reynolds of Stonington are invited to become members of this association.

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. This association shall be known as THE REYNOLDS FAMILY ASSOCIATION.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The objects of the association are declared to be: Promotion of fraternal feeling among the members; encouragement of each other in every laudable undertaking; and the collection and preservation of facts and events in the history of the Reynolds Family.

ARTICLE III.

SECTION 1. The officers of the association shall consist of a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, who shall perform the duties pertaining to their offices, and shall constitute an Executive Committee. They shall hold their several offices for the term of one year, or until their successors are elected.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. The meetings of this association shall consist of an annual reunion, and such other meetings as may be called by the Executive Committee, or request of the members of the association.

SEC. 2. This association shall hold an annual reunion at a time and place to be designated by the Executive Committee, at which time the officers shall be elected for the ensuing year.

ARTICLE V.

SECTION 1. Membership shall consist of all persons connected with the Reynolds Family by blood or marriage.

SEC. 2. Any person who is eligible may become a member of the association.

THE
JOURNAL

OF THE
ROYAL ANTHROPOLOGICAL INSTITUTE
OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND
PUBLISHED BY THE INSTITUTE
4, BEDFORD SQUARE, LONDON, W.C.1
1900

Amendment, August 30, 1899.—Voted that the descendants of all families whose surnames were Reynolds that came to this country prior to the year 1660 shall be eligible to membership in the Reynolds Family Association.

Amendment August 30, 1899.—Voted to increase the number of Vice-Presidents to three.

Amendment, August 23, 1900.—Voted that the date prior to which ancestors of those eligible to membership in the Reynolds Family Association came to this country be changed from 1660 to 1700.

Amendment, August 23, 1900.—Voted to increase the number of Vice-Presidents to five.

Amendment, August 21, 1902.—Voted that any one eligible to membership in the association may become a life member on payment of \$25.

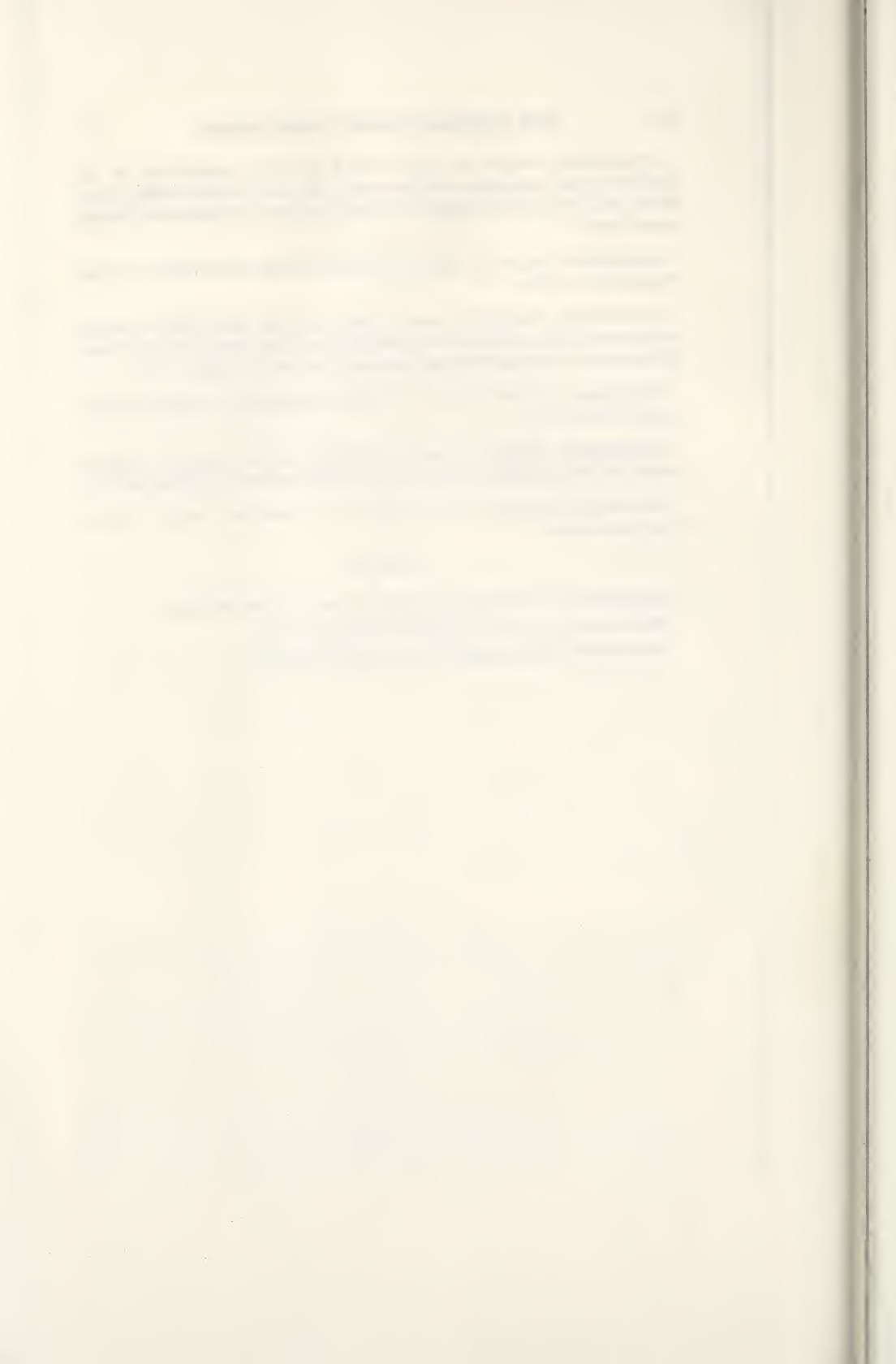
Amendment, August 20, 1903.—Voted to increase the number of Vice-Presidents to six.



Application for membership should be made to the secretary.

Membership fee is only fifty cents (50c.) per year.

Membership tickets expire at the annual reunion.



Notes and Announcements.



Copies of the Annual Reports at 50 cents each may be had from the secretary.

The secretary requests members who change their address to notify him promptly.

Lithographed colored prints of the Arms may be obtained from Howard Reynolds, 192 Devonshire Street, Boston, Mass. Price 50 cents each; postage 2 cents.

Brooches of the Reynolds Arms, gold plated, can be obtained from Howard I. Reynolds, Secretary, 1827 Tioga St., Philadelphia, Pa. Price 50 cents each; postage 2 cents. This design made into fobs with black silk ribbon 75 cents; postage 2 cents.

Embossed letter paper, with envelopes to match may be had from the secretary, Howard I. Reynolds, 1827 Tioga St., Philadelphia, Pa., with gold imprint, 60 cents per box (24 sheets); with gold and blue imprint, 80 cents per box. Postage per box 10 cents extra.

The fifteenth annual meeting will be held at Wickford, R. I. Particulars will be announced later.



Queries.

If found valuable, this will be made a permanent department. Insertions, 4 lines 50 cents; additional lines 10 cents each.

I have a photograph of my grandfather, Jonathan Reynolds (6th in descent from John of Weymouth, and who married Martha Sutcliffe) which is too badly faded to be legible. Negative by M. H. Sloper, Wilcox Building, West Meriden, Conn. Has any other relative a better one?

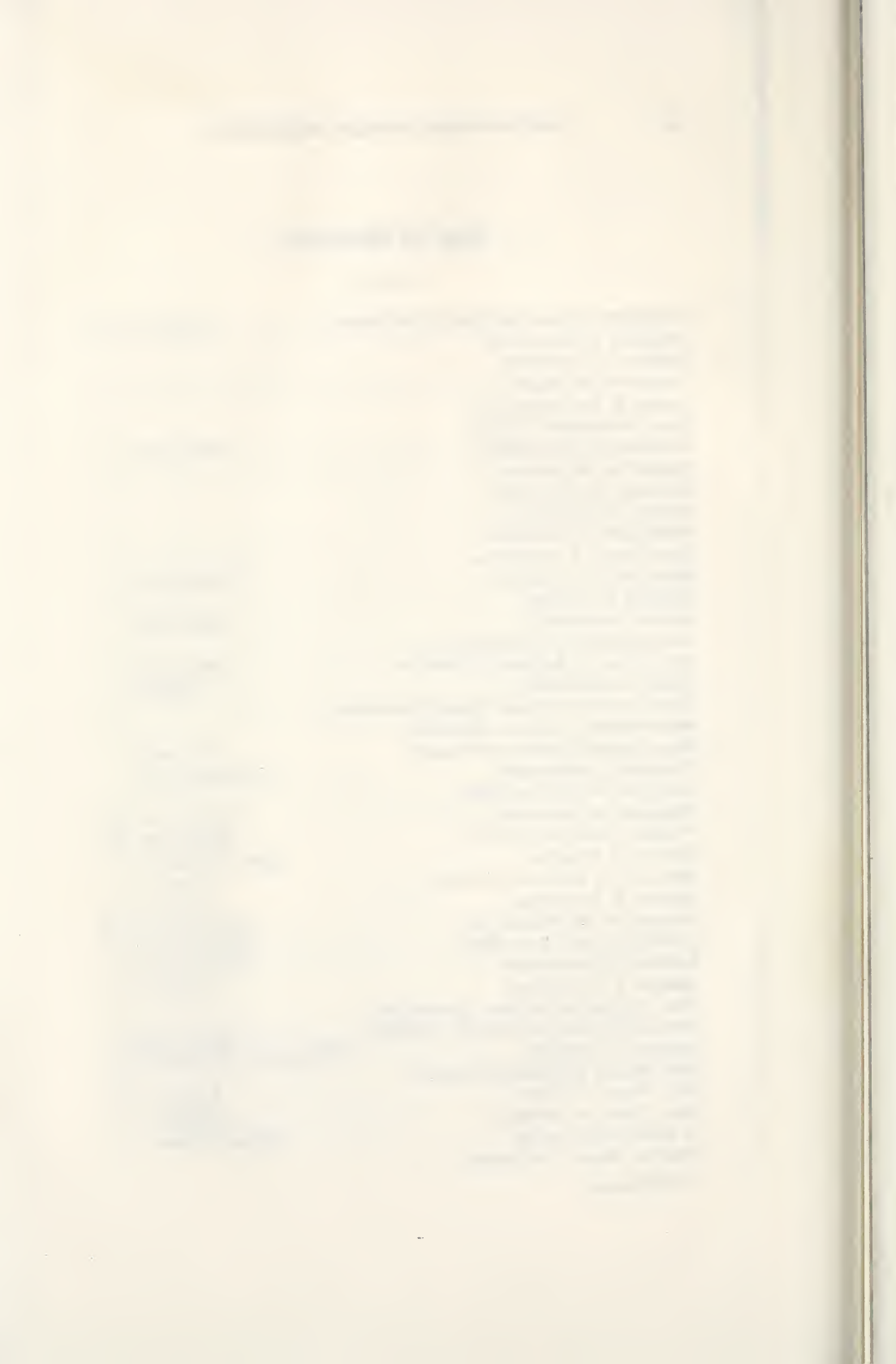
HOWARD REYNOLDS,

192 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass.

List of Members.

EX-LIEUT. GOVERNOR JOHN J. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Wickford, R. I.
CHARLES B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
JOSEPH G. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
THADDEUS W. HUNT,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
JAMES E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
REV. FREDERICK B. COLE,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
WILLIAM K. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Providence, "
FRANK A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
STEPHEN B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
FRANK B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS AMY G. PECKHAM,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS BELLE B. PECKHAM,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. SUSAN C. FONES,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Washington, "
HARRIE G. FONES,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
ALLEN REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Davisville, "
MISS MARION G. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. LULA A. REYNOLDS FOWLER,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Pawtucket, "
ORRIN L. BOSWORTH,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bristol, "
MRS. ISABELLA JUDSON ESSEX BOSWORTH,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS ISABELLA ESSEX BOSWORTH,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. MARIE REYNOLDS MAXSON,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Westerly, "
THOMAS A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	East Greenwich, "
WILLIAM REYNOLDS ESSEX,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
WILLIAM A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Wilmington, Del.
* EDWIN REYNOLDS, LL. D.,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Milwaukee, Wis.
MRS. J. O. WORTH,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Upper Montclair, N. J.
MRS. MARY REYNOLDS FOOTE,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Trenton, "
ELMER E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Clinton, Iowa.
GEORGE W. REYNOLDS, JR.,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	San Francisco, Cal.
JAMES WILLIAM REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Battle Creek, Mich.
LYMAN H. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Port Huron, "
HARRY C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Seranton, Pa.
MRS. ADELAIDE COLTART REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. ELIZABETH REYNOLDS RICKETTS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Wilkes-Barre, "
ALFRED C. WILLITS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Holmesburg, Philadelphia, "
MRS. BELLE REYNOLDS WILLITS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS ALICE C. NILES,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Babylon, N. Y.
MRS. VIOLA A. BROMLEY,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Brooklyn, "
G. OSMAR REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Pelham Manor, "
MRS. G. OSMAR REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	" " "

* Life Member.



J. ADGER REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Kinderhook, N. Y.</i>
ROLIN C. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Troy,</i>
MRS. ELLEN REYNOLDS WRIGHT,	- - - - -	<i>Albany,</i>
W. MYRON REYNOLDS, M. D.,	- - - - -	<i>New York,</i>
THOMAS A. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MRS. EMMA REYNOLDS WINSLOW,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
JOSEPH E. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Monson, Mass.</i>
MRS. SARAH RIXFORD REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MISS VIVIAN REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
ABEL W. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>West Somerville,</i>
C. REYNOLDS ROE,	- - - - -	<i>Springfield,</i>
MRS. JANE A. EATON WIGHT,	- - - - -	<i>Indian Orchard,</i>
DEAN S. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Arlington,</i>
FRANK BUFFINTON,	- - - - -	<i>Fall River,</i>
MISS MARY E. BUFFINTON,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MRS. ELISABETH B. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
STEPHEN W. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Boston,</i>
GEORGE H. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Mansfield Depot, Conn.</i>
MRS. GEORGE H. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
JOHN F. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>North Haven,</i>
MRS. CARRIE E. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MISS IDA E. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Eagleville,</i>
SAMUEL WEAVER REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
SAMUEL P. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Plainville,</i>
JOHN V. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Norwich,</i>
MISS MARY GENEVA RATHBUN,	- - - - -	<i>Mystic,</i>
MRS. MARY MOREDOCK DICKINSON,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MISS MARY JOSEPHINE DICKINSON,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>

HON. GEORGE GREENWOOD REYNOLDS, LL. D.,	- - - - -	<i>Brooklyn, N. Y.</i>
MRS. LUCIE REYNOLDS SACKETT,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
JUSTUS P. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Amenia,</i>
MRS. NANCY BARLOW REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MISS ABBIE L. REYNOLDS	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
J. B. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>New York,</i>
ROBERT BURNS REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Stockport,</i>
REV. WILLIAM B. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Bethel, Vt.</i>
JUDGE JOHN POST REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>Bristol, R. I.</i>
MRS. FANNIE GREENWOOD REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MISS ELISABETH B. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MISS CATHARINE A. REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MISS MADELINE REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
LUTHER COLE,	- - - - -	<i>Warren,</i>
MISS LOUISE JARVIS COLE,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
MRS. JULIA S. REYNOLDS BALDWIN,	- - - - -	<i>Bryn Mawr, Pa.</i>
MISS ANNA G. BALDWIN,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>
FRANCIS B. REYNOLDS, D. D. S.,	- - - - -	<i>Germantown, Philadelphia,</i>
MRS. LUCY ASHLEY REYNOLDS,	- - - - -	<i>"</i>

GEORGE N. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Lancaster, Pa.
MRS. HELEN KOUES REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MRS. SARAH E. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Hartford, Conn.
MRS. ADELAIDE REYNOLDS JOHNSON, - - - - -	Winsted, "
MRS. ELLA REYNOLDS OAKLEY, - - - - -	Forestville, "
EDWARD FIELD PARSONS, M. D., - - - - -	Thompsonville, "
CHARLES REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Middletown, "
MRS. CHARLES REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
HOWARD S. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Bridgeport, "
ORRIN A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Covington, Ky.
ROSCOE C. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Lewiston, Me.
MRS. TILLY M. REYNOLDS BARTLETT, - - - - -	" "
JOHN W. BARTLETT, - - - - -	" "
EDWARD BELCHER REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Roxbury, Mass.
ISAAC N. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Brockton, "
LOWELL MASON REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
JOHN PHILLIPS REYNOLDS, M. D., - - - - -	Boston, "
ROBERT D. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
HARRAH JUDSON REYNOLDS, A. M., - - - - -	Rochester, N. Y.
HARRAH B. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Syracuse, "
MRS. LIZZIE D. REYNOLDS THOMSON, - - - - -	Brooklyn, "
MARCUS T. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Albany, "
DEXTER REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MRS. ELISABETH S. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Rensselaer, "
WARREN UEL REYNOLDS, M. D., - - - - -	New York, "
JAMES BRONSON REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MRS. MARY CASWELL, - - - - -	West Henrietta, "
GEORGE A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Hartford, Conn.
FREDERICK F. STREET, - - - - -	" "
MRS. FREDERICK F. STREET, - - - - -	" "
H. A. STREET, M. D., - - - - -	New Haven, "
MISS ESTHER DAVENPORT STREET, - - - - -	" "
MRS. LILIAN REYNOLDS NORTON, - - - - -	Lime Rock, "
MARCUS L. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Bridgeport, "
MRS. EMELETTE REYNOLDS WOODWARD, - - - - -	Bennington, Vt.
MISS CELIA M. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
A. HEBER REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Green Bay, Wis.
MRS. CHARLOTTE S. WHITNEY REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MRS. SARAH GLISAN FENNEMAN, - - - - -	Madison, "
WILLIAM REYNOLDS FLEMING, - - - - -	Harrisburg, Pa.
MRS. FRANCES A. WESTERVELT, - - - - -	Hackensack, N. J.
ALVAH L. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Madison, "
REV. ELMER KENDALL REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Peoria, Ill.
JOHN T. REYNOLDS, ESQ., - - - - -	Media, Pa.
MRS. MABEL W. REYNOLDS TANAY, - - - - -	" "
STEPHEN REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "

CHICAGO, ILL., MAY 1, 1914

DEAR SIR:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 28th inst. and in reply to inform you that the same has been forwarded to the proper authorities for their consideration.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Yours,
J. H. HARRIS, Secretary.

ADOLPHUS O. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Media, Pa.
MRS. AMANDA M. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
JOSEPH T. RICHARDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Philadelphia, "
DR. C. S. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Kennett Square, "
MISS MARY SEAL WINDLE,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" " "
MISS NELL REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Harrisburg, "
CAPT. TILTON C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. TILTON C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. RUTH REYNOLDS ROMBAUGH,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bradford, "
MISS SARAH ANN REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Wheeling, W. Va.
W. W. GORSLINE,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Randolph, N. Y.
MRS. MARGARET REYNOLDS GORSLINE,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
JOHN H. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bolivar, "
G. W. T. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	East St. Louis, Ill.
LEWIS G. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dayton, O.
REV. CHARLES LEE REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Des Moines, Iowa.
S. P. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Caruthersville, Mo.
REV. JOHN G. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ironton, "

GILES L. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Philadelphia, Pa.
MRS. BELLE W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
HOWARD I. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
CLARENCE G. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Boston, Mass.
HOWARD REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
PAUL REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
WILBUR A. REYNOLDS, D. D. S.,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
HENRY D. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS HARRIET A. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS PHOEBE M. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
PROF. RAY GREENE HULING,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Cambridge, "
MRS. D. E. PENFIELD,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Warren, "
CAPT. S. WALTER REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Pinckneyville, Ill.
ERNEST W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	New York, N. Y.
WILSON C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	East Haddam, Conn.
MISS GERTRUDE P. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MISS ELSIE B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
HARRY W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
EPHRAIM O. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Essex, "
MISS ANNA M. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. SARAH L. REYNOLDS CRANE,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Norwich, "
O. E. WULF,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. GRACE REYNOLDS WULF,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. ANNIE MCCRARY FROST,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
SAMUEL D. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Montville, "
S. FRANKLIN REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	" "
MRS. LIZZIE REYNOLDS ROSS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bozrah, "
MRS. FLORA PECKHAM GRAY,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ledyard, "
EDWARD E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	Uncasville, "

MRS. MARION GRAY DEAN, - - - - -	<i>New London, Conn.</i>
FRED E. WEBB, - - - - -	" "
MRS. FRED E. WEBB, - - - - -	" "
JOHN REYNOLDS STANTON, - - - - -	<i>Storington, "</i>
CHARLES E. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>West Mystic, "</i>
MRS. CHARLES E. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MISS MARY E. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MRS. LORINDA EDWARDS REYNOLDS, - - -	<i>Reynolds Bridge, "</i>
ERIE L. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Richmond, Ind.</i>
MRS. LILLIAN H. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
WILLIAM O. BATES, - - - - -	<i>Indianapolis, "</i>
MILTON A. CRANDALL, - - - - -	<i>Westerly, R. I.</i>
MISS FANNIE D. HOLMES, - - - - -	" "
WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Cromwell, Ia.</i>
GEORGE W. GUARD, - - - - -	<i>New London, Conn.</i>
JUDGE EDWARD C. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Portland, Me.</i>
MRS. SOPHIE ULMER REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
NELSON A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>New York, N. Y.</i>
MRS. SALVATORE SCALABRINO, - - - - -	" "
FRANK REYNOLDS, M. D., - - - - -	<i>Syracuse, "</i>
THOMAS R. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Binghamton, "</i>
MRS. ADDIE REYNOLDS FLMORE, - - - - -	<i>Chicago, Ill.</i>
MRS. JANE REYNOLDS FORBES, - - - - -	<i>Grand Rapids, Mich.</i>
WILEY R. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Jackson, "</i>
EDWARD REYNOLDS, M. D., - - - - -	<i>Boston, Mass.</i>
CAPT. FREDERICK P. REYNOLDS, - - -	<i>Fort Seward, Haines, Alaska.</i>
E. W. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Los Angeles, Cal.</i>
OSCAR W. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>West Haven, Conn.</i>
MISS EMMA A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
GEORGE B. REYNOLDS, M. D., - - - - -	<i>Baltimore, Md.</i>
REV. WALTER E. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Southampton, Pa.</i>
EDGAR M. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Philadelphia, "</i>
MISS BETTIE REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Wymore, Neb.</i>
WILLIAM N. BURGESS, - - - - -	<i>Bristol, R. I.</i>
GILES S. CONGDON, - - - - -	" "
EDWIN REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Providence, "</i>
MRS. MARY E. REYNOLDS WAITE, - - -	<i>Rutland, Vt.</i>
FREDERICK J. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Toledo, O.</i>
JOHN HUGHES REYNOLDS, - - - - -	<i>Rome, Ga.</i>

List of Those Present at the Fourteenth Reunion.



HARRY C. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Scranton, Pa.
HARRY C. REYNOLDS, JR., - - - - -	" "
REV. WALTER E. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Southampton, "
GILES L. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Philadelphia, "
MRS. GILES L. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
HOWARD I. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
JOHN H. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Rome, Ga.
JOHN P. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Bristol, R. I.
MRS. JOHN P. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MISS ELIZABETH B. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
GILES S. CONGDON, - - - - -	" "
MISS FANNIE D. HOLMES, - - - - -	Westerly, "
JOSEPH G. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Wickford, "
MRS. JOSEPH G. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
STEPHEN B. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MISS GRACE CLARKE, - - - - -	Providence, "
MISS AMY G. PECKHAM, - - - - -	" "
MISS BELLE B. PECKHAM, - - - - -	" "
EDWIN REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MRS. SUSAN C. FOXES, - - - - -	Washington, "
MRS. G. H. FOWLER, - - - - -	Pawtucket, "
MISS MARION G. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Davisville, "
MRS. H. K. WIGHT, - - - - -	Indian Orchard, Mass.
CLARENCE G. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Boston, "
FRANK BUFFINTON, - - - - -	Fall River, "
MISS MARY E. BUFFINTON, - - - - -	" "
MISS CELIA M. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Bennington, Vt.
HENRY D. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	New York, N. Y.
ERNEST W. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
W. MYRON REYNOLDS, M. D., - - - - -	" "
THOMAS A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MRS. THOMAS A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MISS MAME L. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	" "
MRS. VIOLA A. BROMLEY, - - - - -	Brooklyn, "
MISS ALICE C. NILES, - - - - -	Babylon, L. I., "
GEORGE A. REYNOLDS, - - - - -	Hartford, Conn.
FREDERICK F. STREET, - - - - -	" "
MRS. FREDERICK F. STREET, - - - - -	" "
HENRY A. STREET, M. D., - - - - -	New Haven, "
MRS. HENRY A. STREET, - - - - -	" "
MISS ESTHER D. STREET, - - - - -	" "

Published Weekly, except on Sundays, Holidays, and when the
number of pages is less than 16.

Subscription price, Five Dollars per Annum in Advance.
Single Copies, Fifteen Cents.
Entered as Second-Class Matter, October 3, 1917.
Postpaid.
Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in
Act of October 3, 1917, authorized on July 16, 1918.
Published by the American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Subscription orders, notices of change of address, and all other communications should be sent to the Editor, American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

MISS FRANCES L. ROBERTS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>East Hartford, Conn.</i>	
JOHN F. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>North Haven,</i>	"
MRS. JOHN F. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
MISS MARION I. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
WILSON C. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>East Haddam,</i>	"
MISS GERTRUDE P. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
MISS ELSIE B. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
HARRY W. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
EPHRAIM O. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Essex,</i>	"
MRS. EPHRAIM O. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
MISS ANNA M. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
MRS. MARY MOREDOCK DICKINSON,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Mystic,</i>	"
MISS MARY JOSEPHINE DICKINSON,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
MISS MARY GENEVA RATHBUN,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
FRED E. WEBB,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>New London,</i>	"
MRS. FRED E. WEBB,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
MRS. JOSEPH W. DEAN,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
MRS. JOHN M. GRAY,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Ledyard,</i>	"
MRS. SARAH L. REYNOLDS CRANE,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Norwich,</i>	"
JOHN V. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"
MISS IDA E. REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Eagleville,</i>	"
MRS. ADELAIDE R. JOHNSON,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Winsted,</i>	"
MRS. ELLA R. OAKLEY,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Forestville,</i>	"
CHARLES REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Middletown,</i>	"
S. FRANKLIN REYNOLDS,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Montrville,</i>	"
MRS. SYMMES B. HUTCHINSON,	-	-	-	-	-	<i>Trenton, N. J.</i>	
MISS ELIZABETH HUTCHINSON,	-	-	-	-	-	"	"

4415





